Public Document Pack

Kirklees Council



Main Hall - Town Hall, Huddersfield

Tuesday 31 August 2021

Dear Member

The Council will meet on Wednesday 8 September 2021 at 5.30 pm in the Main Hall - Town Hall, Huddersfield.

This meeting will be webcast live and will be available to view via the Council's website.

The following matters will be debated:

Pages

1: Announcements by the Mayor and Chief Executive

To receive any announcements from the Mayor and Chief Executive.

2: Apologies for absence

Group Business Managers to submit any apologies for absence.

3: Minutes of Previous Meeting

1 - 8

To agree and authorise the Mayor to sign the Minutes of Council held on 14 July 2021.

4: Declaration of Interests

The Councillors will be asked to say if there are any items of the Agenda in which they have a Disclosable Pecuniary Interests, which would prevent them from participating in any discussion of them items or participating in any vote upon the items, or any other interests.

5: Petitions (From Members of the Council)

To receive any Petitions from Members of the Council in accordance with Council Procedure Rule 9.

6: Deputations & Petitions (From Members of the Public)

The Committee will receive any petitions and hear any deputations from members of the public. A deputation is where up to five people can attend the meeting and make a presentation on some particular issue of concern. A member of the public can also hand in a petition at the meeting but that petition should relate to something on which the body has powers and responsibilities.

In accordance with Council Procedure Rule 10 (2), Members of the Public should provide at least 24 hours' notice of presenting a deputation.

7: Public Question Time

The Committee will hear any questions from the general public.

8: West Yorkshire Combined Authority - Minutes

11 - 26

To receive the Minutes of the Meeting of West Yorkshire Combined Authority held on 24 June 2021.

9: Resources and Waste Strategy 2021-2030 (Reference 27 - 96 from Cabinet)

To (i) receive a presentation and (ii) consider the adoption of the Kirklees Resource & Waste Strategy 2021-2030.

Contact: Natalie Clark, Environment and Greenspace

10: Financial Outturn Report 2020/21, including Revenue, 97 - 186 Capital, and Housing Revenue Account Outturn Position and Annual Report on Treasury Management (Reference from Cabinet)

To receive the 2020/2021 financial outturn position for General Revenue Fund, Housing Revenue Account and Capital Plan and to consider the revenue and capital rollover from 2020/2021 and 2021/2022.

Contact: James Anderson, Head of Accountancy

11: Committee System Proposal

To consider the report.

Contact: Samantha Lawton, Head of Governance

12: Written Questions to the Leader, Cabinet Members, Chairs of Committees and Nominated Spokespersons

To receive written questions to the Leader, Cabinet Members, Chairs of Committees and Nominated Spokespersons in accordance with Council Procedure Rule 12.

The schedule of written questions will be tabled at the meeting.

187 -192

13: Key Discussion - Covid 19 Recovery

A Key Discussion Debate will take place on the Council's Covid-19 Recovery.

(A presentation will be given prior to the debate).

14: Motion submitted in accordance with Council Procedure Rule 14 as to Mayoral Precept

To consider the following Motion in the names of Councillors Lawson, Marchington and A Smith;

"This Council recognises the regressive nature of taxes raised locally under precepts. For most of those who must pay those taxes, there is no account taken of household income.

We ask, therefore, that Cabinet consider if it is appropriate for the newly elected Mayor of West Yorkshire to use such tax-raising powers for the foreseeable future in the current economic climate."

By Order of the Council

J. Geelman

Chief Executive

Agenda Item 3:

Contact Officer: Andrea Woodside

COUNCIL

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

At the Meeting of the Council of the Borough of Kirklees held at The Main Hall - Town Hall, Huddersfield on Wednesday 14 July 2021

PRESENT

The Mayor (Councillor Nigel Patrick) in the Chair

COUNCILLORS

Councillor Mahmood Akhtar **Councillor Timothy Bamford Councillor Martyn Bolt Councillor Aafaq Butt Councillor Paola Antonia Davies** Councillor Donald Firth Councillor Adam Gregg **Councillor Steve Hall Councillor James Homewood** Councillor Robert Iredale Councillor Viv Kendrick Councillor John Lawson Councillor Fazila Loonat **Councillor Andrew Marchington Councillor Peter McBride** Councillor Matthew McLoughlin Councillor Darren O'Donovan Councillor Mumtaz Hussain Councillor Mussarat Pervaiz **Councillor Andrew Pinnock** Councillor Jackie Ramsav Councillor Mohammad Sarwar **Councillor Joshua Sheard** Councillor Elizabeth Smaje Councillor Richard Smith Councillor Melanie Stephen Councillor Sheikh Ullah **Councillor Lesley Warner** Councillor Paul White

Councillor Karen Allison Councillor Donna Bellamy Councillor Cahal Burke **Councillor Nosheen Dad Councillor Paul Davies** Councillor Eric Firth Councillor David Hall Councillor Erin Hill Councillor Yusra Hussain Councillor Manisha Roma Kaushik Councillor Musarrat Khan Councillor Susan Lee-Richards **Councillor Gwen Lowe Councillor Naheed Mather** Councillor Bernard McGuin Councillor Alison Munro Councillor Shabir Pandor **Councillor Carole Pattison** Councillor Amanda Pinnock Councillor Kath Pinnock **Councillor Elizabeth Reynolds Councillor Cathy Scott** Councillor Will Simpson **Councillor Anthony Smith** Councillor Mohan Sokhal Councillor John Taylor **Councillor Harpreet Uppal Councillor Michael Watson** Councillor Habiban Zaman

22 Announcements by the Mayor and Chief Executive

The Mayor advised Council that 29 mayoral engagements had taken place since the Annual Meeting on 19 May 2021, and invited all Ward Councillors to contact the Mayor's Office with any invitations to events in order to enable engagements to take place across the borough.

23 Apologies for absence

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Ahmed, Armer, Cooper, Greaves, Holmes, Lees-Hamilton, Lukic, Lyons, K Taylor and Thompson.

24 Minutes of Previous Meeting

RESOLVED – That the Minutes of the Meeting of Annual Council held on 19 May 2021 be approved as a correct record subject to the amendment of the resolution of Minute No. 7 to read "...(iii) Council note the request to return to a Committee system ..."

25 Declaration of Interests

No interests were declared.

26 Petitions (From Members of the Council)

No petitions were submitted.

27 Deputations & Petitions (From Members of the Public)

Council received the following deputations;

(i) Clare Walters in regards to the adoption of a new policy for the protection of trees.

A response was provided by the Cabinet Member for Culture and Greener Kirklees (Councillor Simpson)

(ii) Diana Hekt in regards to concerns relating to development within the Kirkheaton area due to the proximity of housing to the Leeds Road Syngenta site.

A response was provided by the Cabinet Member for Regeneration (Councillor McBride).

28 Public Question Time

No questions were asked.

29 West Yorkshire Combined Authority - Minutes

RESOLVED – That the Minutes of the Meeting of West Yorkshire Combined Authority held on 4 February, 9 March and 22 April 2021 be received and noted.

30 Proposed Amendment to Constitution (Reference from Corporate Governance Audit Committee)

It was moved by Councillor J Taylor and seconded by Councillor P A Davies that;

"That Council approve the recommendation of Corporate Governance and Audit Committee held on 25 June 2021 to adopt an amendment to Council Procedure Rule 35, whereby the Council shall not appoint the Leader, the Deputy Leader or any Members of Cabinet to the membership of Strategic Planning Committee or Sub Committees.

The Motion, upon being put to the vote, was not carried.

RESOLVED – That the Motion not be carried.

31 Network Rail - Trans-Pennine Route Upgrade Transport and Works Act Order Submission: Council Response

Council received a presentation from Tim Lawrence, Transport Strategy and Policy Manager regarding the Council's response to Network Rail's Transport and Works Act Order Application – Transpennine Route Upgrade Huddersfield to Westtown (Dewsbury).

It was moved by Councillor Pandor, seconded by Councillor E Firth and

RESOLVED – That Council endorses the response made to the Secretary of State, as set out in Appendix 1 of the considered report, as an objection to the Transport and Works Order application, for the purposes of Section 239 of the Local Government Act 1972.

32 Written Questions to the Leader, Cabinet Members, Chairs of Committees and Nominated Spokespersons

Under the provisions of Council Procedure Rule 12, Council received the following written questions;

- Question by Councillor Lawson to the Cabinet Member for Regeneration (Councillor McBride)

"Given the scale of the application at Whitehall Road, Cleckheaton, for a distribution warehouse and the amount of associated documents, will Council be appointing a separate officer to the case officer to guide groups and individuals through their questions and advise on protocols?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Lawson to the Leader of the Council (Councillor Pandor)

"What is the Council advice for staff and service users on the use of masks after the 19th July?"

The Leader replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Munro to the Cabinet Member for Regeneration (Councillor McBride)

"As the Council moves towards circular economies how do they envisage areas such as Lepton and Fenay Bridge will become sustainable in the future, when the area is losing so much of its agricultural land to housing?" The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Munro to the Cabinet Member for Children's Services (Councillor Kendrick)

"Following the vandalism at Tolson Museum and damage to the WW1 soldier memorial last week which follows recent vandalism to a shop front on Northgate in Almondbury, please can you tell me if more provision can be made for young people in Almondbury?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Burke to the Cabinet Member for Learning, Aspiration and Communities (Councillor Pattison)

"The Ofsted Chief Inspector has warned that the rise in home-schooling during the coronavirus pandemic could "seriously derail" efforts to catch-up on children's missed education.

How will the Cabinet Member ensure that disadvantaged children in Kirklees will get the help they need to catch up?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Burke to the Cabinet Member for Housing and Democracy (Councillor Scott)

"Please provide an update on how the integration of KNH into the Council has improved joined up working between Homes & Neighbourhoods and other council departments and services."

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Burke to the Cabinet Member for Housing and Democracy (Councillor Scott)

"What progress has been made with the Council's promise to improve tenant engagement and ensure the tenants voice is heard in decision making following the integration of KNH into the Council?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor A Smith to the Cabinet Member for Housing and Democracy (Councillor Scott)

"Please provide details of any additional costs incurred or savings made to date, and any future costs or savings anticipated as a result of the integration of KNH into the Council." The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor A Smith to the Cabinet Member for Housing and Democracy (Councillor Scott)

"Please outline what impact, if any, there has been on staff retention following the integration of KNH into the Council."

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor J Taylor to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"When will the weekend night-time noise nuisance service resume?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor J Taylor to the Cabinet Member for Learning, Aspiration and Communities (Councillor Pattison)

"How important is it that our children reach the agreed swimming standards of safety whilst at their first schools?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor J Taylor to the Cabinet Member for Culture and Greener Kirklees (Councillor Simpson)

"Prior to the pandemic, a public consultation exercise was undertaken about the new museum in Huddersfield. Isn't it about time some feedback was provided?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Bellamy to the Cabinet Member for Corporate Services (Councillor P Davies)

"Do you think that the Council's administration of the government's covid business grant scheme was executed correctly, and that the moneys were allocated to the correct businesses?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Bellamy to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"How many bin collections have been missed due to access issues during the period of covid restrictions?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor McGuin to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"A freedom of information request about the cost of the barrier on Castle Hill was not answered in the correct time span. Eventually information was given on where to find the answer. Why did the Council hide what was a "good news story?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

Question by Councillor Gregg to the Leader of the Council (Councillor Pandor)

"Does the Leader of the Council agree that this Council should do everything it can to support, sustain and promote our vibrant town centres?"

The Leader replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Gregg to the Leader of the Council (Councillor Pandor)

"Please could the Leader of the Council give an indication of when the new Queensgate multi-storey car park will be built?"

The Leader replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor D Hall to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"When will Batley & Spen get its fair share of the Council's road funding?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor D Hall to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"When can we expect a blitz on pot-holes?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor D Hall to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"What will you do to expand and improve the Spen Valley Greenway?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor D Hall to the Cabinet Member for Environment (Councillor Mather)

"How will you make it easier for people to get speed cameras and traffic calming?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor D Hall to the Leader of the Council (Councillor Pandor)

"When will the Neighbourhood Management Groups be re-convened?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

- Question by Councillor Lukic to the Cabinet Member for Town Centres (Councillor E Firth)

"Why did your administration bring back parking charges in Dewsbury when the town centre is on its knees, and what are your future plans for car parking?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

Question by Councillor Lukic to the Cabinet Member for Town Centres (Councillor E Firth)

"Following the national football team's success at reaching the final of Euro 2020, will you ensure that the proposed event space in the Dewsbury Market redevelopment will offer a large screen and catering facilities for the town to enjoy occasions of local and national importance?"

The Cabinet Member replied thereto.

33 Minutes of Cabinet and Cabinet Committee - Local issues Item not considered (due to time constraints).

34 Holding the Executive to Account Item not considered (due to time constraints).

35 Minutes of Other Committees Item not considered (due to time constraints).

36 Oral Questions to Committee/Sub Committee/Panel Chairs and Nominated Spokespersons of Joint Committees/External Bodies Item not considered (due to time constraints). This page is intentionally left blank

CO Name of Councillor Item in which you have an interest in in	KIRKLEES COUNCIL DUNCIL/CABINET/COMMITTEE M DECLARATION OF INTERI DECLARATION OF INTERI Council Type of interest (eg a disclosable pecuniary interest or an "Other interest or an "Other have an intercondinated interest") Interest ") Interest ") Notific the iten have an intercondination of interest or an "Other have an intercondinated interest"	KIRKLEES COUNCIL KIRKLEES COUNCIL COUNCIL/CABINET/COMMITTEE MEETINGS ETC DECLARATION OF INTERESTS COUNCIL COUNCIL/CABINET/COMMITTEE MEETINGS ETC DECLARATION OF INTERESTS COUNCIL Interest colspan="2">COUNCIL Interest colspan="2">COUNCIL Interest co	C Brief description of your interest
Signed:	Dated:		

Agenda Item 4:

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests
If you have any of the following pecuniary interests, they are your disclosable pecuniary interests under the new national rules. Any reference to spouse or civil partner includes any person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or as if they were your civil partner.
Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain, which you, or your spouse or civil partner, undertakes.
Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from your council or authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by you in carrying out duties as a member, or towards your election expenses.
 Any contract which is made between you, or your spouse or your civil partner (or a body in which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, has a beneficial interest) and your council or authority - under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and which has not been fully discharged.
Any beneficial interest in land which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, have and which is within the area of your council or authority.
Any licence (alone or jointly with others) which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, holds to occupy land in the area of your council or authority for a month or longer.
Any tenancy where (to your knowledge) - the landlord is your council or authority; and the tenant is a body in which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, has a beneficial interest.
Any beneficial interest which you, or your spouse or your civil partner has in securities of a body where - (a) that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of your council or authority; and (b) either -
the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body: or
if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

NOTES

Agenda Item 8:



MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE WEST YORKSHIRE COMBINED AUTHORITY HELD ON THURSDAY, 24 JUNE 2021 AT CIVIC HALL, LEEDS

Present:

Mayor Tracy Brabin (Chair) Councillor Susan Hinchcliffe Councillor Stewart Golton (Substitute) Councillor James Lewis Sir Roger Marsh OBE DL

Councillor Shabir Pandor Councillor Rebecca Poulsen Councillor Matthew Robinson Councillor Tim Swift MBE

In attendance:

Councillor Peter Harrand Ben Still Caroline Allen Melanie Corcoran Dave Pearson Alan Reiss Angela Taylor Ruth Chaplin West Yorkshire Combined Authority Bradford Council Leeds City Council Leeds City Council Leeds City Region Local Enterprise Partnership Kirklees Council Bradford Council Leeds City Council Calderdale Council

Chair, Overview & Scrutiny Committee West Yorkshire Combined Authority West Yorkshire Combined Authority

1. West Yorkshire Mayor

The Mayor welcomed everyone to the first meeting of the Combined Authority following the West Yorkshire mayoral elections in May 2021.

The Mayor thanked and paid tribute to the outgoing Chair, Councillor Hinchcliffe and the Members of the Combined Authority for all their significant achievements which included securing the devolution deal. This had provided new powers and responsibilities, unlocking more than £1.8 billion in investment for West Yorkshire and Members were reminded of the 10 mayoral pledges to build a strong and successful economy in West Yorkshire by investing in areas such as transport, skills, housing and regeneration.

Sir Roger Marsh was congratulated by the Mayor and Members on his recent knighthood and Councillor Matthew Robinson was welcomed to his first

meeting of the Authority.

2. Membership of the West Yorkshire Combined Authority

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services in respect of the following:

- The election of the West Yorkshire Mayor and the appointment of Combined Authority Members and Substitute Combined Authority Members to the West Yorkshire Combined Authority (the Combined Authority) by the Constituent Councils (the West Yorkshire councils) and the Non-Constituent Council (the City of York Council).
- The Mayor's appointment of a Deputy Mayor.
- The appointment of the Leeds City Region Local Enterprise Partnership Combined Authority Member and Substitute LEP Member to the Combined Authority.
- Granting of voting rights to the Non-Constituent Council Combined Authority Member and to the LEP Member (and their Substitutes).

The membership of the Combined Authority, including the appointments made by the Constituent Councils to the Combined Authority, and the Non-Constituent Council was attached at Appendix 1 to the submitted report.

Resolved:

- (a) That the Combined Authority notes the appointments set out in Appendix 1 of the submitted report for:
 - the election of the Mayor;
 - the appointment by the Mayor of Councillor James Lewis as the Deputy Mayor;
 - the appointment of Constituent Combined Authority Members and their Substitutes by the Constituent Councils;
 - the appointment of the Non-Constituent Council Member and Substitute by York City Council.
- (b) That Roger Marsh be appointed as the LEP Member of the Combined Authority, and Mark Roberts as Substitute LEP Member.
- (c) That the Non-Constituent Council Combined Authority Member may exercise one vote as follows:
 - on the Leeds City Region Partnership Committee (an advisory committee), and
 - at any other Combined Authority meeting (including any decisionmaking committee or sub-committee to which the Non-Constituent Council Combined Authority Member is appointed) only in respect of any decision which gives rise to a direct and significant financial liability for the Non-Constituent Council.
- (d) That the Substitute Non-Constituent Council Combined Authority

Member may exercise the voting rights granted to the Non-Constituent Council Combined Authority Member, when acting in the absence of the Non-Constituent Council Member.

- (e) That the LEP Member may vote at any meeting of the Combined Authority (including any committee or sub-committee to which the LEP Member is appointed) on any decision, subject to the following exceptions:
 - decision-making in relation to budget and levy setting; and
 - the adoption of any implementation plans appended to the Local Transport Plan which relate specifically to the Combined Authority's area (that is, West Yorkshire).
- (f) That the Substitute LEP Member may exercise the voting rights granted to the LEP Member, when acting in the absence of the LEP Member.

3. Apologies for Absence

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Denise Jeffery, John Lawson and Andrew Waller.

4. Declarations of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

Tracy Brabin declared a disclosable pecuniary interest in relation to Agenda Item 13, Members Allowances Scheme. She advised that Councillor Lewis, Deputy Mayor, would be asked to take the chair and she would take no part in the discussion or determining of this item.

5. Exclusion of the Press and Public

There were no items on the agenda that required the exclusion of the press and public.

6. Minutes of the Meeting of the Combined Authority held on 22 April 2021

Resolved: That the minutes of the meeting of the West Yorkshire Combined Authority held on 22 April 2021 be approved.

7. Committee Arrangements and Appointments

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services in respect of committee arrangements and appointments.

- To appoint committees of the West Yorkshire Combined Authority (the Combined Authority).
- To appoint or co-opt members onto the Combined Authority's committees.
- To appoint the Chairs and Deputy Chairs of committees of the Combined Authority.

- To grant voting rights to some members of the Combined Authority's committees.
- To agree portfolio arrangements.
- To note that Inclusivity Leads will be designated on thematic committees and on the Finance, Resources and Corporate Committee.
- To appoint Independent Persons.

It was reported that since publication of the agenda papers, the following outstanding appointments and nominations had been confirmed:

- (i) The appointment of Councillor Susan Hinchcliffe as the Chair, Councillor Tim Swift as Deputy Chair and Councillor Matthew Robinson as a member of the Governance & Audit Committee.
- (ii) The appointment of Helen Featherstone as Deputy Chair of the Culture, Arts & Creative Industries Committee.
- (iii) The appointment of Councillor Shabir Pandor as Chair of the Business Investment Panel.
- (iv) The appointment of Councillor Martyn Bolt (Kirklees) as the leader of the opposition on Transport Committee.
- (v) Councillor Neil Walshaw to replace Councillor Kayleigh Brooks on the Climate, Energy & Environment Committee.
- (vi) Councillor Kayleigh Brooks to replace Councillor Neil Walshaw on the Employment & Skills Committee.
- (vii) It was also agreed that in order to secure private sector representation on the Leeds City Region Partnership Committee that the LEP Member (Sir Roger Marsh) and the Chair of the York and North Yorkshire LEP be added as voting members.

In respect of scrutiny arrangements, the following appointments were confirmed:

(viii) Corporate Scrutiny Committee

Chair: Councillor Peter Harrand Kirklees Council have nominated Councillor Andrew Cooper as a member.

(ix) <u>Transport Scrutiny Committee</u>

Chair: Councillor Amanda Parsons-Hulse Kirklees Council have nominated Councillor Anthony Smith as a member.

The Authority agreed all the recommendations including the outstanding appointments, nominations and amendments outlined in (i) – (ix) above. Any

further nominations or changes to membership would be reported to the next meeting.

Members discussed the forthcoming internal review of the Transport Committee. It was reported that this would be undertaken during the summer and that terms of reference and scope would be shared in advance. Members asked that the findings be reported at the earliest opportunity.

Resolved:

- (a) That, in relation to appointment of committees -
 - (i) That the following statutory committees be appointed with the terms of reference set out in the relevant appendix attached to the submitted report:
 - Governance and Audit Committee (Appendix 1)
 - Corporate Scrutiny Committee (Appendix 2)
 - Economic Scrutiny Committee (Appendix 3)
 - Transport Scrutiny Committee (Appendix 4)
 - (ii) That the Finance, Resources and Corporate Committee be appointed with the terms of reference set out in Appendix 5.
 - (iii) That the following thematic committees be appointed with the terms of reference set out in the relevant appendix attached to the submitted report:
 - Business, Economy and Innovation Committee (Appendix 6)
 - Climate, Energy and Environment Committee (Appendix 7)
 - Culture, Arts and Creative Industries Committee (Appendix 8)
 - Employment and Skills Committee (Appendix 9)
 - Place, Regeneration and Housing Committee (Appendix 10)
 - Transport Committee (Appendix 11)
 - (iv) That the following advisory committees be appointed with the terms of reference set out in the relevant appendix attached to the submitted report:
 - Business Investment Panel (Appendix 12)
 - Leeds City Region Partnership Committee (Appendix 13).
- (b) In relation to the appointment of committee members -
 - That the Combined Authority appoints its members to the Governance and Audit Committee, as set out in Appendix 14 together with Joanna Wardman and Debbie Simpson as Independent Members of the Governance and Audit Committee

for this municipal year.

- (ii) That the Combined Authority members set out in Appendix 14 be appointed to:
 - the Finance, Resources and Corporate Committee
 - each of the thematic committees
 - the Business Investment Panel
 - the Leeds City Region Partnership Committee.
- (iii) That the members as set out in Appendix 14 and substitutes as set out in paragraph 2 of the report be appointed to the overview and scrutiny committees.
- (iv) That the Combined Authority co-opts members to its committees as set out in Appendix 14, and in addition appoint a substitute for each Co-optee on the Leeds City Region Partnership Committee, as set out in paragraph 2 of the submitted report.
- (c) In relation to voting rights for committee members, (in addition to any Combined Authority Member exercising one vote) -
 - (i) That any Independent Member of the Governance and Audit Committee shall be a voting member of that committee.
 - (ii) That it be noted that any member of a Constituent Council appointed to an overview and scrutiny committee has one vote and the Authority resolves that this may be exercised in their absence by their substitute.
 - (iii) That any Co-optee from a Constituent Council on any ordinary decision-making committee (including any thematic committee) shall be a voting member of that committee (and of any subcommittee to which they may be appointed by that committee).
 - (iv) That any Co-optee who is Deputy Chair of a committee shall be a voting member of that committee (and of any sub-committee to which they may be appointed by that committee).
 - (v) That any Co-optee on the Leeds City Region Partnership Committee shall be a voting member of that committee and that a vote may be exercised in their absence by their substitute.
- (d) That the Chairs and Deputy Chairs to committees, as set out in Appendix 14 be appointed.
- (e) That the portfolio arrangements as set out in paragraph 2 of the submitted report be approved.
- (f) That the appointments of a Lead Member, Public Transport, a Lead Member, Active Travel on Transport Committee and a leader of the

opposition for the committee, as set out in Appendix 14 be approved.

- (g) That each thematic committee designates an Inclusivity Lead.
- (h) That Ian Brown and Carolyn Lord continue as Independent Persons in relation to complaints concerning allegations of a breach of the Combined Authority's Members' Code of Conduct on the existing terms for remuneration, until the Combined Authority's annual meeting in 2022.
- (i) That the outstanding appointments, nominations and amendments set out in (i) (ix) of minute 7 above be approved.
- (j) That the terms of reference for the forthcoming internal review of the Transport Committee be circulated to Members.

8. Officer Arrangements

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services in respect of the Combined Authority's Officer Delegation Scheme for Non-Mayoral Functions and the Officer Codes of Conduct.

Resolved:

- (a) That the Officer Delegation Scheme in relation to Non-Mayoral Functions attached at Appendix 1 to the submitted report be approved.
- (b) That the Officer Codes of Conduct set out in Appendices 2 and 3 of the submitted report be approved.

9. Appointment of Deputy Mayor for Policing & Crime and Arrangements for PCC Functions

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services on the appointment of a Deputy Mayor for Policing and Crime and the Mayor's arrangements for PCC Functions.

It was reported that since publication of the agenda papers, Alison Lowe had been confirmed by the Police and Crime Panel as the first Deputy Mayor for Policing and Crime (DMPC) in West Yorkshire and would start in August 2021. Details of the appointment had been published in the Police and Crime Panel's papers which would also be published on the West Yorkshire Police and Crime Panel's website.

The Mayor expressed her thanks to Mark Burns-Williamson for his help and on-going support with the new PCC arrangements to ensure a smooth transition over the next three months.

Resolved:

(a) That the appointment of Alison Lowe as the Deputy Mayor for Policing

and Crime be noted.

(b) That the Mayor's arrangements for PCC Functions, as set out in Appendices 1, 2 and 3 of the submitted report be noted.

10. Constitutional Arrangements

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services on constitutional arrangements.

It was noted that the Combined Authority had previously agreed to adopt a formal Constitution and this had been amended to reflect the revised committee arrangements and further amendments for clarity and updating. The Constitution documents were attached at Appendices 1 - 5 of the submitted report.

Resolved: That the Constitution documents attached to the submitted report be approved.

11. Representation on Outside Bodies

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services regarding Combined Authority representation on outside bodies.

Resolved: That the appointments to the outside bodies for the municipal year 2021/22 as detailed in Appendix 1 to the submitted report be approved.

12. Corporate Governance Code & Framework

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services in respect of the Corporate Governance Code and Framework and the Annual Governance Statement for inclusion in the annual statutory accounts.

Resolved:

- (a) That the Corporate Governance Code and Framework be noted.
- (b) That the Annual Governance Statement be endorsed.

13. Members' Allowances Scheme

Tracy Brabin declared a disclosable pecuniary interest in relation to Agenda Item 13, Members Allowances Scheme. Councillor James Lewis, Deputy Mayor, took the Chair and the Mayor took no part in the discussion or determining of this item.

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services in respect of the Members' Allowances Scheme.

In response to a question raised, it was noted that The West Yorkshire

Combined Authority Order 2014 precluded members of the Combined Authority receiving an allowance.

Resolved: That the Members' Allowances Scheme, attached as Appendix 1 to the submitted report, be adopted for the municipal year 2021-2022.

14. Scrutiny Annual Report

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services on the scrutiny annual report 2020/21.

The report provided a summary and highlighted the work undertaken by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee during the 2020/21 municipal year and Councillor Harrand thanked officers for their support over the last 12 months.

Members discussed the rationale, benefit and importance of the three new committees which had been established to cover corporate, economic and transport scrutiny. It was noted that broadening scrutiny had been one of the elements of the devolution deal. It was considered that the increase in scrutiny membership would provide more transparency and broaden engagement. It was confirmed that a review of the new arrangements would be undertaken and a report prepared for a future meeting of the Authority.

Resolved: That the annual report summarising the work undertaken by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee in 2020/21 be noted.

15. Calendar of Meetings

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Corporate and Commercial Services setting out a proposed calendar of meetings for 2021/22.

Resolved:

- (a) That the dates of meetings for the LEP Board as agreed by the LEP Board at its annual meeting be noted.
- (b) That the calendar of meetings of the Combined Authority, its committees and sub-committees for 2021/22, as detailed in Appendix 1 to the submitted report, be approved.

16. Bus Reform - Next Steps

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Transport and Property Services on bus reform and the next steps.

Members discussed a proposal to start the process of introducing a bus franchising scheme into West Yorkshire and details of the next steps to deliver the Mayoral pledge to bring buses back into public control were set out in the submitted report. Such a scheme would enable the Mayor to define routes, fares and service levels to make bus services more affordable, accessible and improve connections between communities. A copy of the 'Notice To Prepare An Assessment of the Need for a Franchising Scheme' was attached at Appendix 1.

It was noted that the statutory process leading to a formal decision being taken on franchising would take some time and the franchise assessment would be subject to public consultation. Therefore, in the interim, it was proposed to establish an Enhanced Partnership with operators which would deliver earlier improvements and provide a better bus service for passengers . Members discussed the proposal which would give access to Government funding next year. A copy of the 'Notice of Intent for the Enhanced Partnership' was attached at Appendix 2. A Bus Service Improvement Plan has to be developed in partnership with the operators and submitted as part of the bidding process by October 2021 and the Authority endorsed the vision and objectives for the Plan as set out in the submitted report. A further report would be brought to a future meeting.

The current position in respect of the emergency funding issued by Government to bus operators and Local Transport Authorities during the pandemic was noted. The Government had advised that further funding will be available to support the recovery of bus fare revenues for September 2021 until March 2022. The Authority was advised that details of the value and mechanism of the funding were still awaited and Members discussed and endorsed the principles for deploying emergency funding for the remainder of the year which were outlined in the submitted report. A report would be prepared for a future meeting when further details had been received from the Government.

The importance of devolving all public transport including rail to the regions was also highlighted and a report would be brought to a future meeting.

Members voted on the recommendations of the report with the following results:

For:	7
Against:	0
Abstentions:	2

The recommendations were therefore carried.

Resolved:

- (a) That the publication of the Notice To Prepare An Assessment of the Need for a Franchising Scheme be approved.
- (b) That the publication of the Notice of Intent for the Enhanced Partnership be approved.
- (c) That the Combined Authority notes the Government's publication of the National Bus Strategy and the requirement for the Bus Service Improvement Plan and endorses the vision and objectives for the Plan as set out in the submitted report.

(d) That the approach to the deployment of emergency funding for bus services for the remainder of 2021/22 as set out in the submitted report be endorsed pending further guidance from Government.

17. West Yorkshire Investment Strategy

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Strategy, Communications and Policing on the West Yorkshire Investment Strategy.

It was noted that the Strategy had been updated in light of the Mayor's pledges and sets out the priorities that will guide how gainshare and the other funds that form part of the Single Investment Fund (SIF) are spent. A copy of the revised Strategy was attached at Appendix 1.

Members discussed the SIF which brought together existing growth funding with the new funding streams secured as part of the devolution agreement. It was suggested that for transparency, gainshare statements could be considered as part of the future scrutiny function. Further information in respect of the funding included within the SIF and the remaining timescale of the funding secured through the City Deal for the West Yorkshire plus Transport Fund would be clarified in future reports to Members.

Resolved: That the West Yorkshire Investment Strategy be endorsed.

18. Initial Funding Priorities

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Strategy, Communications and Policing on initial funding priorities.

The linkages between the Mayoral pledges and the Authority's objectives were set out. Members noted the areas that require immediate investment and action which had been identified to support the Authority's objectives linked to the priorities of the West Yorkshire Investment Strategy.

The Authority approved in principle some funding from gainshare to enable development work to be undertaken in the key priority areas of bus, culture, good work standard and skills. Details were outlined in the submitted report and it was agreed that approval for programmes to pass through Decision Point 2 of the Assurance Framework be delegated to the Finance, Resources and Corporate Committee.

Resolved:

- (a) That the Combined Authority indicatively approves funding from the Single Investment Fund to enable progress to be made in key priority areas, with full approval to spend being granted once the project has progressed through the assurance process in line with the Combined Authority's Assurance Process. The indicative funding requested is:
 - £500k to support scheme development relating to culture and creative industries.
 - £1m to provide initial resources required to undertake an

assessment relating to Bus Franchising.

- £600k over three years to develop, launch and embed a West Yorkshire Good Work Standard
- £500k to support scheme development relating to employment and skills support for 16-30 year olds.
- (b) That the approval for programmes to pass through Decision Point 2, totalling no more than £2.6m of funding from the Single Investment Fund be delegated to the Finance, Resources and Corporate Committee.

19. Capital Spending & Project Approvals

The Combined Authority considered a report of the Director of Delivery on capital spending and project approvals.

Members noted the progress and funding for a number of schemes through the Combined Authority's assurance process which were outlined in the submitted report. These had been approved by the Investment Committee on 5 May 2021 and 8 June 2021 and included:

- The Transforming Cities Fund Programme Review 2021
- Intra City Fund Capacity Funding
- Real Time Information System
- East Leeds Demand Responsive Transport
- Leeds City Region Growth Services

In addition, it was noted that the following decision points and change requests had been assessed and approved through the agreed delegation process:

- Wakefield City Centre Package Phase 2: Ings Road
- Beech Hill Phase 2, Halifax
- A61 North Corridor: Scott Hall Road
- Net Zero Region Accelerator
- Health Innovation Support
- Entrepreneurship Package of Support
- TCF: Skipton Railway Station Gateway Active Travel Improvement Scheme
- TCF: Harrogate Rail Station Gateway Active Travel Improvement Scheme
- Steeton and Silsden Crossing

Details of all the schemes were provided in the submitted report.

Resolved:

(a) In respect of the Transforming Cities Fund Programme Review –

That following a recommendation from the Investment Committee, the Combined Authority approves:

- (i) That the progress made in the delivery of the TCF programme be noted, in particular the key messages presented on milestones, finances and risks.
- (ii) That a further TCF Programme review is conducted over the next six months to report back to Committee in January 2022. This should consider opportunities to phase projects and accelerate delivery of schemes and associated spend.
- (iii) That partners develop plans to phase delivery of projects where possible to accelerate delivery to not only maximise spend but also deliver earlier benefits to users by March 2023.
- (iv) That the guiding principles around allocation of the remaining risk/contingency and inflation are noted.
- (v) That the changes to Indicative Funding Allocations set out in Appendix 2 to the submitted report be approved.
- (vi) That the £2.760 million uplift in Programme Management budget to £7.690 million to reflect the larger high scenario programme being delivered and anticipated longer timescales for delivery (set out in Appendix 2) be approved.
- (vii) That a further allocation of £1 million programme development funding be approved, to be overseen by the TCF Portfolio Board and approved by delegation to the Combined Authority's Managing Director (who in turn will delegate to the Director of Delivery, and who will then take decisions taking on board the views of the TCF Portfolio Board – which comprises officers from all the authorities with TCF schemes).
- (viii) That the following development funding be approved:
 - •Huddersfield Trinity St Access Improvements £103,773
 - •Huddersfield Rail Station Access £76,679
 - •A61 Bus, Cycle and Walking Improvements £79,990
 - •Wakefield City Centre Bus, Cycle and Walking Improvements -£172,226
 - •A639 Bus, Cycle and Walking Improvements £110,000
 - •York Tadcaster Road Corridor Improvement Scheme £64,355
- (b) In respect of the Intra City Fund Capacity Fund –

That following a recommendation from the Investment Committee, the Combined Authority approves:

 That the Intra City Fund Capacity Funding scheme proceeds through decision point 1 (Pipeline Identification and Gateway Assessment) and work commences on activity 2 (Strategic Outline Case).

- (ii) That an indicative approval to the Combined Authority's contribution of £7.400 million (which will be funded from the DfT Intra City Fund Capacity Fund) be given.
- (iii) That development costs of £3 million are approved in order to progress the scheme to decision point 2 (Strategic Outline Case).
- (iv) That the Combined Authority enters into any Funding Agreements required with our Partner Councils for expenditure of up to £0.500 million from the DfT Intra City Fund Capacity Fund.
- (v) That future approvals are made in accordance with the assurance pathway and approval route outlined in the submitted report. This will be subject to the scheme remaining within the tolerances outlined in the report.
- (c) In respect of the Real Time Information System -

That following a recommendation of the Investment Committee, the Combined Authority approves, subject to the conditions set by the Programme Appraisal Team:

- (i) That the Real Time information System scheme proceeds through decision point 4 (full business case) and work commences on activity 5 (delivery).
- (ii) That approval to the Combined Authority's contribution of £1.404 million (which will be funded from capital receipts or the Local Transport Plan (Integrated Transport Block) be given. The total scheme value is £2.376 million.
- (iii) That future approvals are made in accordance with the assurance pathway and approval route outlined in the submitted report. This will be subject to the scheme remaining within the tolerances outlined in the report.
- (iv) The following conditions have been set by the Programme Appraisal Team to gain Approval to Proceed to Delivery:
 - 1. The total scheme cost is within those set out in the FBC approval.
 - 2. Confirmation that capital receipts or Local Transport Plan (LTP) funding is available.
 - 3. Confirmation of match funding from South Yorkshire Passenger Transport Executive (SYPTE).
 - 4. Confirmation that a project board has been set up and met and that a Project Manager has been appointed.
 - 5. Confirmation of maintenance / revenue costs and how these will be funded.
- (d) In respect of East Leeds Demand Responsive Transport (DRT) -

That following a recommendation from the Investment Committee, the Combined Authority approves:

- (i) That approval to the Combined Authority's contribution for the capital cost of the electric buses of £1.544 million (which will be funded through £1.160 million from the Leeds Public Transport Investment fund and £0.384 million from the Local Transport Plan fund) be given.
- (ii) That, subject to the conditions set by the Programme Appraisal Team, the Combined Authority approves:
 - 1. That the East Leeds DRT scheme proceeds through decision point 4 (full business case) and work commences on activity 5 (delivery).
 - 2. That approval to the Combined Authority's contribution of £1.334 million (which will be funded through £0.357 million from the Local Transport Plan fund, £0.753 million from the DfT Better Deal for Bus Users fund, £0.177 million from fare revenue and a contingency of £0.047 million identified from the tendered bus service budget) be given. The total scheme value is £3.400 million including revenue costs.
 - 3. That future approvals are made in accordance with the assurance pathway and approval route outlined in the submitted report. This will be subject to the scheme remaining within the tolerances outlined in the report.
- (iii) The following conditions have been set by the Programme Appraisal Team to gain Approval to Proceed to Delivery:
 - 1. The total scheme cost is within those set out in the FBC approval.
 - 2. Confirmation that the Monitoring and Evaluation plan for the scheme has been developed and sets out what success means to allow the decision to be made on whether this trial should be extended beyond the initial 18 months.
- (iv) The following conditions have been set by the Programme Appraisal Team before the trial is extended beyond 18 months:
 - Confirmation that the £0.297 million from Leeds City Council Supplementary Planning Document contributions and £0.225 million from Leeds City Council Section 106 contributions have been secured.
- (e) In respect of the Leeds City Region Growth Service –

That following a recommendation from the Investment Committee, the Combined Authority approves:

(i) That the change request to the Growth Service Programme to

extend the delivery timescales to March 2023 and formal acceptance of £1.062 million of additional funding and approval of Combined Authority's contribution of £0.802 million, including the interim underwriting of the BEIS contribution from other combined authority resources, pending the Autumn 2021 budget outcome.

(ii) That future approvals are made in accordance with the assurance pathway and approval route outlined in the submitted report. This will be subject to the scheme remaining within the tolerances outlined in the report.

20. Minutes for Information

The Combined Authority noted the minutes of the committees and panels that have been published on the West Yorkshire Combined Authority's website since the last meeting.

Resolved: That the minutes of the Combined Authority's committees and panels be noted.



Name of meeting: Council Date: 8th September 2021 Title of report: Kirklees Resources & Waste Strategy 2021-2030

Purpose of report: To inform Council of the outcome of the public engagement exercise and endorse the Kirklees Resource & Waste Strategy 2021-30 for adoption.

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Yes Significant investment will be required to deliver the proposed changes and is a service which will affect every ward.
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's Forward</u> Plan (key decisions and private reports)?	Key Decision – Yes, published 25 th June 2021 Private Report/Private Appendix – No
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	Yes Presented to Economy & Neighbourhoods Scrutiny Panel 13 th July 2021
Date signed off by <u>Strategic Director</u> & name	Sue Procter (on behalf of Colin Parr) – 25 th August 2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance?	Eamonn Croston – 23 rd August 2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning?	Julie Muscroft – 12 th August 2021
Cabinet member <u>portfolio</u>	Cllr Naheed Mather – Environment & Cllr Will Simpson – Cleaner & Greener Kirklees

Electoral wards affected: All

Ward councillors consulted: All - party briefings conducted throughout November/December 2020

Public or private: Public

Has GDPR been considered? N/A

1. Summary

- 1.1 The Kirklees Resource & Waste Strategy 2021-30 is being proposed for endorsement and adoption.
- 1.2 The strategy has been developed following feedback from a comprehensive public engagement exercise in Autumn 2020 which was the most successful public engagement exercise undertaken by the council with almost 8000 responses. The findings from this engagement can be found at Appendix One.
- 1.3 The strategy will form part of the Council's Policy Framework (Article 4 of the Council's Constitution) and so requires full Council to approve and adopt the Strategy.

Background

- 1.4 The strategy is included alongside this report (Appendix Two) which sets out how we aim to achieve our vision of "a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees with zero waste to landfill and where waste is valued as a resource through re-use, recycling, and recovery."
- 1.5 The strategy's key aims are:
 - To work with residents, businesses and communities in a way that works for them, using a Place based approach which is engaging, straightforward and visible.
 - Achieve a recycling rate of at least 70% at our Household Waste & Recycling Centres by 2025.
 - Double our recycling rate and recycle at least 55% of municipal waste by 2025.
 - Reuse or recycle as much of the resources collected via our bulky waste collections as possible.
 - Ensure that the environment across the district delivers our vision of a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees.
 - Lead by example and set a precedent of good practice to reduce waste, reuse materials, and increase recycling.
- 1.6 To achieve this, the strategy is comprised of three thematic sections:

Delivering Modern, sustainable services

This section sets out how we will enable our residents and businesses to reduce, reuse, and recycle as much of their waste as possible by delivering the modern, sustainable services, which are listed below:

- Engagement and Communication
- Recycling & Waste Collections
- Waste Disposal
- Household Waste & Recycling Centres
- Bulky Waste Collection Service
- Bring Sites
- Landfill Sites
- Our Cleaner Environment
- Commercial Waste Service

Leading by Example

This section sets out our ambition to set a precedent of good practice by improving our own facilities and working practices across all our operations to lead the way to reduce waste, reuse materials, and increase recycling and consists of the following areas:

Council Facilities

- Catering
- Venues & Events
- Kirklees Homes and Neighbourhoods
- National Initiatives
- Our People

Supporting Kirklees Families & Ensuring Inclusion

In Kirklees, we want to make sure we provide support to those families who need it, and the Recycling and Waste Service offers this in a variety of different ways. This section sets out how we intend to provide support and covers the following areas:

- Supporting Kirklees Families
- Ensuring Equality
- Environmental Impact

Ongoing Monitoring

1.7 In order to oversee the progress of the strategy and track the outcomes and benefits, ongoing monitoring will be established which will include developing and defining service performance measures. We will continually monitor and measure progress of the action plan and conduct and publish a 5-year review of this strategy in 2026.

Action Plan

1.8 This section of the strategy sets out our action plan for the duration of the strategy and when we plan to achieve each of the initiatives set out. This includes a number of initiatives which will be delivered in the strategy's first year:

12-month pledge

Over the next 12 months, the strategy will deliver the following:

- A new recycling collection to our commercial waste service
- New measures to tackle fly tipping
- Food Waste Workshops
- A Recycling Champions scheme
- A reuse shop in Huddersfield
- A composting scheme
- Improved litter facilities
- A new bulky waste collection system
- Commence a trial on glass collections at kerbside

National Resources and Waste Strategy and the Environment Bill

1.9 The strategy replicates many aspects of those detailed in DEFRA's national Resources and Waste Strategy for England, published in 2018. Council are asked to note that ongoing delays to the government's Environment Bill may pose a risk to the delivery of this strategy.

2. Information required to take a decision

- 2.1 Enclosed with this report is the following documentation:
 - Public engagement summary.
 - A copy of the Kirklees Resources & Waste Strategy 2021-30
 - The Integrated Impact Assessment.

• Working with People

A public consultation exercise was conducted in Autumn 2020 and the Resources & Waste Strategy incorporates the findings of this exercise. We will continue to place citizens at the heart of our decisions and will continue to conduct further public engagement as the initiatives from this strategy are implemented, as well as utilising trials. The strategy has also been presented to the Economy & Neighbourhoods Scrutiny Panel and Cabinet as well as each political group as part of the public engagement and as a draft strategy.

• Working with Partners

The strategy encapsulates how we will provide better waste management services for our residents and our businesses and the engagement we will undertake with partners to achieve our ambitions. The current waste disposal contract offers very good value for money but does not deliver all the environmental ambitions, particularly regarding recycling, that we would expect from a modern contract. The co engagement process will include Suez and other waste disposal operators in the market to gain a full understanding of opportunities available to provide the best service possible for Kirklees residents.

• Place Based Working

The Council's Autumn 2020 public engagement utilised a Place-based approach using a digital street as physical engagement was not possible due to COVID-19 limitations. The strategy details how we intend to adopt a Place-based approach to deliver our services to ensure they are appropriate for communities and residents. It also demonstrates how we will take into account equality and equity for residents, recognising that some communities may need additional resources and support. We will continue to work with communities through Place Partnership engagement to prioritise local needs; Councillors, will be central to this activity, providing their key insight into the communities they represent.

Climate Change and Air Quality

The strategy plays a key role in tackling climate change and improving air quality and the measures within this strategy will have a positive impact upon both. Although the strategy will involve the expansion of our fleet, we will be seeking to ensure this is a green fleet wherever possible and the Strategic Environmental Assessment undertaken on the strategy and the new collection system shows the impact of introducing the strategy provides a positive impact on the environment.

• Improving outcomes for children

The strategy details how we will continue to provide an extensive engagement programme within schools and deliver meaningful educational resources to empower children to make a difference both now and in the future. We will also work with colleges and universities to support entrepreneurship and skills development in relation to waste management / circular economy; encouraging and enabling young people to explore, innovate and set up new sustainable businesses within the district.

• Other (eg Legal/Financial or Human Resources)

Significant investment will be required to deliver the initiatives and achieve the outcomes outlined within this strategy. The Council's existing approved medium term financial plan includes significant headline capital investment of £46.5m over the 2021-26 period for Waste Strategy, including the heating network proposal. This is alongside an additional £2m revenue base budget investment in 2020-21 increasing to £4m by 2022/23 to support both short term and medium term investment as part of the Council's transition to a modernised Waste service.

The Council's Transformation reserve has been earmarked to support significant Transformation activity, including development resource to support Waste strategy project management, due diligence and subsequent development of detailed proposals.

The Council has a duty of Best Value under section 3 of the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements for continuous improvement in the way its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency, effectiveness and quality.

The Council in carrying out its functions must comply with the Public Sector Equality duty under section 149 Equality Act 2010 before exercising any decision on a particular policy or strategy is taken ; namely it must have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation; advance equality of opportunity between persons who share protected characteristics and those who do not, and foster good relations between those who share protected characteristics and those who do not.

Do you need an Integrated Impact Assessment (IIA)?

An Integrated Impact Assessment has been completed for the development of the Kirklees Resource & Waste Strategy 2021-2030. The assessment has not identified specific issues with the strategy itself but such is the scope and scale of the transformation of waste services detailed within the strategy, further IIAs will be required for several of the specific proposals detailed within the strategy.

4. Consultees and their opinions

- 4.1 As detailed above the development of the strategy followed a comprehensive public engagement exercise (Appendix One).
- 4.2 In addition to this the strategy has been presented to all internal Strategic Leadership Teams across the Council as well as Trade Unions. Feedback from these sessions has been incorporated into the strategy and will be carried forward into implementation of the initiatives contained within.

5.0 Next steps and timelines

- 5.1 Included within the strategy is a timeline for the initial delivery milestones. The 12-month pledge has been outlined in the summary section above.
- 5.2 Future proposals on interim arrangements required to achieve delivery of the strategy in advance of a full waste services procurement process will be considered by Cabinet in September 2021. Proposals for the Outline Business Case for the future contract procurement will be presented to Cabinet later in the year.

6.0 Officer recommendations and reasons

6.1 Officers recommend that the Kirklees Resource & Waste strategy 2021-30 is agreed and adopted.

7.0 Cabinet Portfolio Holder's recommendations

7.1 The Cabinet Portfolio Holders have been consulted with regards to the contents of the strategy and support the officers' recommendations.

8.0 Contact officer(s)

Natalie Clark, Programme Manager Lory Hunter, Commercial & Technical Development Manager Will Acornley, Head of Operational Services

9.0 Service Director responsible

Sue Procter – Service Director, Highways and Streetscene

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Appendix One – Public Engagement Findings

1. Purpose

The waste public engagement exercise took place from September 2020 – January 2021 to share with residents our vision of "a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees with zero waste to landfill and where waste is valued as a resource through re-use, recycling and recovery". The public engagement aimed to gather resident's views on our proposals to meet our vision and ensure we make the right decisions on what works for our communities.

2. Reach

- Total number of surveys received: 7,578
 - Online: 79%
 - Paper: 21%
- Visitors to the webpage: 22,100
- Visitors to the virtual room: 4,000
- Webinar sessions: 6
- Live webinar views: 544

3. Collection Options Results



Green Mixed **Recycling Bin** Emptied alternate weeks like it is now

Grey Household Bin Emptied alternate weeks like it is now

14UL	FUU
Glass	Waste
Recycling Bin	Caddy
Emptied at the	Emptied
same time as	weekly
your green bin	

Standard Collections

Most favoured option:

61% strongly support & 20% support

Top three reasons for not supporting:

Not enough space (63%)

Glass bin too big (48%)

Don't want separate food waste (38%)

Top freehand comment themes:

Appearance/practicality

Food waste concerns

Current service issues

Inner glass caddy



Good overall support:

49% strongly support & 27% support

Top three reasons for not supporting:

Glass caddy takes up too much space in green bin (52%)

Don't want separate food waste (34%)

Glass caddy is too small (25%)

Top freehand comment themes:

Practicality (lifting, noise etc)

Green bin space

Food waste concerns

Moving to shared bins



capacity

Non-recyclable Waste Bin Emptied according to agreed schedule dependant on capacity

Recycling Bin Emptied according to agreed schedule dependant on capacity

Communal Food Waste Bin Emptied according Emptied according to agreed schedule dependant on to agreed schedule dependant on capacity

Not supported:

21% do not support & 49% strongly do not support

Top three reasons for not supporting:

Not enough space on street (72%)

Concern the bins will not be used correctly by neighbours (60%)

Attract flytipping (49%)

Top freehand comment themes:

Lack of responsibility & misuse

Vermin / smells

Visual impact & accessibility

Plastic Pots, Tubs & Trays



	should a into ene	always be rgy″	recycled	l not
Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
15%	21%	46%	14%	3%

"I think turning plastics into energy is
better for the environment than
recycling themStrongly
agreeAgree
nor disagreeDisagree
disagreeStrongly
disagree9%13%53%18%6%

Food waste collections



FOOD Waste Caddy Emptied weekly

Good overall support:
65% would use a food waste collection service
Top three reasons for not supporting:
Smells (48%)
Already compost their food waste (27%)
No space (26%)
Top freehand comment themes:
Vermin/security
Practicalities/separation
Unhygienic

Glass collections



Strong support:

83% would use a glass collection service*

8% Unsure

7% Will continue to use bottle banks

1% Do not recycle glass

* However, no consistency in preferred receptacle as per item 3

5. Reuse Initiatives

Activity	% interested
Workshops/courses on reducing food waste	16%
Workshops/courses on composting	22%
Drop in advice sessions in your local community	26%
Connecting with a recycling champion in your area	22%
Upcycling workshops (teaching how to repair and improve old furniture and other items)	31%
Repair workshops (support to fix broken electrical items, clothes or furniture)	35%
Toy library (swap and exchange used toys instead of buying new)	20%
Clothing swap (bring and exchange clothes and textiles)	31%
None	37%

6. Household Waste & Recycling Centre's





	80% visited a tip before 23/03/20
1	Top three reasons why people didn't:
	No transport (34%)
	Never needed to (21%)
	Use wheeled bin serviced (15%)
-	Sites mostly rated as 'good'
(67% think there is enough recycling on site
	Top three items people would like to recycle on site:
112000	Soil & rubble (81%)
	Plastics (62%)
	Mattresses (37%)
(Other suggestions:
	Tiles, Ceramics & DIY waste
	White goods & Furniture
1	Foil & Aluminium

Reuse Shop

Mobile Recycling Centre



1 116

72% Interested in using 78% Interested in using

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Kirklees Resources & Waste Strategy 2021-2030





Contents

1.0	Foreword	4
2.0	Our Vision	5
3.0	Our Ambitions	6
3.1	Our 12 Month & 5 Year Pledges	7
4.0	Our Challenges	8
5.0	Delivering Modern, Sustainable Services	12
5.1	Engagement and Communication	13
5.2	Recycling & Waste Collections	18
5.3	Waste Disposal	20
5.4	Household Waste & Recycling Centres (HWRCs)	23
5.5	Bulky Waste Collection Service	25
5.6	Bring Sites	26
5.7	Landfill Sites	28
5.8	Our Cleaner Environment	29
5.9	Commercial Waste Service	30

6.0	Leading by Example	32
6.1	Council Facilities	33
6.2	Catering	34
6.3	Venues & Events	35
6.4	Kirklees Homes and Neighbourhoods	36
6.5	National Initiatives	37
6.6	Our People	38
7.0	Supporting Kirklees Families	40
7.1	Ensuring Equality	42
7.2	Environmental Impact	43
7.2 8.0	Environmental Impact Ongoing Monitoring	43 44

1.0 Foreword

Welcome and thank you for your interest in Kirklees Council's Resources and Waste Strategy.

In 2019 we declared a climate emergency and published our vision of a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees with zero waste to landfill. We aim to make Kirklees completely carbon neutral by 2038.

We are working in partnership with residents, not just delivering services to them, everyone in Kirklees has a part to play so that we can achieve our vision. The first stage of this partnership was the public consultation to aid in the development of our waste strategy, but it doesn't end there. Moving forward, we will continue to work with residents from across the borough through various initiatives.

The development of the waste strategy plays a huge part in our vision. Kirklees will be a place where waste is valued as a resource through re-use, recycling, and recovery. To achieve this, we all need to take responsibility for the waste we generate and make the best decisions on what to do with it. Key to these outcomes have been our decisions to:

- Engage with residents, businesses and communities in a way that works for them, using a Place based approach which is engaging, straightforward and visible.
- Achieve a recycling rate of at least 70% at our Household Waste & Recycling Centres by 2025.
- Recycle at least 55% of municipal waste by 2025.
- Reuse or recycle as much of the resources collected via our bulky waste collections as possible.
- Ensure that the environment across the district delivers our vision of a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees.
- Lead by example and set a precedent of good practice to reduce waste, reuse materials, and increase recycling.

This Resources and Waste Strategy 2021 sets out our ambitions for the future in more detail. Together we can reach a carbon neutral Kirklees.



Cllr Mather



Cllr Simpson

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Page 42

2.0 Our Vision

Our overall vision for Kirklees is to be a district that combines a strong, sustainable economy with a great quality of life leading to thriving communities, growing businesses, high prosperity, and low inequality where people enjoy better health throughout their lives.

One of our shared outcomes to achieve our vision, is that people in Kirklees experience a high quality, clean and green environment. Our built and natural environment contributes to people's quality of life and makes the district a more attractive place in which to live and invest. We want to connect people and places, improve air quality and be resilient in the face of extreme weather, as well as helping people reduce waste and recycle more.

Tied into our corporate vision and outcomes, our vision for waste management is:

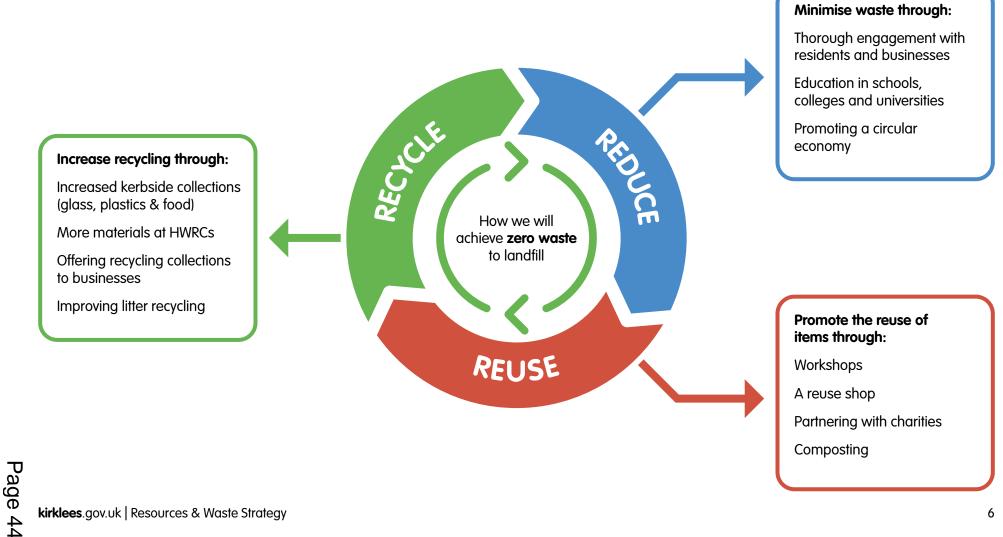
"a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees with zero waste to landfill and where waste is valued as a resource through re-use, recycling, and recovery." Kirklees' ambition is to be at the forefront of the national drive towards tackling Climate Change, eliminating waste and valuing resources by empowering our residents to live sustainably. As a council, we will enable our residents and businesses to reduce, reuse, and recycle their waste. For us to achieve this, we will need to work together and take ownership and responsibility for the waste we generate and make more sustainable decisions on what we do with it.

We shared our vision with the people of Kirklees in 2020 and this strategy sets out our pathway to a zero-waste future, based on the views and ambitions shared with us by our communities.



Page 43

3.0 Our Ambitions



3.1 Our 12 month and 5 year pledges

Within the **next 12 months** we will deliver the following...

Food Waste Workshops May 2021	A Recycling Champions scheme September 2021	A new recycling collection to our commercial waste service September 2021	A reuse shop in Huddersfield November 2021	A composting scheme February 2022	Improved litter facilities March 2022	A new bulky waste collection system April 2022	Create an improved fly-tipping response model May 2022	Commence a trial on glass collections at kerbside November 2022	
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Within the next 5 years we will deliver the following...



4.0 Our challenges

The UK Government has passed legislation to reach 'net zero' greenhouse gas emissions by 2050. It is recognised that specific policies will be required to address key areas of emissions across the economy, which includes how we approach and reduce waste.

The UK Government issued its plan for a 'Green Future' with the publication of its 25-year waste and resources strategy for England in December 2018.

This sets out the government's vision to minimise waste, promote resource efficiency and move towards a circular economy. The strategy has an overall vision of eliminating avoidable plastic waste by 2042 and eliminating avoidable waste of all kinds by 2050.

To achieve this, the strategy tackles issues through the full product life cycle from production, consumption and through to its end-of-life. The main aspects to the policy are outlined below which are all subject to further consultation, for which the outcomes may impact the direction of the Kirklees' strategy.

Polluter Pays

Currently packaging companies only pay 7% towards the estimated £1bn cost of dealing with the waste they produce. The government strategy aims to change this by transferring the full cost of recycling and waste management away from local authorities and diverted to those who produce and profit from the production of packaging.

Deposit Return Scheme

The scheme will see consumers charged a deposit up-front when purchasing a drink in a single-use container which can then be redeemed when the empty container is returned. The scheme is proposed to be rolled out in 2023 subject to further consultation.

4.0 Our challenges cont...

Consistent Recycling Systems

Due to the wide-variety of recycling methods in operations by local authorities, the strategy aims to roll out a consistent system across England. This will create a standardised set of recyclable materials which all local authorities would be expected to collect.

Food Waste

The strategy commits to providing all households with a weekly food waste collection. This is in an effort to reduce greenhouse gases produced in landfills, and to create a compost material. For similar reasons, the strategy also considers introducing free garden waste collections.

Waste Crime

Fly-tipping is a national issue and the new strategy aims to crack down on this type of crime by improving the regulation and tracking of waste infrastructure.

The government strategy sets some ambitious targets, including the target to recycle **65% of municipal waste by 2035.** To achieve this, the strategy pushes for implementation of the waste hierarchy which places the largest focus on the prevention of waste and reuse of materials, with disposal being the least desirable solution as seen in the illustration.

Climate Emergency

Kirklees Council declared a emergency' in January 2019, recognising the scale of the climate challenge posed by a changing climate and this was followed by the council setting an ambitious 'net zero' carbon emissions target for the district, together with a new Air Quality Action Plan running to 2024.

The 'net zero' target aligns with the UK legislation for 'net zero' by 2050 and the Leeds City Region pledge for 2038. A modern waste strategy that prioritises the waste hierarchy is key in achieving these targets. This includes not only how we minimise and treat our waste, but also how we will seek to identify opportunities for sustainable energy generation resulting from our district's waste.



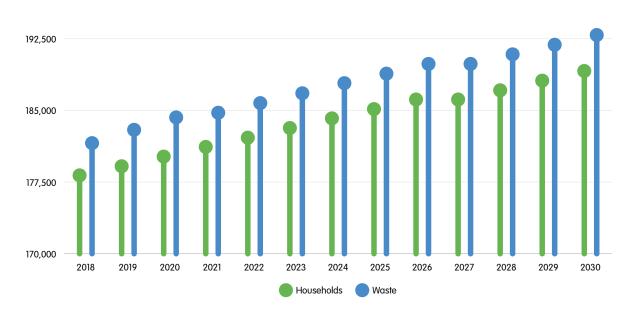
4.0 Our challenges cont...

In 2020, we produced around 186,660 tonnes of waste, of which 26.7% was recycled, with over nine million collections to 182,000 homes, and as a growing district this is set to increase further.

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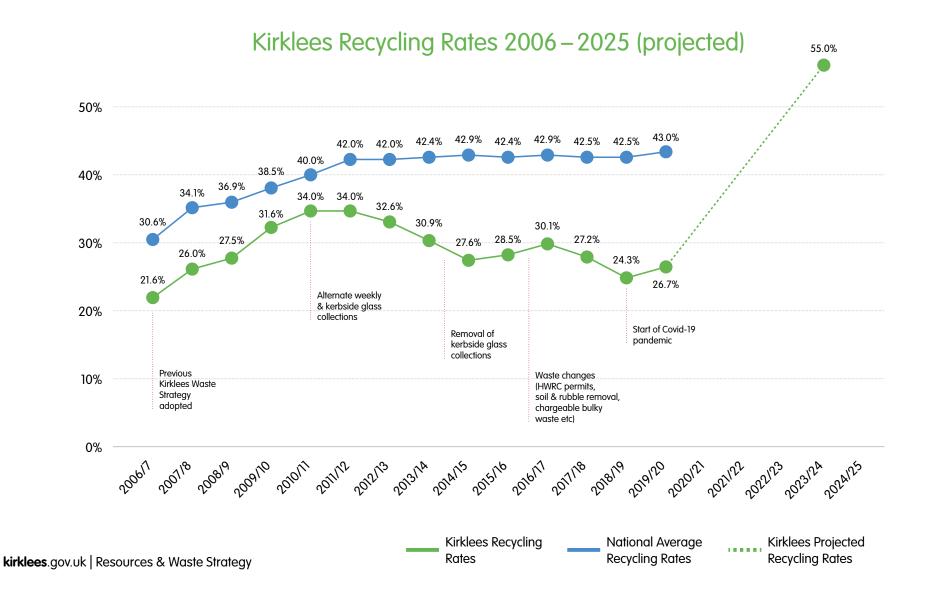
Placing items for recycling in the green bin unfortunately is not enough to reduce waste and tackle climate change. We want to generate understanding that waste reduction and reuse are key in tackling climate change and creating a sustainable future. So one of our key challenges is changing the perception, that recycling is the answer - we want to empower individuals to help them reduce their waste and reuse, and view recycling as last option.

Promoting and developing a local circular economy, along with the other measures outlined within this strategy, will help ensure that we achieve this. Kirklees Projected Households 2018 – 2030



Source: ONS 2018-based household projections

4.0 Our challenges cont...



Page 49

5.0 Delivering Modern, Sustainable Services

We will enable our residents and businesses to reduce, reuse, and recycle as much of their waste as possible by delivering the modern, sustainable services set out here.

5.1 Engagement and Communication

We will actively engage with residents, businesses and communities in a way that works for them, using a place based approach which is engaging, straightforward and visible.

To minimise the amount of waste we produce and maximise recycling we must all work together.

A common and shared understanding of the Waste Hierarchy and our own roles and responsibilities within it is essential in the journey to achieve our Zero Waste ambitions. Clear, proactive, and on-going communication and engagement with our residents, communities, and businesses is paramount to enable a sustained change in mindset. Working with our people, partners, and places to deliver this strategy will enable us to continue to listen and learn from each other.

Workshops

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Building on the success of our Food Waste Workshops we will expand our programme to provide advice and practical guidance to enable residents to save money, reduce waste, and reuse resources. Feedback from residents during the Autumn 2020 engagement showed how popular the current workshops are, with a demand for a wider range of opportunities including:

- Repair workshops and cafés (support to fix broken electrical items, clothes, and furniture)
- Upcycling workshops (teaching how to transform and improve old furniture and other items)
- Clothing swap (exchange clothes and textiles)
- Drop-in advice sessions in your local community
- How to compost and the different types of products available.



5.1 **Engagement and Communication** cont...

Community Events

Recycling and Waste Advisors will attend Kirklees community events, providing advice and guidance in the very heart of our communities across the district.

We will develop a responsive 'recycling roadshow' to travel across the district to deliver messages in the community, listening to ideas on how we can achieve our Zero Waste ambition together.

Community Reward Scheme

We will develop and introduce a community reward scheme, which gives back to communities that achieve the highest or greatest increase in recycling, to enrich their local economy, environment, and wellbeing.

Recycling Champions

A network of volunteer Local Recycling Champions will help provide advice and guidance to their local community on reducing, reusing, and recycling waste. Our Recycling Champions will be supported by our Kirklees Waste Advisors.

Education

Climate Change and sustainable waste management are multi-generational issues and many of our young people are already passionate about what needs to change. Working with schools to develop and deliver meaningful educational resources will empower our children to really make a difference both now and in the future. We will build on our strong links with schools to encourage and promote a clean, green, and sustainable future for future generations.

We will also work with colleges and universities to support entrepreneurship and skills development in relation to waste management / circular economy; encouraging and enabling young people to explore, innovate and set up new sustainable businesses within the district.



5.1 **Engagement and Communication** cont...

Tackling Barriers

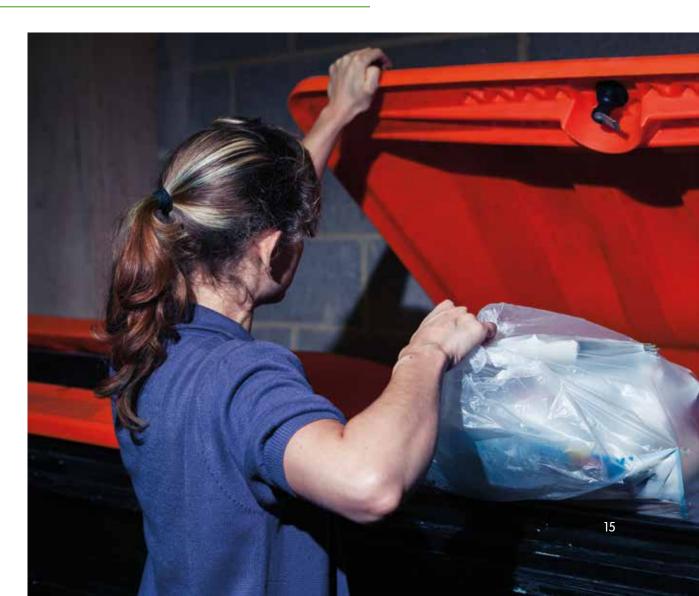
A focus will be placed on overcoming and addressing barriers which prevent residents from recycling. Talks with developers and managing agents will be undertaken and the Waste Management Design Guide will assist with ensuring properties are designed with appropriate facilities, as well as strengthening links with landlords across the borough.

A project to assess all shared bin storage areas will be undertaken, starting with Kirklees Homes and Neighbourhoods, and then expand to private tenants. This will be undertaken in conjunction with the council's place standard work to ensure the correct action is taken for what is important to communities.

Engagement with the business community will continue to identify and remove barriers to circular practises where possible to reduce waste production, and better reuse materials.

We will also be enhancing our customer care for those contacting the council in relation to waste related complaints and enquiries, therefore improving the service and experience for our residents.





5.1 **Engagement and Communication** cont...

New Resident Pack

Knowing what can and cannot be recycled can be confusing, particularly for those moving into Kirklees from a different local authority. We will create a new resident's pack to make it easier for residents to know how our recycling service works.

Visitor Centre - Waste Disposal Facility

Improvements to the visitor's centre at the waste disposal facility will allow our residents and other interested parties to visit the site and see first-hand how their recycling is sorted and managed.

This will provide greater clarity and transparency on the recycling process and allow residents to follow the journey of their waste, reducing the ambiguity on what happens to materials after their bin is emptied.

We will offer more visits to schools and allow children to see waste being processed to stimulate further conversations at home. The visitor's centre will also be equipped with educational and take-home materials.

Staff Engagement

We recognise that to provide the best advice and guidance to our residents and businesses, we need to ensure that our staff, councillors, and MPs are aware of (and support) the work we are doing and receive the same engagement.

We will therefore provide training sessions for our staff to learn about the recycling process and circular economy principles, to better equip them to reinforce the messages to residents and businesses as well as tours of our facilities.



In line with our climate emergency declaration, we will aim to double our recycling rate and recycle at least 55% of municipal waste by 2025.

Increased Material Collections

Based on the views and ambitions shared with us by our communities in the Autumn 2020 public engagement, our residents want to be able to recycle more materials at the kerbside. We will modernise the kerbside collection service offered and increase the number of recyclable materials collected to include the items our residents told us they would most like to recycle which were glass, mixed plastics, and food waste. This will be implemented alongside campaigns to help our residents minimise and reduce waste creation in the first place.

Container Trials

An extensive options appraisal has been completed and the top scoring options were presented to residents for their feedback during the Autumn 2020 engagement. The scores from the options appraisal alongside the feedback from our residents has been consolidated and whilst there was strong overall support, there was no clear indication of the preferred container for glass collections. This is a critical decision and to ensure our communities are engaged in the service changes and we fully understand any community or operational impacts, early trials will now be conducted to test viability and define the best option for delivering this across Kirklees.

Garden Waste

A chargeable garden waste collection service is available to residents via a 240 litre brown bin. This service was introduced in 2019 and has been steadily growing over the last two years. We are not proposing to make any changes to how we collect garden waste (unless national regulations change) but will be looking to explore the possibility of selling the compost we produce through our household waste and recycling centres, promoting a circular economy.

Page 57

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5.3 Waste Disposal

Waste Disposal Contract

In 1998, Kirklees was the second local authority in the UK to be awarded a waste treatment Private Finance Initiative (PFI) grant funding. The foundations and principles of the existing contract were set out over 20 years ago when the international and national focus was avoidance of landfill disposal.

Whilst visionary at the time, the current national waste strategy has since changed to focus on a circular economy, so the aims and performance indicators of the existing waste disposal contract are now outdated.

The current contract includes the following infrastructure:

- Energy from Waste (EfW) facility in Huddersfield.
- Materials Recycling Facility (MRF) in Huddersfield (the sorting technology is limited compared to modern standards).
- Two Waste Transfer Stations in Huddersfield and Dewsbury.
- 5 Household Waste and Recycling Centres (HWRCs) across the district.

- Composting facilities in Huddersfield.
- Monitoring of two closed landfill sites at Hollins Hey and Honley Wood.

All of the above sites and facilities are operated and maintained by the contractor, with ownership of fully operational and maintained assets to be handed back to Kirklees at the end of the contract on 31st March 2023 with an option to extend.

This provides an ideal opportunity to modernise services provided to Kirklees residents, as the kerbside recycling service has been operating within the limitations of the contract and associated facilities.

It is a priority for us to investigate all contract options available and give consideration to how current infrastructure will be best used to maximise diversion and sustainability.

5.3 Waste Disposal cont...

Future Waste Treatment

Our future waste flows (figure 3) will include additional materials collected from the kerbside including glass, additional plastics, and food waste. We are also keen to ensure that we maximise the potential for the district's waste streams to play their part in contributing to our 'net zero' carbon emissions journey.

This will require modernisation of the MRF and development of an anaerobic digestion facility to treat food waste.

Anaerobic digestion offers a way to sustainably treat food waste as well as providing an important low carbon source of 'biofuel' that could help supply other parts of our waste infrastructure and fleet. A feasibility study will be undertaken to determine whether building a council owned facility is more cost effective and efficient than the alternative of transportation to an existing facility.

Huddersfield Heat Network

Heat networks offer a way to make use of local 'waste' energy sources in a resilient and low carbon way. We are developing the business case for a heat network which aims to distribute low-carbon heat and electricity from the Huddersfield Energy-from-Waste facility to premises across the town centre.

This will provide competitive advantages to the council, partners, businesses, and other users located in the town centre by cutting energy costs by an anticipated 10-15% and help maximise the added benefits to the district derived from how we process our waste.

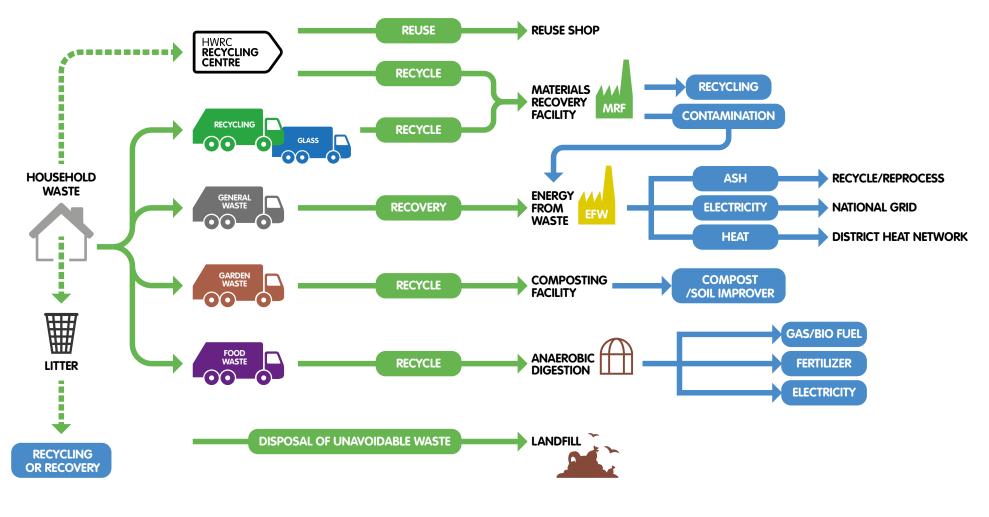
The heat network would also reduce carbon emissions associated with energy generation, increase energy security, and create construction and maintenance jobs.



Page

50

5.3 Waste Disposal cont...



5.4 Household Waste & Recycling Centres (HWRCs)

We will aim to achieve a recycling rate of at least 70% at our Household Waste and Recycling Centres by 2025.

Site Review

We will review our five Household Waste & Recycling Centres (HWRCs) to ensure they are delivering a suitable service to Kirklees residents. We will redevelop and refurbish sites to modernise our offer to residents, refresh signage, improve traffic flow and enable resident to maximise recycling through the sites. This will include reviewing our opening times with a view to increasing the number of hours the sites are open to residents. We will also consider the introduction of Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) technology, which will continue to protect against trade waste abuse and improve the customer journey.

Increased Materials

To encourage more recycling on-site, we will provide more containers to capture a wider range of materials. As part of the Autumn 2020 engagement, we asked residents which materials they would most like to be able to recycle onsite and these were: soil and rubble, more types of plastics, and mattresses. Based on this engagement feedback, we will review the provision for recycling or disposal of these items. The review will seek to maximise reuse and minimise disposal to landfill and work closely with businesses to find creative reduce/reuse/recycle solutions at source.

Mobile Recycling Centre

To ensure our residents have adequate access to recycling facilities, we will introduce a mobile recycling centre at easily accessible locations, including rural communities, allowing residents to bring along a wide selection of recyclable materials. These mobile centres will not accept general waste. We will also explore partnering with a charitable organisation that could accept reuse or repair items from residents. This is important not only in avoiding waste, but also providing communities with more affordable items and charities with an income stream to continue their work supporting some of our most vulnerable communities and reduce dependence on individual car travel.



5.4 Household Waste & Recycling Centres (HWRCs) cont...

Reuse Shop

We will complete an early trial for a reuse shop in Huddersfield whereby items coming into our Emerald Street and Thornhill HWRC sites which are of value or could be reused can be diverted into the shop and sold on to others to promote reuse instead of disposal.

If the trial is successful, we will look at expanding the scheme to other sites across the borough.

Empowering Residents

Many residents arrive at HWRCs with a variety of materials which have been gathered together for general waste however there could potentially be recyclable items contained within these.

We will explore how we can offer advice and support to residents on-site to empower them to recycle more of the materials they arrive with.

Businesses

Providing easily accessible, sustainable choices for businesses is important and we will be exploring how we can improve the offering at the sites.

As this waste needs to be captured separately from that of households, this could be achieved by potentially having separate entrances for trade vehicles or using the proposed ANPR technology, however this will be explored further to determine viable options.

5.5 Bulky Waste Collection Service

We will aim to reuse or recycle as much of the resources collected via our bulky waste collections as possible.

Kirklees offers a bulky waste collection service for a wide range of household items including white goods, furniture, TVs, and carpets. We will create greater links with charities to reuse and donate items that can be collected and are in a good condition. There are online platforms that allow communities to share resources, which could be explored for this and build on the proposed reuse shop trial. For items which cannot be reused, we will introduce a revised booking system for bulky waste collections which will allow for a 'slot' to be booked, similar to how an online grocery shopping delivery works. This will make it more user-friendly for residents knowing exactly when their waste will be collected and will improve our street scene with items only being placed outside when necessary.

5.6 Bring Sites

There are around 110 'bring sites' across Kirklees whereby residents can deposit items such as glass and textiles.

A review of these sites will be undertaken considering work arising from this strategy and the forthcoming Government Deposit Return Scheme, as the function of these sites will change.

There would be a view to rationalise the number and scope of sites across the district, especially when the new waste collection method is implemented. Some of these sites include banks for materials collected by charities and consideration will be given to ensuring that this continues in a managed and fair way in the future.

There is the potential to engage with local communities to help select charities to be supported locally within their area.



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5.7 Landfill Sites

Kirklees has several closed landfill sites across the district which are monitored for leachate and/or the production of landfill gas (LFG).

The aftercare and monitoring of landfill sites will be proactively reviewed to explore whether there are opportunities for these sites to be used for other

purposes that will help achieve our environmental outcomes such as green infrastructure creation and tree planting or harnessing low carbon 'waste' energy.

5.8 Our Cleaner Environment

We will ensure that the environment across the district delivers our vision of a clean, green, sustainable future for Kirklees.

Street Sweeping

The removal of litter and detritus from our streets is important to communities, especially considering the pandemic, which has seen people enjoying local amenities much more. A service review will be undertaken to capture these impacts alongside place based feedback, which will allow us to explore the most suitable delivery models and innovations that minimise environmental impact.

A Land Audit Management System (LAMS) will be introduced to monitor the quality of service delivery to our communities and businesses. We will also review our vehicle use and in line with our fleet replacement programme, opt for more sustainable vehicles such as electric sweepers.

Litter bins

Kirklees has over 7,000 litter bins across the borough, many of which are in a poor condition or not in the most convenient locations. We will be introducing more recycling facilities, particularly in areas that demonstrate high foot fall, with a view to these being innovative solutions and utilising sensors to monitor build up as well as green initiatives such as incorporated solar panels. We will also ensure adequate facilities to dispose of dog mess.

This will be supported by a comprehensive engagement and awareness programme to manage any contamination issues. This on-street recycling will help re-enforce the behavioural changes needed to ensure we maximise recycling at kerbside as well.

Non-compliance

The government's national strategy has an aim to tackle and reduce waste crime such as fly-tipping. Resources within the enforcement service will be increased including an improved fly-tipping response model, to ensure we are able to conduct more proactive work as well as re-introduction of a litter tackling scheme.



5.9 Commercial Waste Service

Kirklees provides a commercial waste collection service to approximately 3,500 businesses, schools, and charities throughout the borough. This is currently limited to residual waste collections and we will be introducing a new recycling offering.

This will be offered to all businesses, schools, and charities across the district with a particular package of support offered to schools in keeping with our improved engagement and communication.

This will include exploring how using this service could also help achieve our wider climate emergency outcomes through helping these organisations reduce waste and emissions and to provide another potential source of low carbon energy generation.

To help improve the visual impact on streets and town centres, we will explore opportunities to take large bin stores off the streets. With very limited space within the town centre, finding the space to place commercial bins out for collection is often difficult; alternative locations will be explored to take these off-street fronts on collection days, making the streets more visibly pleasing.

We will also work with businesses to explore and understand the opportunities for creating a circular economy that enables links and partnerships between local businesses themselves and with the wider community to reduce waste production, and better reuse materials, keeping them in circulation for longer and avoiding disposal.

5.9 Commercial Waste Service cont...

Enabling business growth and innovation is a key part of the Council Plan, Kirklees Economic Strategy and Kirklees Economic Recovery Plan.

This is particularly important as businesses recover from the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

There are multiple opportunities in the Waste Strategy to work with local business/enable commercial

opportunities and support local skills development. We will take a 'Business First' approach.

6.0 Leading by Example

We will set a precedent of good practice by improving our own facilities and working practices across all of our operations to lead the way to reduce waste, reuse materials, and increase recycling.

6.1 Council Facilities

Similar to the work planned in schools, helping them to create recycling systems, we think we can do better at recycling more within our own office and council-run buildings.

We will undertake an audit of the recycling facilities within our council-owned buildings to ensure consistent and prominent recycling facilities are available with appropriate signposting and advice. This will link closely with the engagement we plan to undertake with staff in ensuring everyone is aware of what materials they can recycle and how/where they can do so. We will also ensure to procure businesses that use green energy and, across our estate, look at how we can maximise the reuse of materials / furniture as well as use of innovative technology to reduce carbon impact such as lighting controls, using renewable materials in buildings work, and having green energy supply.



6.2 Catering

The council's catering service receives many deliveries for food and other materials for their catering provision, much of which arrives in non-recyclable packaging such as film.

We will work with producers and suppliers to use more sustainable packaging and transport options and promote the use of providers who can demonstrate minimisation of packaging and the use of sustainable and recyclable materials. Through our catering services in schools, community buildings, and cafes we handle significant quantities of food, some of which can become waste. We will ensure that this waste is recovered through composting or anaerobic digestion when the facilities become available through the delivery of this strategy.

6.3 Venues & Events

We will minimise the use of single-use plastics such as plastic cups and cutlery at our venues and catered events and provide alternatives such as collectable, re-useable, or compostable/biodegradable items. We will also look to extend this support to private festivals and events held across the borough. We will be exploring how we can support event organisers by offering advice on more sustainable alternatives and enabling the collection of recyclable materials with minimal contamination.



6.4 Kirklees Homes and Neighbourhoods

Kirklees Homes and Neighbourhoods manage approximately 22,000 homes.

When looking at how improvements to recycling facilities can be made to properties such as those in flats, multi-occupancy or occupied by leaseholders, we would like to explore this within our own council homes and lead by example for private managing agents and landlords.

A project to assess all shared bin properties across the district and provide facilities similar to the trial will be undertaken which will start with Kirklees Homes and Neighbourhoods, and then expand to private tenants. This would be undertaken in conjunction with the place standard work being conducted to ensure the correct action is taken for what is important to communities.

Homes and Neighbourhoods manage a high turnover of property tenants, emptying properties of potentially reusable or repairable items. We will work with the service and charitable organisations to find homes for items that could be used elsewhere or sold in local charity shops. This will extend to our Building Services to ensure we reuse and recycle as much of the materials produced as possible.



Page 74

6.5 National Initiatives

Alongside modernising and improving our own services, we recognise that there are many national initiatives which would benefit our residents and businesses, and we are committed to identifying and participating in appropriate schemes.

We are committed to enabling our residents to recycle a wide breadth of materials however we first need to evaluate the schemes available as although certain materials may be collected, these are not always recycled or disposed of in the most sustainable way.

Initiatives which we will be exploring further include: coffee cups, nappy, and crisp packet recycling schemes. These will require further research into their sustainability and practicalities of being introduced. We will also be exploring how and where we can install more refillable water stations across the borough to encourage minimising single-use plastics. We will keep abreast of future initiatives and be proactive in our consideration of them where they would result in improved waste and sustainability outcomes.



6.6 Our People

Kirklees Council recognises the importance of working in partnership with all of our employees and trade unions in continuing to develop an organisational culture that embraces change, seeks continuous improvement, and takes responsibility for actions.

We recognise that to lead by example, we need to ensure our workforce is fully engaged and our staff understand and recognise the important role they play as a key link with local communities.

In order to ensure our workforce is supported to deliver the ambitious targets within this strategy, we will ensure our staff, from the front line right through to service managers, are engaged and involved in the early design and implementation of initiatives and uphold our ethos of 'doing with and not to'. We will further support this cultural transformation by providing ongoing learning and development for all of our staff in response to the changing organisational needs.



7.0 Supporting Kirklees Families

In Kirklees, we want to make sure we provide support to those families who need it, and the Recycling and Waste Service offers this in a variety of different ways.

7.0 Supporting Kirklees Families

Some residents need extra help presenting their bins due to mobility issues; we provide doorstep services for these households where there isn't a capable resident who is at least 16 years old.

Some Kirklees residents have complex health needs and require a very different waste disposal service from their home.

An assessment is undertaken for these residents jointly with the health service to accommodate the collection of large volumes of non-hazardous healthcare support materials. We would like to support Kirklees families even further. Our Bin Collection Teams are working within Kirklees communities each day. This team is ideally positioned to operate as the 'Eyes and Ears' of our communities.

All council officers have a safeguarding role to play, including Bin Collection Teams. We will seek to create an improved process for linking our Bin Collection Team with the Corporate Safeguarding Team, making it as easy as possible to seek support between services – a digital safeguarding triage.



7.1 Ensuring Equality

All of the changes introduced as part of this strategy will have an accompanying integrated impact assessment that combines equality and environmental impacts to identify and address any potential equality and environmental concerns.

Kirklees takes a firm stance on ensuring equality and sees inclusion as being at the heart of our recovery.

We will also, where required, take an equitable view of services provided to ensure that communities are allocated the appropriate resources and opportunities needed to reach an equal outcome. The service is governed by a number of existing waste and recycling-related policies which will require review when introducing any service changes.

7.2 Environmental Impact

Taking into consideration the government targets for emissions and air quality, alongside our Climate Emergency, all initiatives outlined within this strategy will be explored ensuring these targets are considered and measures taken to reduce the environmental impact within Kirklees.

We are committed to regularly assessing our waste vehicles and routes used to collect from properties. We maximise the use of low, ultra-low, and zeroemission vehicles to minimise emissions as we collect from properties and use the most efficient routes possible to do so. We recognise that larger zeroemission vehicles are a fast-developing area of innovation, and whilst there may not be a current viable alternative to business as usual fossil-fuelled waste vehicles, this is likely to change over the course of this strategy. We will be proactive in our adoption of viable zero and low emission waste vehicles as they become available and meet required operational standards and value for money considerations. Promotion and support for residents and business to implement circular principles will allow less waste to be transported and therefore work to minimise the amount of waste leaving the authority on large heavy goods vehicles. This will reduce the road miles of our waste as well as traffic congestion, meaning fewer pollutants via emissions and improving battery technologies.

We are committed to exploring all possible avenues to reduce our emissions including the use of technology to assist with this. We will be exploring the possibility of technology allowing waste vehicles to move through signalised junctions reducing 'stop-start' acceleration and deceleration and therefore reducing emissions as well as the use of sensors to monitor litter build up resulting in more efficient collections. We will also ensure our procurement strategy takes emissions into consideration and keeps track of evolving technology such as hydrogen-fuelled vehicles.



8.0 Ongoing Monitoring

In order to oversee the progress of the strategy and track the outcomes and benefits, ongoing monitoring will be established which will include developing and defining service performance measures. We will conduct and publish a 5-year review of this strategy in 2026 to measure progress of the action plan and make any adjustments as necessary.

Reporting to Defra is required on a quarterly basis, this will be published on our website to inform residents of progress and promote transparency of the service.



9.0 Action Plan

Section	Action	Why?	When
	Create a variety of reuse workshops available for residents to attend	To provide knowledge and practical advice on how to reuse items and avoid them being disposed of	Year 2022- 2023
	Recycling and Waste Advisors to be in attendance at Kirklees events	To provide a physical presence to share information and advice with residents and provide another avenue for residents to seek advice	Ongoing
	Develop a 'recycling roadshow' to deliver messages across the district	To provide a physical presence to share information and advice with residents and provide another avenue for residents to seek advice	2022
5.1 Engagement & Communication	Introduce a community reward scheme	To give back to communities and enrich their economy, environment, and wellbeing	2021 & ongoing
	Introduce a Recycling Champions scheme	To provide residents with a point of contact within their own community to help share advice and answer queries alongside Kirklees Advisors	2021
	School assemblies and sessions around recycling and waste reduction	To educate children on the importance of waste reduction and encourage taking this learning home	Ongoing
	Engaging with businesses on waste reduction and recycling	To empower and enable businesses to find cost-effective circular solutions that support sustainable business growth.	Ongoing

Section	Action	Why?	When
	Create a landlord's forum to engage more closely with private landlords on how to support tenants to recycle	To engage with those who face the most difficulty with reducing and recycling their waste to enable them to do so	2026
	Scheme created aimed at addressing barriers for those who struggle with recycling	To engage with those who face the most difficulty with reducing and recycling their waste to enable them to do so	Ongoing
5.1 Engagement & Communication	Create a 'new resident's pack' for those new to the area	To ensure residents moving to Kirklees from other local authorities are aware of how our recycling system works	2023
	Visitor centre improvements at our waste disposal facility	To provide first-hand experiences on how waste and recycling is treated and provide transparency	2026
	Internal education for Kirklees employees, councillors, and MPs	To enable Kirklees staff to understand the recycling methods and better equip them to be consistent with this messaging	Ongoing
	Infrastructure evaluation	To ensure facilities are fit for purpose and able to accommodate a new collection system	2021
	Trials of different collection containers	To gain further understanding of their effectiveness and deliverability	2022
5.2 Recycling & Waste	More materials accepted for recycling in the green bin (plastics, cartons)	To enable these materials to be recycled at the kerbside and promote the waste hierarchy	Tentative: 2022
Collections	A separate glass collection is introduced	To enable these materials to be recycled at the kerbside and promote the waste hierarchy	2024
	A separate food waste collection is introduced	To enable these materials to be recycled at the kerbside and promote the waste hierarchy	2025
	Review of waste collection policies	To reflect the different phases of change to the collection service	Ongoing

Section	Action	Why?	When
	Re-procurement of our waste disposal contract	To ensure a flexible, fit-for-purpose contract is in place to effectively treat our waste	2022
5.3 Waste Disposal	Feasibility study on access routes to an anaerobic digestion facility	To enable treatment of food waste collected	2022
	Create a Huddersfield town centre heat network	To provide low-cost energy to nearby users	2025
	Feasibility study of HWRCs	To assess their current state and improvement requirements	2024
	Introduce ANPR technology at sites	To provide residents with easier access to sites	2027
	Increase materials accepted at HWRCs	To enable more materials to be recycled and promote the waste hierarchy	Tentative: 2022
5.4 Household	Introduce a mobile recycling centre	To provide more accessible locations for residents to recycle their resources	2023
Waste & Recycling Centres (HWRCs)	Create a scheme to empower residents to recycle more at HWRCs	To ensure more items are diverted for reuse and recycle as opposed to general waste disposal	2026
	Introduce a reuse shop	To ensure more items are diverted for reuse and recycle as opposed to general waste disposal	2021 (trial)
	Explore trade waste access at HWRCs	To allow business to dispose and recycle waste at sites and reduce fly-tipping	2030

Section	Action	Why?	When
5.5	Create greater links with charities and reuse initiatives for bulky waste items that could be repaired and/or reused	To keep items in circulation for longer in line with the waste hierarchy	2023
Bulky Waste Collection Service	Improve the booking system for bulky waste collections	To improve accessibility and functionality for residents	2022
	Analysis of resources collected	To ensure good quality items can be reused	Ongoing
5.6	Review of bring site locations and functionality	To ensure these are providing the most efficient service	2026
Bring Sites	Textile bank policy review	To ensure a fair and consistent approach to choosing charitable partners	2026
5.7 Landfill Sites	Review of landfill sites	To explore whether sites can be utilised more effectively	2030
	Review of street sweeping operations	To assess current service levels and plan in future demand	2022
	Street sweeping innovation and best practise review	To explore digital solutions and service improvements	2024
5.8	Review and audit of litter bin locations and functionality	To ensure these are in convenient locations and also increase the number of recycling facilities available	2022
Our Cleaner Environment	Improved fly-tipping response model	To better respond and tackle this type of waste crime and create a cleaner environment for Kirklees	May 2022
	Review of waste enforcement resourcing	To ensure efficient resource to cover the borough and allow for more proactive measures	2024
	Re-introduce a litter tackling scheme	To spot and address littering and allow for restorative and educational work	2025
5.9	Introduce a new commercial recycling collection service	To improve the service offering and increase the amount of materials being recycled to promote the waste hierarchy	2022
Commercial Waste Service	Introduce a scrap store initiative	Create a circular economy to reduce waste production, and better reuse materials, keeping them in circulation for longer and avoiding disposal.	2027

	Action	Why?	
6.1	Audit of council-owned buildings to ensure consistent recycling facilities	To enable Kirklees staff to recycle efficiently whilst at work and lead by example	2026
Council Facilities	Review of the council estate to maximise reduction and reuse opportunities	To lead by example in promotion of the waste hierarchy and aim to reduce waste and reuse items	2027
6.2	Review of catering contracts to promote more sustainable packaging	To minimise the use of un-recyclable packaging	Ongoing
Catering	Exploration of how food waste can be recycled from the catering service	To avoid this resource being disposed of with general waste	Ongoing
6.3 Venues	Phase out the use of single-use plastics at our venues and events	To minimise the use of un-recyclable materials in favour of more sustainable ones	2023
& Events	Provide support to private festivals to minimise the use of single-use plastics	To minimise the use of un-recyclable materials in favour of more sustainable ones	Ongoing
6.4 Kirklees Homes &	Review of recycling facilities within Homes and Neighbourhoods properties	To lead by example for private landlords and managing agents and maximise benefits for residents/tenants	Ongoing
Neighbourhoods	Review processes for emptying and refurnishing properties for new tenants to consider reusable and/or repairable items	To minimise waste and provide materials for local charities.	Ongoing
6.5 National	Support and introduce national recycling schemes across the district	To support more items to be recycled	Ongoing
Initiatives	Install more refillable water stations across the district	To promote the reduction in single-use plastic bottles	Ongoing
6.6 Our People	Provide training and ongoing support to our workforce	To support and enable them to deliver the strategy ambitions	Ongoing

	Action	Why?	
7. Supporting Kirklees Families &	Review of our assisted collections policy	To ensure our most vulnerable residents receive the correct support	2022
Ensuring Inclusion	Create a digital safeguarding triage	To promote the welfare and safeguarding of our residents	Ongoing
7.1 Ensuring Equality	Review and equality impact of any policy changes introduced	To highlight and address any potential equality concerns	Ongoing
7.2 Environmental	Continued monitoring of carbon emissions and air quality	To regularly monitor and assess the environmental impact of our vehicles	Ongoing
Impact	Build an environmentally friendly fleet	To support the Climate Change agenda and carbon net zero targets	Ongoing

Page 89



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EIA STAGE 1 – SCREENING ASSESSMENT

PROJECT DETAILS

Name of project or policy:

Kirklees Resources and Waste Strategy 2021

Directorate:	Senior Officer responsible for policy/service:
Environment & Climate Change	Lory Hunter / Colin Parr / Sue Proctor
Service:	Lead Officer responsible for EIA:
Operational Services	Natalie Clark
Specific Service Area/Policy:	Date of EIA (Stage 1):
Waste Strategy	23/08/2021

Brief outline of proposal and the overall aims/purpose of making this change:

1) Increase recycling through: Increased kerbside collections (glass, plastics & food); More materials at HWRCs; Offering recycling collections to businesses; Improving litter recycling

2) Minimise waste through: Thorough engagement with residents and businesses; Education in schools, colleges and universities; Promoting a circular economy

3) Promote the resue of

itame through: Markehone: A rause shop: Partnering with charities: Composting

ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

Theme		Calculated Scores Stage 2			Stage 2 Assessment		
meme	Proposal	Impact	P + I	Mitigation	Evidence	M + E	Required
Equalities	6	2.4	8.4	0	0	0	No
Environment		1.4	1.4	0	2	2	No

NATURE OF CHANGE

WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSAL?	Please select YES or NO
To introduce a service, activity or policy (i.e. start doing something)	YES
To remove a service, activity or policy (i.e. stop doing something)	NO
To reduce a service or activity (i.e. do less of something)	YES
To increase a service or activity (i.e. do more of something)	YES
To change a service, activity or policy (i.e. redesign it)	YES
To start charging for (or increase the charge for) a service or activity (i.e. ask people to pay for or to pay more for something)	NO

WHAT LEVEL OF IMPACT DO YOU THINK YOUR PROPOSAL WILL HAVE
ON...Level of ImpactPlease select from drop downKirklees employees within this service/directorate? (overall)PositiveKirklees residents living in a specific ward/local area?PositivePlease tell us which area/ward will be affected:Kirklees WideResidents across Kirklees? (i.e. most/all local people)Very PositiveExisting service users?Positive

	ups? might affect, either positively or negatively, any individuals/communities. Please th employees and residents - within these protected characteristic groups).	Please select from drop down
272	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Neutral
age	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
disability	What impact is there on Kirklees employees /internal working practices?	Positive
uisabiity	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
gender	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
reassignment	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
marriage/ civil	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
partnership	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
pregnancy &	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
maternity	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
r000	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
race	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
roligion 9 holiof	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
religion & belief	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
sex	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
sexual orientation	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive
those in poverty or	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
low-come	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive

unpaid carers	What impact is there on Kirklees employees/internal working practices?	Positive
	What impact is there on Kirklees residents/external service delivery?	Positive

Level of ImpactWHAT LEVEL OF IMPACT DO YOU THINK YOUR
PROPOSAL WILL HAVE ON...Level of ImpactPlease select from drop downkirklees Council's internal practices?PositiveLifestyles of those who live and work in Kirklees?Very PositivePractices of suppliers to Kirklees council?PositivePractices of other partners of Kirklees council?Positive

Each of the following environmental themes? (Please select from the drop down list)				
	People	Partners	Places	
clean air (including Climate Changing	Very Positive	Very Positive	Very Positive	
Gases)	Score: 0	Score: 0	Score: 0	
Clean and plentiful	Positive	Positive	Positive	
water	Score: 1	Score: 1	Score: 1	
Wildlife and	Positive	Positive	Positive	
habitats	Score: 1	Score: 1	Score: 1	
Resilience to harm from environmental	Positive	Positive	Positive	
hazards	Score: 1	Score: 1	Score: 1	
Sustainability and efficiency of use of	Very Positive	Very Positive	Very Positive	
resources from nature	Score: 0	Score: 0	Score: 0	
Beauty, heritage and engagement with	Positive	Positive	Positive	
the natural environment	Score: 1	Score: 1	Score: 1	
Resilience to the effects of climate	Very Positive	Very Positive	Very Positive	
change	Score: 0	Score: 0	Score: 0	
Production,	Very Positive	Very Positive	Very Positive	
recycling or disposal of waste	Score: 0	Score: 0	Score: 0	
Exposure to	Positive	Positive	Positive	
chemicals	Score: 1	Score: 1	Score: 1	

HOW ARE YOU USING ADVICE AND EVIDENCE/INTELLIGENCE TO HELP YOU?		Please select YES or NO
Equality Themes		
Have you taken any specialist advice linked to your proposal? (Legal, HR etc)?		Yes
Do you have any evidence/intelligence to support your assessment (in section 2) of the impact of your proposal on	employees?	Yes
	Kirklees residents?	Yes
	service users?	Yes
	any protected characteristic groups?	Yes

Please list your **equalities** evidence/intelligence here [you can include hyperlinks to files/research/websites]: Dewsbury Information Stall – wheelchair accessible

Virtual street virtual room - this was also made accessible for those with visual impairements – audio description & text transcripts. Websites published on or after 23 September 2018 must already be accessible, documents published on or after 23 September 2020, older websites must be accessible by 23 September 2020.
Forms published online rather than just by download. Virtual street was also made accessible via zoom in options up to 200% on images and infographics, Audio Functions have been added throughout the 3D Tour, text transcripts along with

	Please select from drop down
To what extent do you feel you are able to mitigate any potential negative impact of your proposal outlined on the different groups of people?	FULLY
To what extent do you feel you have considered your Public Sector Equality Duty?	FULLY

Environmental Themes			
Have you taken any specialist advice linked to your proposal?			
Do you have any evidence/intelligence to support your assessment (in section 2) of the impact of your proposal on…	Kirklees Council practices?	Yes	
	resident and worker lifestyles?	Yes	
	Practices of Supplier to Kirklees Council?	Yes	
	Practices of other Kirklees Council partners?	Yes	
Please list your environmental evidence/intelligence here [you can include hyperlinks to files/research/websites]:			

Due to COVID-19 alomst everything was online so less paper and fuel used getting to engagement
 Our food workshops were designed with education in mind. I.e. reusing, recycling and reducing (waste) in a food environment.

- Our composting trial was designed with reducing waste in mind.

	Please select from drop down
To what extent do you feel you are able to mitigate any potential negative impact of your proposal on the environmtenal issues identified?	FULLY

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Name of meeting: Council

Date: 8 September 2021

Title of report: Council Financial Outturn and Rollover Report 2020-2021; incorporating General Revenue Fund, Housing Revenue Account, Capital and Treasury Management

Purpose of report

To receive information on the Council's 2020-2021 financial outturn position for General Fund Revenue, Housing Revenue Account and Capital Plan, including proposals for revenue and capital rollover from 2020-2021 to 2021-2022. The report also includes an annual review of Council Treasury Management Activity.

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Yes The report includes proposals to roll forward capital underspend from 2020-2021 to spend against specific activities.
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's Forward</u> <u>Plan (key decisions and private reports?)</u>	Yes
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	Yes
Date signed off by <u>Strategic Director</u> & name	Rachel Spencer Henshall 19.7.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance IT and Transactional Services?	Eamonn Croston 19.7.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning Support?	Julie Muscroft 19.7.21
Cabinet member <u>portfolio</u>	Councillor Paul Davies Councillor Shabir Pandor

Electoral wards affected: All

Ward councillors consulted: None

Public or private: Public report

GDPR: This report contains no information that falls within the scope of General Data Protection Regulations.

1. Summary

The appended report was submitted to the meeting of Cabinet on 27 July 2021 for consideration, and for Cabinet to make a recommendation to Council.

2. Information required to take a decision

(see appended report)

3. Implications for the Council

(see appended report)

4. **Consultees and their opinions**

(see appended report)

5. Next steps

Subject to approval, capital rollover proposals and the update of the year 5 capital plan will be incorporated into in-year financial monitoring in 2021-2022 and reported quarterly to Cabinet from Quarter 1 onwards.

6. **Recommendation of Cabinet**

- 1) That, in regards to General Fund; (i) the revenue outturn position 2020-2021 including COVID-19 impacts be noted (ii) the year end position on corporate reserves and balances including COVID-19 impacts be noted (iii) re-affirm the proposed use of pre-existing reserves and endorse the proposed use of new reserves as set out in section 1.9 in the appended report (iv) the arrangement for regular monitoring and review of corporate reserves in 2021-2022, to be reported to Cabinet within the quarterly financial monitoring cycle, be noted (v) note the use of the Council's flexible receipts strategy for the year end capitalisation of £2.3m transformation related costs in 2020-21.
- 2) That the year-end position on the Collection Fund including COVID-19 impacts be noted.
- 3) That the Housing Revenue Account outturn and reserves position 2020-2021, be noted.
- 4) That, in regards to Capital; (i) the outturn position 2020-2021, be noted (ii) approval be given to the £26.9m capital rollover from 2020-2021 to 2021-2022 (iii) approval be given to the revised capital plan for the period 2021-2026, having taking into account rollover, the re-phasing of schemes and changes to grant assumptions
- 5) That, in regards to treasury management, the review of treasury management activity for 2020-2021 be noted.

7. Contact officer

James Anderson, Head of Accountancy

james.anderson@kirklees.gov.uk

Sarah Hill, Finance Manager sarahm.hill@kirklees.gov.uk

8. Background Papers and History of Decisions

Cabinet Report – 27 July 2021 (attached)

9. Service Director responsible

Eamonn Croston, Service Director – Finance.

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Name of meeting:	Cabinet
Date:	27th July 2021
Title of report:	Council Financial Outturn & Rollover Report 2020/21 incorporating General Fund Revenue, Housing Revenue Account, Capital and Treasury Management

Purpose of the Report

To receive information on the Council's 2020/21 financial outturn position for General Fund Revenue, Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and Capital Plan, including proposals for revenue and capital rollover from 2020/21 to 2021/22. This report also includes an annual review of Council Treasury Management activity.

Key decision – is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Yes
Key decision - is it in the <u>Council's</u> Forward Plan (key decisions and private reports?	Key decision - Yes
The Decision - Is it eligible for "call in" by Scrutiny?	Yes
Date signed off by Strategic Director & name	Rachel Spencer Henshall 19.7.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance?	Eamonn Croston 19.7.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director – Legal, Governance & Commissioning?	Julie Muscroft 19.7.21
Cabinet member portfolio - Corporate	Give name of Portfolio Holders CIIr Paul Davies

Electoral wards affected: None Ward Councillors Consulted: None

Public or private: Public

GDPR: This report contains no information that falls within the scope of General Data Protection Regulations.

1. Summary

1.1 General Fund

- 1.1.1 The Council's revised General Fund controllable (net) revenue budget for 2020/21 was **£274.7m**. The budget included planned (net) revenue savings in-year of £2.8m.
- 1.1.2 The revised budget is net of a number of planned transfers to reserves during the year, with the most significant being £9.8m to the Revenue Grants reserve, £8.0m to the COVID-19 Business Grants reserve, £6.5m to the COVID-19 Response reserve, £3.6m to the Demand reserve, £2.4m to the Transformation reserve and £1.0m to the Inclusive Investment reserve.
- 1.1.3 Council spend was £274.7m in 2020/21, which reflects an overall 'break-even' financial performance against budget. In actuality there was a marginal underspend of £5k against the revised budget.
- 1.1.4 The revenue outturn position is summarised at Appendix 1 and in Table 1 below. Headline variances, including COVID-19 impacts, are described in more detail in sections 1.3 to 1.8.

	Revised Budget	Outturn	Variance
	£000	£000	£000
Children & Families	87,302	90,869	3,567
Adults & Health	102,979	103,848	869
Growth & Regeneration	15,398	16,691	1,293
Environment & Climate Change	23,283	35,978	12,695
Corporate Services	22,117	28,616	6,499
Central Budgets	30,158	31,000	842
General Fund Sub Total	281,237	307,002	25,765
COVID-19 Funding Offset	(6,531)	(32,301)	(25,770)
Revised General Fund Total	274,706	274,701	(5)

Table 1 - Overview of 2020/21 General Fund revenue outturn position

1.1.5 As shown in Appendix 1, there was also a transfer of £29.0m of Collection Fund COVID-19 funding into reserves at year end; see paragraphs 1.9.3 and 1.9.4. This reduced the overall budget to £245.7m. As the transfer was purely technical in nature, and didn't result in an in-year variance, this movement is excluded from Table 1 and the headline figures quoted above.

1.2 COVID-19

1.2.1 The Council responded effectively to the COVID-19 crisis in 2020/21 and continues to do so. It has in place an organisational wide range of measures in collaboration with key partners, taking on board Government direction to spend 'whatever it takes' in priority areas to support and protect the borough's most vulnerable residents, and support the national effort to protect the NHS and businesses. Page 102

- 1.2.2 As reported extensively through the year, the organisational measures in place, alongside other financial implications from Government social distancing measures, had a significant impact on the Council's finances in 2020/21. These impacts are ongoing and this Council, working with the Local Government Association (LGA), Special Interest Group of Metropolitan Authorities (SIGOMA) and other sectoral and stakeholder lobbying will continue to work with Government to ensure Kirklees is appropriately compensated for ongoing COVID-19 related pressures in future years.
- 1.2.3 The 2020/21 financial outturn position, as set out above, includes General Fund pressures of £63.9m as a direct result of the ongoing COVID-19 emergency. This consists of £48.7m additional spend and £15.2m of lost income as shown in Appendix 2a and summarised in Table 2 below.

	COVID-19 spend	COVID-19 Income Loss	Total COVID- 19 Pressures
	£000	£000	£000
Children & Families	3,365	461	3,826
Adults & Health	24,501	756	25,257
Growth & Regeneration	1,017	2,309	3,326
Environment & Climate Change	9,174	9,325	18,499
Corporate Services	10,389	1,676	12,065
Central Budgets	282	648	930
General Fund Total	48,728	15,175	63,903

Table 2 - Overview of 2020/21 COVID-19 Pressures

- 1.2.4 Of the £48.7m additional spend, £32.7m was eligible to be funded through specific funding streams allocated to councils to cover particular aspects of the response to the pandemic. As such, this spend was completely offset by income and did not affect the Directorate variances. The remaining £16.0m balance of spend pressures, alongside the £15.2m income losses, present as adverse variances within the Directorate totals, but are offset corporately by un-ringfenced funding. A breakdown of the COVID-19 spend and offsetting specific funding streams is summarised at Appendix 2b.
- 1.2.5 Up to 31st March 2021, Government had allocated £4.6 billion un-ringfenced COVID-19 funding to the local government sector nationally in response to the national emergency. The Council's share of this was £35.8m, allocated in four tranches of £12.2m, £12.1m, £3.9m and £7.6m respectively. Of this, £1.1m of tranche 1 funding was used to cover COVID-19 pressures in the 2019/20 financial year.
- 1.2.6 £17.1m of the un-ringfenced COVID-19 Support Grant was applied against unfunded COVID-19 spend and income pressures in 2020/21. The balance of £17.6m grant income is held in the COVID-19 Response reserve at year-end, to be used in 2021/22 against continuing pressures arising from the pandemic (see also paragraphs 1.9.7 and 1.9.8).
- 1.2.7 In July 2020, the Government announced a support package for income losses from sales, fees and charges (SFCs) "as part of a comprehensive plan to ensure councils' financial sustainability for the future". Councils will receive funding for 75% of these income losses but only where they exceed 5% of the overall SFCs budgeted by the authority. SFC income losses must be irrecoverable and unavoidable and satisfies 103

certain criteria set out in the scheme in order to be deemed eligible.

- 1.2.8 Councils were asked to submit claims to Government for such losses periodically throughout the course of 2020/21. Kirklees' claims equated to a compensation amount of £8.7m, leaving £6.5m of the total £15.2m income losses unfunded by the scheme.
- 1.2.9 There were various further funding announcements made by Government in 2020/21, covering specific aspects of the national response to the pandemic. These included funding for Adult Social Care including two tranches of the Infection Control Fund to support adult social care providers to reduce the rate of COVID-19 transmission; Kirklees allocation £8.4m in total, Rapid Testing Funding to support the additional rapid testing of staff within care homes; Kirklees allocation £1.1m and Workforce Capacity funding to cover additional care staff as required; Kirklees allocation £0.9m. In addition, a further £8.5m funding was received through Clinical Commissioning Group funding, targeted to cover COVID-19 associated costs related to aspects such as hospital discharge and follow-on care.
- 1.2.10 Following the move to Local COVID-19 Alert Levels, and subsequent second national lockdown from the 5 November 2020 for 28 days, Local Authorities were also eligible for a payment from the Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF) to support proactive containment and intervention measures. Kirklees received £8 per head in November 2020; equating to £3.5m. An expansion of the COMF was later set out in the COVID-19 Winter Plan published on 23 November whereby regular payments, up to a maximum of £4 per head, were paid to Local Authorities facing higher restrictions until the end of the financial year in recognition of the ongoing public health and outbreak management costs of tacking COVID-19. Kirklees received a total of £11.1m of COMF funding over the course of 2020/21 in addition to an original £2.5m Test and Trace funding allocation for the development of local action plans to reduce the spread of the virus.
- 1.2.11 There have also been a range of financial support measures put in place by Government to support businesses through the COVID-19 crisis. The Council has implemented a number of national measures locally for 2020/21 including an extension of 100% business rate reliefs for all businesses with a rateable value of up to £51k, and for specific businesses in retail, hospitality and leisure above £51k rateable value.
- 1.2.12 The Council has administered the Government grant schemes put in place to support eligible businesses with their business costs during the pandemic; processing grant payments to businesses on the Government's behalf, with approximately 8,600 grant payments to businesses, totalling £96.6m, and a further 842 discretionary grant payments at a sum of £5.2m having been paid across to businesses. A further package of funding for eligible businesses was launched as part of the COVID-19 Winter Plan, once again to be administered on Government's behalf by Local Authorities. Kirklees processed 18,444 of these additional grant payments, totalling £42.2m, in 2020/21. It is estimated that in the region of 11,000 individual businesses have been assisted through the receipt of one or more payment from the various grant schemes.
- 1.2.13 Financial Support measures have also been taken for individuals, with the introduction of additional council tax reliefs provided to recipients of working age Local Council Tax Support (LCTS) schemes during the COVID-19 emergency (see also paragraph 1.10.3). Funding for this was through an initial national £500m Hardship Fund; of which Kirklees' allocation was £5.0m. On 10 July, Government announced Supplementary Hardship Funding of £551k for Kirklees (£63m nationally) to support people who were struggling to afford food and other essentials due to COVID-19. This funding was used in-year to deliver appropriate interventions to those in greatest Readle 104

through the existing Kirklees Local Welfare Provision Scheme.

1.2.14 A full list of Government COVID-19 funding allocated to Kirklees up to 31st March 2021 is listed at Appendix 2c. Where accounting rules and grant conditions allowed, unspent grant amounts were transferred into earmarked reserves at year-end for drawdown against ongoing eligible costs in 2021/22.

1.3 Children & Families

Learning – High Needs

- 1.3.1 The National Fair Funding (NFF) formula was implemented by Government from 2018/19. The High Needs block under the new NFF acknowledges the level of previous under-funding, and Government intention was to increase Kirklees' annual allocation by £7m in comparison to the 2017/18 baseline. The transitional arrangements phased this change in over a 7-year period, at about £1m per annum. This phasing was reflected in existing budget plans.
- 1.3.2 The Council has reported extensively on the fact that since the 2014 Children and Families Act was implemented, there has been a significant rise in the number of Education Health & Care Plans (EHCPs) within Kirklees. The total number of EHCPs within Kirklees in 2020/21 was 3,018; an increase of 9.3% from 2019/20 and approximately 44% from comparable figures in 2015. The rising demand and cost pressures show no sign of slowing down, both locally and nationally, with continued growth of EHCP numbers anticipated in future years.
- 1.3.3 For Kirklees, there is a significant and increasing funding pressure against the High Needs block of the Dedicated Schools Grant; to the extent that the Council's General Fund has supported unfunded DSG pressures at £4.4m in 2017/18 and £8m in 2018/19. There was a further overspend of £12.9m in 2019/20 (equivalent to 34.85% of the High Needs funding allocation) which was transferred to the balance sheet in full at year-end, as a funding deficit against DSG. This reflected updated Government guidance for the treatment of High Needs overspends from 2019/20 onwards. A link to the guidance is included below:

Pre-16 schools funding: local authority guidance for 2021 to 2022 - GOV.UK

- 1.3.4 Government has acknowledged the extent of current and growing spend pressures on High Needs through the 2019/20 Spending Round (SR2019) announcement in September 2019, which included £700m additional funding for High Needs in 2020/21. This was subsequently confirmed through the Local Government Finance Settlement with the Council's share at £6.1m for 2020/21. This includes the minimum £1m annual uplift for Kirklees as part of transitional arrangements to mitigate the £7m baseline 2018/19 under-funding (see also paragraph 1.3.1 above).
- 1.3.5 The 2020/21 Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) High Needs funding allocation for Kirklees is £43.1m, inclusive of the £6.1m additional funding noted above. The 2020/21 in-year pressure on High Needs spend in excess of the DSG funding allocation was £10.7m (equivalent to 24.8%). This spending pressure was transferred to Kirklees' balance sheet at year end, thereby increasing the DSG Deficit to £25.1m by 31 March 2021.
- 1.3.6 In 2019/20, the DSG deficit was shown in the accounts as a negative usable reserve within General Fund earmarked reserves and balances. However, in 2020/21 the accounting treatment for this deficit changed and it is now held separately in the 105

'Dedicated Schools Grant Adjustment Account' as an unusable reserve (see also paragraph 1.9.1).

- 1.3.7 Dedicated Schools Grant allocations for 2021/22 were released by the Government in December 2020. The published figures indicate that Kirklees will see a significant increase in High Needs Block funding for 2021/22, with an allocation of £48.8m; an increase of £5.6m on the 2020/21 figure. This represents the maximum increase of 12% per head of population.
- 1.3.8 High Needs remains an area of significant and growing pressure on Council budgets nationally and locally, and officers will continue to review and update current and future year forecasts informed by national and local intelligence. It is anticipated that medium term, growth pressures will be mitigated at least in part through other measures, with the Council currently working on the implementation of a ten point action plan with key educational partners across the district. The budget plans, included in the Annual Budget Report to Council on 10 February 2021, reflect the Council's commitment to SEND investment (both revenue and capital) over the medium term. This is further reflected in a number of SEND proposals elsewhere on this Cabinet agenda as part of the overarching Council SEND transformation agenda.
- 1.3.9 The Council will also continue to engage with DfE, Schools Forum and other key stakeholders, using the framework of the updated operational guidance on schools funding 2021/22, to consider options to manage down the accumulated DSG deficit over time.

Learning and Early Support

- 1.3.10 As at 31st March 2021 there were 250 children with Education Health and Care Plans (EHCP's) using Post-16 Home to School Transport; an increase of 53 from the previous year. There are also a further 60 pupils assessed to use the service once COVID-19 restrictions have been lifted. Current arrangements allow for transport providers to continue to be paid for the overall quantum of eligible children, thereby ensuring that the service can resume in full once the restrictions are no longer in place. The increase in the number of pupils requiring transport is reflected in an overspend of £0.8m on Post-16 Home to School Transport.
- 1.3.11 This pressure also links into other school transport pressures highlighted in paragraph 1.6.1 further below, and the Council is currently exploring a range of alternate approaches, working with pupils, parents, schools sector and providers, to deliver more innovative and tailored transport options while reducing overall cost pressures. An additional £1.1m was built into base budgets going forwards as part of the 2020/21 Annual Budget Report to address the estimated residual ongoing pressure in this area, with £550k allocated to Post-16 budgets and the remaining £550k allocated to Schools Transport budgets within Environment. A further review of the baseline was undertaken as part of the 2021/22 Annual Budget report, with an additional £0.3m added into Children's base budget, and £1.2m added into Environment, from 2021/22 onwards.
- 1.3.12 The increased number of approved applications for funding support from Special Educational Needs and Disability Inclusion Fund (SENDIF) has resulted in an additional investment requirement of £0.8m. The fund primarily supports 2-4 year olds with special educational needs who attend a Private Voluntary and Independent (PVI) or mainstream school nursery setting. Numbers of children accessing the fund increased from 406 to 486 during 2020/21 and estimates are that this growth will continue in 2021/22 alongside a growth in complexity of need.

- 1.3.13 The service has strengthened the resources in the Early Years SEN Inclusion Team and are providing training to nursery settings to upskill their workforce so that they can meet the needs of the children rather than having to access SENDIF. This is intended to help mitigate pressures on this budget going forward. The 2021/22 annual budget report factored this ongoing investment need into approved budget plans.
- 1.3.14 The above additional investment requirement has been managed in-year by savings of £0.7m on employee budgets due to vacant posts over the period April to December. The underspends are earmarked to fund new posts in Family Support Hubs and are consequently one-year savings only.

Child Protection and Family Support

1.3.15 Within External Residential Placements and Independent Fostering Placement budgets there was a pressure of £1.8m primarily related to the deferred placement target for Looked After Children (LAC) in light of a number of COVID-19 impacted issues affecting the timing of targeted savings. As at 31st March 2021, LAC numbers were 666; an increase of 40, or 6%, since July 2019. Work is ongoing within the service to address these pressures by looking to safely move children to less costly placements and also to increase local fostering capacity and reduce the reliance of more expensive external provision whilst continuing to maintain successful outcomes. This pressure was offset by savings of £1.9m on employee budgets related to vacancies and staff turnover across the service.

Resources, Improvements and Partnerships

1.3.16 Within Resources, Improvements and Partnerships there was an underspend of £0.8m. This arose due to a combination of savings on service wide employee costs, supplies and services, transport and demand led budgets (mainly underspending on Internal residential homes); £0.5m of the underspending related to demand led budgets and this should be considered in conjunction with the £1.8m overspending highlighted above in Child Protection and Family Support.

COVID-19 Impacts – Children and Families

- 1.3.17 Within Children and Families there was additional spend of £3.4m due to COVID-19; £2.5m of which related to Child Protection and Family Support. In the main this was made up of £0.8m of placement accommodation costs associated with young people aged 18 remaining in care due to restricted movement. There was also £0.7m of staff cost pressures associated with creating additional capacity in Children's residential homes including the use of Crescent Dale to meet the increased demand due to COVID-19, and £0.4m increased youth remand accommodation costs due to the suspension of trial dates.
- 1.3.18 There were COVID-19 spend pressures of £0.9m within Learning and Early Support; largely £0.6m payments to schools, third party providers and voluntary groups to ensure vulnerable children have access to healthy food and activities during the holidays.
- 1.3.19 Income losses within Learning and Early Support totalled £0.5m; £0.3m of which reflected the impact of school closures on budgeted Attendance Penalty Notice income. The remainder related to reduced income from the Duke of Edinburgh scheme.

- 1.4.1 The overall position for Adults was an overspend of £0.9m. Within this, there were notable variances across key demand-led headings, with some elements offsetting others. Within Independent Sector Home Care there was a £4.6m overspend; due primarily to continuing increased delivery of home care to the public, a pre-pandemic trend that has accelerated because of a shift in market patterns as a result of COVID-19. The level of weekly hours provision of home care (and therefore cost) has risen significantly since October 2019 (when the measures were put in place), and also since March 2020 as the pandemic took hold. There have been additional costs that they have experienced and the need to secure additional capacity to support hospital pressures.
- 1.4.2 There was an underspend on Independent Sector Residential & Nursing placements of £4.4m, predominantly around the Older People cohort. Again, this is due to shifting patterns in the market, and the impact of the pandemic. Note that this underspend was offset by the homecare overspend (see paragraph 1.4.1 above), with the latter including the funding of individuals who would otherwise have moved into residential care. Note also that these figures reflect the costs of other provider support measures implemented in response to COVID-19.

COVID-19 Impacts – Adults and Health

- 1.4.3 The pandemic has had a significant impact on the Social Care market, as evidenced by some of the variances listed above. Adult social care providers have seen significant operational and financial pressures, including additional vacancies arising in care homes, additional costs of providing services in the context of COVID-19, impacts on cash flow, and uncertainty within the market. Such challenges have been well documented locally, regionally and nationally.
- 1.4.4 Officers have been working closely with the two Kirklees Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCG's) to establish a programme of practical support to social care providers, particularly care home providers.
- 1.4.5 An in-year support package for providers was put in place in light of the pandemic. A number of measures were implemented, with support provided to care home providers and also to Domiciliary Care/Extra Care/Supported Living providers. Key elements within this were a 5% premium paid to care home providers in addition to the business as usual % uplifts that were applied for the new financial year; resulting in additional £2.0m spend, and also payments made to cover the 3 days after death of a resident. Alongside this there has been specific, targeted support where required. A programme has also been undertaken with the two CCG's to support hospital avoidance and early hospital discharge. Assistance was provided to Domiciliary Care by paying on planned hours rather than actuals. Alongside all of these there has also been specific, targeted support for all providers. Across the various measures, support in the region of £11.5m was provided to Care home, Home care, Extra care and Supported Living providers.
- 1.4.6 The Council also continues to utilise nationally announced Government funding allocated for Social Care. This includes Infection Control Funding, Rapid Testing Funding, and the Workforce Support funding. The utilisation of this continued through the year and is ongoing.
- 1.4.7 As we move into 2021/22 there is a strong need to evaluate how the pandemic has affected vulnerable residents, and what changes are being seen in terms of demand patterns. Work is underway with providers in the Care home market to revie **Page 108**

recent fall in demand, how much of this has been caused by the pandemic, and how much is due to changes in longer term shifts. There is the question of what the new 'normal' will be both in the short and long term, and in terms of type of support required (with the possibility of it being driven more by people with complex needs). Working with partners will be key, as will the utilisation of market research.

- 1.4.8 A recent analysis by Age UK has found that the pandemic has "sharply accelerated the care needs of significant numbers of older people." Their latest figures show that 1.2m older people aged 60+ in the UK who had difficulty walking up and down the stairs before the first lockdown report this activity has become even more difficult for them since then, while 1.45m now have difficulty walking short distances when previously this did not pose problems for them at all.
- 1.4.9 All told, there will be a challenge for Social Care in managing the approach as we move forwards, matching resource to demand, all within the national funding envelope. Work is already being undertaken to analyse and plan, alongside partners.

1.5 Growth and Regeneration

1.5.1 There was an underspend of £0.4m in Business and Skills as a result of pausing some non-essential workstreams to prioritise the COVID-19 response. There was also a £0.3m underspend within Growth and Housing in relation to staff costs charged to capital schemes in-year.

COVID-19 Impacts – Growth and Regeneration

1.5.2 Across Growth and Regeneration there were pressures totalling £3.3m with respect to COVID-19; £2.3m of which related to income losses. £1.8m of the losses sat within Growth and Housing and included £0.9m on Markets, £0.6m on Planning Fees and £0.2m on Building Control Fees. There was also additional spend of £0.9m on temporary accommodation facilities provided during the pandemic; £0.7m of which was offset by specific COVID-19 funding streams. Within Economy and Skills there was £0.5m income loss relating to Commercial Properties.

1.6 Environment and Climate Change

Environment

- 1.6.1 Within Environment there was an overspend of £1.3m on Schools Transport; in the main linked to special educational needs demand (links also to the Learning High Needs Section 1.3 of the report earlier). An additional £550k was built into Environment base budgets going forwards as part of the 2020/21 Annual Budget Report, as noted in paragraph 1.3.10. A further review of this baseline was undertaken as part of the 2021-26 Annual Budget Report, adding a further £1.2m into Environment base budgets for Schools Transport from 2021/22 onwards.
- 1.6.2 There was also an overspend of £1.3m on Seasonal Weather due to a higher than budgeted numbers of grits in-year. An additional £0.6m base budget was added into Environment for winter maintenance from 2021/22 onwards as part of the 2021-26 Annual Budget Report, recognising the ongoing impact of climate change on this activity. In conjunction with this, the remaining Seasonal Weather reserve at £2.4m was redirected to the COVID-19 Response reserve to support specific local costs above Government funded national measures.

1.6.3 Highways underspent by £1.3m in 2020/21 due largely to capitalisation within allowable accounting rules, of costs previously allocated to revenue in-year (see also paragraph 1.8.3). There was also a £0.3m short-term pressure in Bereavement due to an income shortfall relating to the Cremator Replacement project.

COVID-19 Impacts - Environment

- 1.6.4 In 2020/21, the most significant variances within Environment and Climate Change relate to the impacts of COVID-19, with a total full year pressure of £18.5m across both spend and income budgets.
- 1.6.5 There were £9.2m COVID-19 related spend pressures within Environment in 2020/21; £6.2m of which related to PPE costs offset in full by Contain Outbreak Management Funding. The balance of costs at £3.0m included additional spend of £1.8m on Waste services largely associated with vehicles and hired staff required for additional duties related to COVID-19; £0.8m, costs of managing increased domestic waste volumes; £0.5m, traffic management at household waste sites; £0.2m, and the use of hired staff to cover absences; £0.2m. There were also costs of £0.4m on School Catering, including the provision of 'grab bags' for pupils during school closures, £0.4m for cremator works and temporary mortuary facilities and £0.1m within Schools Transport, linked in the main to the impact of social distancing measures. This was in addition to the overspends already noted in paragraphs 1.3.10 and 1.6.1 above, due to special educational needs demand.
- 1.6.6 There were substantial income losses of £9.3m across Environment and Climate Change; the most significant being £4.3m on Parking Fees and Fines, largely as a result of national lockdown measures on non-essential businesses, home working due to social distancing and local measures to encourage high street footfall through extension of resident free parking in the borough's major towns; plus a further £2.8m on Catering due to school closures. Other losses included £0.7m on Trade Waste, £0.5m on Town Halls and Public Halls, £0.3m on Bereavement Services and £0.3m on Public Protection.
- 1.6.7 The 2021/22 Annual Budget Report includes provision within central budgets to reflect the likelihood of continued income loss from sales, fees and charges and commercial rents as a result of COVID-19, over the medium term. This includes £5.0m service income loss provision in 2021/22, reducing by £1.0m per annum, through to 2025/26, in anticipation of the recovery of the local economy.

1.7 Corporate Strategy, Commissioning and Public Health

1.7.1 Within the Directorate there was an overspend of £0.4m on Employee Healthcare, largely in relation to new system and software costs, additional staffing and reduced income.

COVID-19 Impacts - Corporate Strategy, Commissioning & Public Health

1.7.2 There was additional spend of £10.4m within Corporate Strategy, Commissioning and Public Health relating to COVID-19; £5.4m of which was funded directly by specific COVID-19 grant streams. This included £1.9m of support for our most vulnerable residents with the cost of food, energy, water bills and other essentials; offset by the Winter Grant Scheme, £0.6m of testing programme costs; offset by Community Testing Funding, £0.7m of costs for administrating support payments to those on low incomes who had to self-isolate; offset by Self Isolation Grant funding and £0.5m of welfare provision costs offset by the Emergency Assistance Grant.

- 1.7.3 COMF was also applied across Corporate Strategy, Commissioning and Public Health activity at £1.6m; largely funding £1.2m of additional IT and remote working costs and £0.3m of additional Ward Activity spend.
- 1.7.4 The balance of additional COVID-19 spend unfunded by specific grants was £5.0m. This mostly reflected a £4m payment to Kirklees Active Leisure (KAL) to address the net revenue losses incurred as a result of enforced closure of leisure centres during the pandemic and ensure KAL's financial sustainability and future recovery post-COVID-19.
- 1.7.2 The income compensation scheme outlined in paragraph 1.2.7 compensates for COVID-19 related losses from Council owned leisure services, or through a planned management fee, where there is an arms-length relationship. However, the income compensation scheme does not cover other 3rd party provider arrangements such as Kirklees Active Leisure (KAL) Trust.
- 1.7.3 On 22 October 2020, Government announced a £100m funding package aimed at outsourced local authority leisure centres to support the recovery going forward of those services deemed to be most in need; however retrospective funding deficits are not eligible. A successful submission was put forwards by the Council with joint sign off from KAL for funding of £1.1m which will be paid across to KAL in 2021/22.
- 1.7.4 Within Finance there were COVID-19 related income losses of £1.6m for Welfare and Exchequer, largely due to temporary suspension of recovery action for non-payment and the suspension of court hearings during the pandemic.

1.8 Central Budgets

- 1.8.1 There was an overspend of £1.4m in Central Budgets relating to the approved 2020/21 employer pay offer of 2.75%. Original Central Budgets for 2020/21 included pay inflation at 2%. Central Budgets have been uplifted by £1.4m in the recent 2021/22 Annual Budget report to account for this unfunded element of the 2020/21 pay award.
- 1.8.2 As reported in the 2019/20 Closedown Report, the Council took the opportunity to prepay it's superannuation contributions to the West Yorkshire Pension Fund for 2020/21. This resulted in a saving to the Council of £0.6m within Central Budgets.
- 1.8.3 In line with last year's closedown process, an exercise was conducted to capitalise £3.2m of costs previously allocated to revenue in-year, within allowable accounting rules and existing Council policies. This released £0.9m revenue within Central Budgets alongside £2.3m in Environment, thereby helping to offset in-year pressures and maximise the roll forward of un-ringfenced COVID-19 funding through reserves for use in 2021/22 (see also paragraphs 1.6.3 and 1.12.8).

COVID-19 Impacts – Central Budgets

- 1.8.4 No Yorkshire Purchasing Organisation (YPO) dividend income was received in 2020/21 due the impact of the pandemic on the organisation's income and cashflow position; largely because of school closures affecting the demand for education supplies. This left an adverse variance of £0.6m within Central budgets.
- 1.8.5 Additional spend of £0.3m was incurred due to the one-off home worker payment made to those staff up to Spinal Column Point (SCP) 50 required to work from home due to Government guidelines. The payment was to assist with heating and lightinge 111

costs over the winter period and covered the 6 months between 1st October 2020 to 31st March 2021.

Flexible Capital Receipts

- 1.8.6 The Council's flexible capital receipts strategy was applied in relation to £2.3m transformation related spend 2020/21. These costs meet the criteria for qualifying expenditure of *funding the cost of service reconfiguration, restructuring or rationalisation (staff or non-staff), where this leads to ongoing efficiency savings or service transformation, set out at paragraph 3i) of the Flexible Capital Receipts strategy which can be found at Appendix 9.*
- 1.8.7 The strategy is based on current Government guidance which allows the capitalisation of certain types of qualifying revenue expenditure in-year, funded from the flexible use of 'in-year' generated capital receipts. At the time the 2020/21 approved budgets were set, there was no specific ask to apply the above policy in year, unlike in previous years. However, in light of the subsequent impact of COVID-19 on Council finances, the policy was applied at year end as approved as part of the October 2020 Budget Strategy Update Report. The equivalent £2.3m revenue savings freed up from applying flexible receipts to eligible spend was transferred to a Transformation reserve at year end (see also paragraph 1.9.9).

Revenue Rollover

1.8.8 Council Financial Procedure Rules allows for consideration of revenue rollover, but only if the overall General Fund is in an underspend position at year end. The marginal underspend of £5k against a revised revenue budget of £275m was added to general balances at year end.

1.9 General Fund Reserves

- 1.9.1 General Fund reserves and balances have increased through 2020/21 by £81.7m; from £115.7m at the start of the year to £197.4m as at 31 March 2021. Within this increase is a technical adjustment to transfer the DSG deficit out of usable reserves and into unusable reserves as outlined in paragraph 1.3.6. This artificially inflates the in-year increase in reserves by £14.4m; this being the opening balance of DSG deficit as at 1st April 2020.
- 1.9.2 Once the effect of the treatment of the DSG deficit is discounted, the increase in reserves in 2020/21 was £67.3m. Of this, £49.0m, or 72.8%, related to the transfer of COVID-19 funding into earmarked revenue reserves for spend against continuing pressures relating to the pandemic in 2021/22. This was due to timing differences between the receipt of the funding and the associated outgoing expenditure.

COVID-19 Reserves

- 1.9.3 The Expanded Business Rate Reliefs reserve at £24.0m accounts for nearly half of the transfers into reserves relating to COVID-19 funding. This reflects grant received from Government in 2020/21 for Kirklees' share of expanded business rate reliefs passed onto businesses by the Council. Due to current accounting rules, this funding cannot be discharged against the collection fund deficit until 2021/22 and has therefore been moved to earmarked reserves at year end.
- 1.9.4 Following the same reasoning as the above, £5.0m of central government funding for Local Tax Income Losses in 2020/21 has also been transferred into earmar age 112

reserves and will be drawn down against the collection fund deficit in future years. This complies with best practice guidance issued by CIPFA on the year-end treatment of these two COVID-19 related income streams.

- 1.9.5 It should be noted that both the Extended Business Rates Relief Compensation reserve and the Local Tax Income Loss Compensation reserve are purely technical in nature and will be applied in full against the rolled forward collection fund deficit in future years. As such, the balances on these reserves are excluded from the total useable reserves levels indicated at Appendix 3a and described at paragraph 1.9.13 below.
- 1.9.6 The remaining COVID-19 funding transferred to reserves in-year is made up of £7.9m Business Grants funding to be allocated to Local Businesses in 2021/22, £6.5m of unringfenced COVID-19 Support Grant not spent in-year and £5.6m of various other COVID-19 specific grants. In the main, this includes £2.0m Test and Trace funding, £1.3m Clinically Extremely Vulnerable funding and £1.1m Contain Outbreak Management Funding (COMF).
- 1.9.7 Kirklees received £23.6m of un-ringfenced COVID-19 Support grant in 2020/21 (tranches 2 to 4). £17.1m of this was used to offset in-year pressures with the remaining £6.5m balance transferred into the COVID-19 Response reserve at year end. This added to the £11.1m opening balance generated at the end of 2019/20 from unspent Tranche 1 funding received in March 2020. A further £2.4m was also transferred into the COVID-19 Response reserve, giving a closing balance as at 31st March 2021 of £20.0m. This was achieved through a re-direct of the Seasonal Weather reserve as approved in the 2021-26 Budget Strategy Update Report to Cabinet and Council.
- 1.9.8 The COVID-19 Response reserve will provide additional short-term resilience for unfunded COVID-19 financial pressures, as well as targeted support to some of the borough's most financially vulnerable individuals and households. It is proposed that the £20.0m balance on the COVID-19 Response reserve is earmarked as follows:
 - i) $\underline{\pounds 3.5m}$ up to $\pounds 3.5m$ further KAL financial "underwrite" in 2021/22 (see separate KAL Partnership/funding report also on this Cabinet agenda. There may be potential for some further Government funding for 3rd party leisure providers in 2021/22 in addition to the £1.1m the Council has received to date from DCMS.
 - ii) <u>£6.4m</u> set aside required to offset the balance of mainly COVID-19 impacted Collection fund deficit rolled forward from 2020/21, not covered by the Government tax income loss compensation scheme.
 - iii) $\underline{\pounds 2.0m}$ underwrite to Council 'recovery/recouperation' from COVID-19 plans through 2021/22 as the Council transitions from pandemic to post-recovery.
 - iv) <u>£8.1m</u> balance of COVID-19 Response reserve to at least in part, mitigate against COVID-19 impacted financial pressures washing through the remainder of the current MTFP. There are up to £17m Government 'unfunded' COVID-19 related pressures over the 2021-24 period as set out in the approved 2021-26 Annual Budget Report.

Other Reserves

1.9.9 The year-end reserves position set out in Appendix 3a incorporates the new Transformation reserve at £2.3m, set aside for strategic transformation developments over the next 12 to 24 months. This was generated through the application of fleage 113

capital receipts in-year to eligible revenue base budget activity as referred to in paragraph 1.8.7 above.

- 1.9.10 There is also a new Place Standard reserve at £0.5m; created from slippage against the 2021/22 Place Infrastructure Capacity base budget. This reserve has been set aside to support the resourcing of emerging Place Standard action plans.
- 1.9.11 A £1.0m Treasury Smoothing reserve was established in 2020/21 from the transfer of in-year treasury management underspends; largely in relation to interest costs. This reserve has been set aside to manage the marginal volatility of treasury management budgets with respect to potential changes in interest rates and also the in-year reprofiling of approved capital scheme delivery funded by borrowing.
- 1.9.12 Original 2020/21 budget plans assumed the release of £9.1m MRP flexibility base budget in 2020/21. Given the scale of the short term and largely unprecedented financial pressures impacting on the Council in-year, a further unwinding to the maximum allowable level of £13.7m was approved as part of the October 2020 Budget Strategy Update Report. The additional £4.6m release of budget in-year was transferred to earmarked reserves, with £3.6m added into the Demand reserve and £1.0 into the Inclusive Investment reserve.
- 1.9.13 Total usable reserves (excluding Schools reserves, Public Health and Collection Fund reserves) as at 31 March 2021 are £153.3m; equivalent to 48.2% of the 2021/22 £317.9m (net) revenue budget. If all COVID-19 related reserves expected to be utilised in 2021/22 are excluded from the calculation, the adjusted useable reserves balance as at 31 March 2021 is £119.8m, or 37.7% of the 2021/22 (net) revenue budget. For comparator purposes, based on the recently updated CIPFA resilience index using 2019/20 revenue outturn data, the median percentage across the 36 metropolitan Councils on this particular indicator was 37% as at 31 March 2020, accepting that this data is a snapshot in time from 12 months back.
- 1.9.14 The significance of this indicator is that it features as part of CIPFA's suite of 'financial resilience' performance indicators being developed to support officers, members and other stakeholders as an independent and objective suite of indicators that measure the relative financial sustainability and resilience of Councils, given extensive and ongoing national coverage and concern about financial sustainability across the local government sector.
- 1.9.15 Financial resilience reserves as at 1st April 2021 will remain at just over £37m, which was also the minimum financial reserves requirement recommendation by the Chief Financial Officer at least to the start of 2022/23, as set out in the 2021-26 Annual Budget Report. The financial resilience risk reserve is informed by the Council's corporate risk register; current version attached at Appendix 10 for information.

1.10 Collection Fund

1.10.1 The Collection Fund accounts separately for council tax and business rates income and payments. There was an in-year deficit of £34.6m in 2020/21; £3.3m with respect to Council Tax and £31.2m from Business Rates. Table 3 below summarises the financial performance of the collection fund in 2020/21.

Table 3 – Collection Fund Summary

Collection Fund forecast (Council Share)	Council Tax	Business Rates	Total
	£000	£000	£000
(Surplus)/Deficit at 1st April 2020	1,180	(3,685)	(2,505)
Re-payments to/(from) General Fund 20/21	58	3,377	3,435
In year Financial Performance	3,315	31,241	34,556
(Surplus)/Deficit at 31st March 2021	4,553	30,933	35,486

- 1.10.2 The £3.3m in-year deficit from Council Tax reflects 98.3% achievement against planned income of £190.0m. The percentage of Council Tax collected in year was 95.67% (2019/20: 95.41%). The Council's share of the arrears outstanding as at 31 March 2021 was £17.1m (31 March 2020: £14.7m). In-year performance was impacted by an increase in the bad debt provision as a direct result the impact of COVID-19 on the ability of taxpayers to pay their council tax bills.
- 1.10.3 The Council Tax in-year position also includes £4.5m increased spend, and the equivalent Hardship Funding offset, for additional discounts applied to current working age recipients of Local Council Tax Support (LCTS). The 2020/21 budget calculations, pre-COVID-19, assumed approximately 23,000 working age LCTS recipients. Revised figures show a significant increase in claimants to 26,513, equivalent to a 15.3% rise, at 31st March 2021.
- 1.10.4 Of the in-year Business Rates deficit of £31.2m; £24.0m is 'technical' in nature as it relates to a downward income adjustment as a result of the expanded retail discount scheme, first announced by Government in March 2020 in response to the pandemic after 2020/21 budgets had already been set. The additional reliefs awarded to businesses are funded in full by Central Government through section 31 grant payments. The payments have been transferred into earmarked reserves at year-end and will be drawn down in 2021/22 against the carried forward collection fund deficit (see also paragraph 1.9.3). The balance of in-year deficit is £7.2m.
- 1.10.5 The in-year Business Rates position also reflects the further review of the Council's provision for historical appeals valuations outstanding; set at £1.3m for Kirklees' share at 31st March 2020. This requirement was revised upwards to £2.6m in-year, reflecting the impact of increasing numbers, and the success rate thereof, of appeals against the 2017 rating list.
- 1.10.6 The balance of the Business Rates deficit relates to the impact of COVID-19 on business activity. The percentage of Business Rates collected in the year was 80.32% (2019/20: 97.09%). There has been a significant increase in arrears in 2020/21, with Kirklees' share at £7.6m compared to £3.3m at 31st March 2020. This reflects an increase of 130%, directly impacting on the bad debt provision requirement which has increased to £5.5.m at 31st March 2021 (31 March 2020: £2.2m).
- 1.10.7 Charges to the General Fund each year from the Council (the billing authority) for Council Tax and Business Rates, and to the major precepting authorities (Fire & Rescue Authority, Office of Police & Crime Commissioner) are based on estimates. Actual income collected year on year will vary. These timing differences result in actual surpluses or deficits which are rolled forward year on year through the collection fund, and 'settled' over following years, through relevant payment adjustments to the General Fund/major precepting authorities.
- 1.10.8 Due to the impact of COVID-19 on the collection of both Council Tax and Bufilege 115 Rates, a change to Collection Fund accounting was introduced for 2020/21, which

spreads the impact of COVID-19 related deficits over three financial years (with the exception of the aforementioned £24m Government grant funded Business Rate reliefs), thus smoothing the impact on the revenue budget. The Council's 2021/21 budget and future years budget estimates have been prepared using this new facility.

1.11 Housing Revenue Account

- 1.11.1 The Council's Housing Revenue Account (HRA) accounts for all Council housing related revenue expenditure and income in a separate statutory (ring-fenced) account. The revenue outturn was a £2.6m deficit against an annual turnover budget of £91.5m in 2020/21.
- 1.11.2 The deficit included an adverse variance of £1.2m with relation to depreciation charges, £0.5m overspend on Council Tax voids, £0.2m increase on the KNH fee and £0.1m additional grounds maintenance costs.
- 1.11.3 There were also variations totalling £0.9m on income; £0.4m of which relates to the COVID-19 emergency. This reflected a £0.3m under collection of rent income and £0.1m under collection of service charges. Further pressures linked to COVID-19 included increased material costs due to demand over lockdown, and additional workforce pressures relating to salary costs for operatives that work on planned/capital schemes.
- 1.11.4 HRA reserves at 31 March 2021, net of set asides for business risks and investment needs and a minimum working balance, is £56.1m which will roll forward to support future HRA asset investment in line with HRA longer term business plan requirements.
- 1.11.5 A summary of the HRA outturn and reserves position can be found at Appendix 4.

1.12 Capital

- 1.12.1 The Council's revised capital budget programme for 2020/21 totalled **£115.1m** across a range of schemes and programmes.
- 1.12.2 The nature of capital programmes and funding means that with some schemes, there is greater potential for variations in-year; for example timing of external funding being secured, or the size and complexity of specific schemes meaning longer lead in times than originally profiled in capital budget plans. In recognition of this, Council Financial Procedure Rules (FPR's) allows greater in-year flexibility for Cabinet to amend existing Programme and scheme allocations between years. A revised budget of £125.9m was reported as part of the Q3 Corporate Financial Monitoring Report on 15 March 2021. Subsequent application of the FPR flexibility in-year through quarterly financial monitoring reporting largely contributed to a revised capital budget of £115.1m. The budget has decreased by £10.8m since Quarter 3 mainly due to budget being reporfiled into latter years of the plan (-£11.5m) offset partly by increased grants and contributions (+£0.7m). A breakdown of the budget changes including the re-profiling requests since Quarter 3 can be found in Appendix 6.
- 1.12.3 The 2020/21 capital outturn was £93.6m, which is about £12.4m higher than equivalent capital outturn spend in 2019/20 of £81.2m. The variance at year end is £21.5m.

1.12.4 The capital outturn position is summarised in Table 4 below. Of the total £93.6m actual spend, £40m relates to strategic priorities, £50.7m relates to baseline capital spend, the balance of £2.9m to projects of a one-off nature.

By Category	Revised Capital Budget £000	Outturn £000	Variance £000
Aspire & Achieve	13,524	11,400	(2,124)
Best Start	956	939	(17)
Independent	1,713	1,128	(585)
Sustainable Economy	64,221	47,709	(16,512)
Well	8,733	7,499	(1,234)
Safe & Cohesive	10	13	3
Clean & Green	4,303	2,832	(1,471)
Efficient & Effective	2,325	4,627	2,302
General Fund	95,785	76,147	(19,638)
Strategic Priorities	4,949	4,065	(884)
Baseline	14,345	13,362	(983)
Housing Revenue Account	19,294	17,427	(1,867)
Total Capital Budget	115,079	93,574	(21,505)

Table 4 – Capital Outturn 2020/21

- 1.12.5 A more detailed breakdown of the capital outturn position is provided at Appendix 5 (a) and 5 (b), along with key variances highlighted.
- 1.12.6 Capital expenditure at year end was funded by the following sources of finance; borrowing £40m, grants and contributions £29.9m, capital receipts at £7.6m, Major Repairs reserve (HRA) at £12.8m and HRA reserves/revenue contributions at £3.3m. This is shown in more detail at Appendix 8 (a).
- 1.12.7 Actual borrowing costs incurred in 2020/21 are largely consistent with treasury management budget assumptions. Treasury management budgetary assumptions are reviewed annually as part of the annual budget refresh and take account any changes in the profiling and quantum of capital spend to be funded from borrowing over the periodically refreshed multi-year capital plans.
- 1.12.8 In line with last years closedown process, an exercise was conducted to capitalise £3.2m of costs previously allocated to revenue in-year, within allowable accounting rules and existing Council policies. The funding released within revenue helped to offset in-year pressures and maximise the roll forward of un-ringfenced COVID-19 funding through reserves for use in 2021/22 (see paragraph 1.8.3). Funding of this additional capitalisation year end spend was met in the majority via un-ringfenced capital receipts and some uncommitted underspends from the wider capital plan. A further £2.3m revenue transformation costs were also capitalised and funded from inyear capital receipts under the flexible capital receipts policy.
- 1.12.9 Capital rollover proposals total £26.9m made up of £8.2m timing issues on contractually committed schemes rolling forward into 2021/22, a further £16.9m slippage on spend commitments tied to specific unspent grants and other ring-fenced resources, and £1.8m on uncommitted resources required to be carried forward. The £5.4m difference between the £26.9m capital rollover requested and the overall outturn variance of £21.5m was met from a combination of uncommitted Paice 117

receipts and in-year uncommitted capital budgets no longer required, as part of the year end capitalisation exercise.

Capital Rollover Proposals

- 1.12.10 When the Council approved the Capital Investment Plan on 10 February 2021 for the 5 year period from 2021/22 to 2025/26, it made provision for a level of investment of £836.1m within the Annual Budget Report (£656.4m General Fund, £179.7m HRA).
- 1.12.11 The proposal is to effectively re-profile planned spend totalling £26.9m from 2020/21 to 2021/22; £25.1m General Fund and £1.8m HRA. This largely reflects deferred spend against existing schemes rolled forward into future years.
- 1.12.12 The capital plan has now been updated to take account of the capital rollover totalling £26.9m from 2020/21 and changes in the estimated levels of resources available. The revised capital plan set out in this report, including re-profiled planned spend, stands at £957.4m over the 2021-26 period.

Multi-Year Capital Plan Refresh

1.12.13 The draft capital plan 2021-26 including slippage, rephasing and any new planned investment highlighted above, is shown at Appendix 8(a) and 8(b) and summarised in Table 5 below:

Capital Plan – Primary	21/22	22/23	23/24	24/25	25/26	Total
Outcomes	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Aspire & Achieve	24.6	20.4	15.1	11.6	3.7	75.4
Best Start	3.4	4.1	1.7	0.0	0.0	9.2
Independent	6.1	8.0	2.2	8.9	0.2	25.4
Sustainable Economy	125.2	198.6	81.4	48.9	118.5	572.6
Well	13.5	4.6	3.8	2.4	1.8	26.1
Safe & Cohesive	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Clean & Green	11.4	8.3	26.1	4.6	2.3	52.7
Efficient & Effective	4.5	2.2	1.5	1.5	2.2	11.9
General Fund	188.9	246.2	131.8	77.9	128.7	773.5
HRA - Independent	41.4	35.7	32.1	35.2	39.5	183.9
Council Total	230.3	281.9	163.9	113.1	168.2	957.4

Table 5 – Updated Capital Plan 2021-26

*categorisation here by primary outcome for illustrative purposes, acknowledging that in many instances capital investment delivers multiple outcomes.

- 1.12.14 Across Major Projects, in excess of 30 projects are in development. Some are at the early stages in their development cycle whilst others are nearing the delivery phase. Cost increases are being seen throughout the whole life development cycle, resulting in budgets being stretched.
- 1.12.15 Cost escalation is attributed to a combination of COVID-19, design development, materials, labour, environmental aspects, earthworks, structures and rerouting of utilities. In addition, the need to address and incorporate latest design guidance in order to achieve better bus, walking and cycling provision is also contributing to cost increases. Whilst Value for Money changes can be made to project scope and with rigid cost controls being in place, cost increases are somewhat inevitable as we seek to strive for quality outputs. Also, original funding allocations are 6-7 years old and did not fully factor in inflationary uplifts over subsequent years.

- 1.12.16 The West Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority (WYMCA) has recently published guidance to recipient authorities seeking extra funding on existing Major Project schemes. Currently the exceptional circumstances where additional funding can be granted is limited in scope but it is hoped that going forward a way can be found to fund cost increases being felt not only in Kirklees but across the Region as a whole.
- 1.12.17 The Council is set to underwrite and match fund identified West Yorkshire plus Transport schemes which are funded by WYMCA. These are highlighted in Table 6 below and identified collectively as a discrete line within the Capital Plan, over and above existing approved match funding.

	WYCA	Council
Scheme	£m	£m
A62 to Cooper Bridge Corridor Improvement	68.0	5.80
A629 Halifax Rd Phase 5	10.9	0.94
A62 Smart Corridor	6.1	2.15
Huddersfield Southern Corridors	7.9	0.20
	92.9	9.09

Table 6 – WYMCA Schemes Council Underwrite

- 1.12.18 As part of the government's comprehensive action to level up opportunity and prosperity across the country, it was announced in June 2021 that Dewsbury was successful in being offered a Town Deal to the value of £24.8m. The grant funding is included within the updated Capital Plan helping to drive long-term economic and productivity growth in Dewsbury. Schemes benefitting from this funding include the Town Park (£6.25m) Dewsbury Market Upgrade (£6m), Daisy Hill (£3m), Building Revival (£3.15m). Council match-funding of £26.9m towards the Town Fund has been provided within the multi-year capital plan. The plan has also been grossed up to reflect assumptions regarding availability of external funding. An application for £18m external funding as part of the Levelling Up Fund bidding process is built into the Plan for Huddersfield New Market.
- 1.12.19 Construction of the Spen Valley Leisure Centre is progressing well. Additional costs have arisen due to loss and expense claims, additional contractor costs design and fixing issues etc. leading to additional funding being identified, some of which were to be originally met from the Strategic Investment reserve. It is proposed to add £2.18m borrowing towards the completion of this scheme, which is projected to now cost £18.6m overall.
- 1.12.20 The government grant allocations built into the 5 year Capital Plan approved by Council in February 2021 have been reviewed. Previously indicative annual grant assumptions for Capital Maintenance (+£200k p.a.) and Devolved Formula (+£50k p.a.) grant allocations have been revised from 2022/23 onwards within the updated Plan. The principle to be adopted in applying the Capital Plan is that annual expenditure must be within the confirmed grant allocation (once received) rather than the current indicative Capital Plan figure. The Highways Plan now includes £3.4m LTP DfT Pothole Funding across 2021/22 and 2022/23 and additional grant of £1.7m has been built in for the Transforming Cities Fund.
- 1.12.21 The Department for Education (DfE) announced local authority funding to support the provision of new places for children and young people with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) and those requiring alternative provision (AP). Kirklees has been given £1.6m High Needs Provision Capital Allocation (HNPCA) for 2021/22. The

funding is un-ringfenced and it is for local authorities to determine how best to use the funding to meet local priorities.

1.12.22 As part of the Flexible Capital Receipts Strategy which can be found in Appendix 9, a £2m Transformation Capitalisation budget has been built into 2021-22 to allow capitalisation of certain types of qualifying revenue expenditure in-year. This will be funded from the flexible use of 'in-year' generated capital receipts.

<u>Other</u>

- 1.12.23 Updated multi-year capital plans will continue to be reviewed and revised in line with Council strategic and operational priorities, costed proposals, delivery timescales, ongoing funding opportunities and reported back to Cabinet/Council as appropriate through the year. All costed proposals and options for both the Huddersfield Town Centre and Dewsbury Town Centre will continue to be reviewed to deliver the ambition set out in the Blueprint.
- 1.12.24 Cabinet received a report on the Council's vision for a new Cultural Heart (22 June 2021), built around the Queensgate Market and the existing library and art gallery building. Details on the development towards the Strategic Outline Business Case were provided with the programme estimating to reach a value of potentially £170-£200m overall. The Councils existing multi-year plan includes £33.8m which will be utilised in part to support Gateway 1 and 2 feasibility work on the pretext that there will be a capital programme from this initial development work.
- 1.12.25 The Council's updated financial strategy and budget planning framework for 2022/23 and future years will be presented to Cabinet and Council in October, and it is intended that the financial strategy update will include explicit reference to the Cultural Heart Programme and potential resource ask, to help inform subsequent budget proposals for member consideration at Budget Council in February 2022.
- 1.12.26 Kirklees Council has bid to the Levelling Up Fund for a package of works for £48m, to improve travel along the Penistone Line between Huddersfield, Barnsley, and Sheffield. Combined, this package of improvements will provide passengers with a seamless end-to-end journey and will encourage more people along the line to take the train. The programme of works will include mobility hubs at Penistone line stations, line speed and reliability infrastructure improvements and major infrastructure improvements to facilitate two trains per hour along the Penistone Line.
- 1.12.27 The Levelling Up Fund requires that delivery commences during 2021/22, and the fund is spent by 31 March 2024 at the latest, and exceptionally into 2024/25 for larger schemes. No further funding will be provided after 2024/25. The most significant works planned as part of this bid are still at an early stage of development and there is uncertainty around the costs and delivery timescales of the major infrastructure works to deliver two trains per hour on the Penistone Line. The Council is continuing to work with Network Rail to develop these options through standard business case development processes, resulting in a chosen infrastructure upgrade option.
- 1.12.28 A risk to the Council with the Levelling Up Fund relates to cost-overruns. The guidance for the Levelling Up Fund makes it clear that Kirklees Council accepts responsibility for meeting any costs over and above the Government contribution requested, including potential cost overruns and the underwriting of any funding contributions expected from third parties. The cost estimates provided as part of the bid are the most robust available at the time of the bid and will be managed in accordance with standard best practice project and contract management procedures. Depending on the timing of the Autumn 2021 Spending Review, which is when Government will announce 120

successful bidders, the Council's updated financial strategy will include reference to this programme in October, and subsequent costs firmed up and any attendant cost risks reviewed at Budget Council in February 2022.

- 1.12.29 Officers will continue to review capital budget profiles in year, and any further reprofiling movements between years will be reported to Cabinet as part of the quarterly financial monitoring arrangements through 2021/22, in accordance with Financial Procedure Rules 3.10-3.15. This approach acknowledges the growing complexities and challenges over the upcoming years in delivering to this scale of ambition
- 1.12.30 Future capital plan updates will also be presented periodically to Council as part of the annual budget strategy update and annual budget approval reports to Cabinet and Council as a matter of course as part of the annual planning cycle. All schemes will be reviewed in respect of deliverability priorities, financial risk and other risk associated with the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The current and forecast economic conditions arising from the pandemic will increase the risk that capital receipts may not be realised or values will be diminished. This will impact assumptions made in the capital plan financing to offset the borrowing requirement.
- 1.12.31 Provision has been made in the Revenue Budget and Medium-Term Financial Plan to cover the expected costs of borrowing. As revenue resources are themselves under considerable pressure, close scrutiny will need to continue to ensure borrowing fulfils the criteria of being affordable, prudent and sustainable.

Prudential Indicators

- 1.12.32 Appendix 7 provides a schedule of the prudential indicators applicable to affordability and prudence which have been reported as part of capital monitoring in 2020/21. Indicators applicable to treasury management are reported in the Review of Treasury Management activity for 2020/21 which can be found at Appendix 11. The Council has complied with its PI's for 2020/21.
- 1.12.33 The proportion of the annual revenue budget set aside to repay debt and interest is a matter of local decision, informed by relevant CIPFA prudential guidance relating to prudence, affordability and sustainability.

2 Information required to take a decision

2.1 The Appendices accompanying this report provide a more detailed breakdown of the outturn financial monitoring position, as follows:

Appendix 1 summarises, by service area, the General Fund revenue outturn position in 2020/21;

Appendix 2a summarises, by service area, the COVID-19 additional spend and income losses in 2020/21;

Appendix 2b categorises the 2020/21 COVID-19 additional spend by funding source;

Appendix 2c details Kirklees' COVID-19 funding allocations to 31st March 2021;

Appendix 3a summarises the General Fund reserves and balances movements inyear;

Appendix 3b sets out a glossary of terms for the General Fund reserves;

Appendix 4 summarises the HRA revenue outturn position including movements in HRA reserves in-year;

Appendix 5a summarises by Council priority Outcome, the capital outturn position in 2020/21

Appendix 5b summarises by Council priority Outcome, key capital outturn variances in excess of £500k, against revised capital budget, for 2020/21

Appendix 6 summarises key capital budget changes between Quarter 3 financial monitoring report and outturn, for 2020/21

Appendix 7 provides a schedule of prudential indicators for 2020/21, applicable to affordability and prudence;

Appendix 8a summarises the updated capital plan 2021/22-2025/26, taking into account rollover, grant changes and additions. A funding summary is also included;

Appendix 8b shows the detailed capital plan updated for 2021/22-2025/26 including rollover, by Council Priority Outcome;

Appendix 9 details the updated Council flexible capital receipts strategy;

Appendix 10 is the Corporate Risk Register, updated as at July 2021;

Appendix 11 is the Annual Report on Treasury Management activity to Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, 23 July 2021.

- 2.2 The corporate risk register at Appendix 10 summarises the key strategic risks or barriers to achieving the corporate objectives. It also provides visibility about the management actions which are either in place or brought into action to mitigate the impact of these risks. Many of these are of a financial nature and provide contextual information when setting the council's budget. There isn't a direct link but they do help to inform the level of reserve held by the council.
- 2.3 Individual risks vary over time, and the need to set aside reserves changes depending on the underlying budget provisions. The risk assessment reflects the approved budget plans updated for emerging and changing medium and significant risk.

3 Implications for the Council

- 3.1 The report provides summary information on the overall financial performance against annual Council revenue and capital budgets in 2020/21, incorporating as well an overall updated capital plan for 2021-26. These budgets support the overall delivery of the following Council objectives and Priorities within available resources:
 - i) Early Intervention and Prevention (EIP)
 - ii) Economic Resilience (ER)
 - iii) Improving Outcomes for Children
 - iv) Reducing demand of services

3.2 Working with People

3.3 Working with Partners

3.4 Place Based working

3.5 Climate Change & Air Quality

3.6 Improving Outcomes for Children

3.7 Other (e.g. Financial, Legal or Human Resources)

- 3.7.1 The Council has a statutory duty to balance its budget under section 31A of the Local Government and Finance Act 1992 and to take any necessary steps in-year to ensure this. Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 requires the Council to make proper arrangements for the administration of its financial affairs including budgetary control.
- 3.7.2 The Council's 2021-26 budget plans, approved at Budget Council on 10 February 2021, set out proposals for the delivery of an overall Council balanced budget for 2021/22, and indicative budget spending plans and funding forecasts over the following 4 years. This was against a backdrop of COVID-19 which brought an unprecedented level of challenge and uncertainty to the budget round.
- 3.7.3 The financial planning framework underpinning the budget proposals was pragmatic in nature, enabled by the relatively strong financial resilience of the Council which existed pre-COVID-19; in particular by earmarking some of the pre-COVID-19 financial resilience (MRP flexibility) to underwrite the Council's financial stability in 2021/22 as far as possible given the extent of global, national and local volatility.
- 3.7.4 The 2021-26 Annual Budget Report also made extensive reference to the continuing impact of COVID-19 over the course of the medium-term financial plan, with impacts forecasted on a range of funding assumptions going forward, including service income and local tax income and business rates losses.
- 3.7.5 The COVID-19 response is ongoing, and impacts of the pandemic continue to be a significant draw on existing Council, Partner and community capacity. This is likely to continue at least through the first half of 2021/22.
- 3.7.6 The local government sector continues to engage with Government to ensure Councils receive appropriate funding compensation. The provisional financial settlement 2021/22, while largely being a one-year settlement only, included further "one-off" COVID-19 funding support to Councils in 2021/22.
- 3.7.7 Ongoing COVID-19 financial impacts will continue to be reviewed in light of further emerging local, regional and national intelligence through 2021/22, and will be included as part of overall in-year financial monitoring reported in the corporate member arena through established annual Council planning cycle and governance processes.
- 3.7.8 The Council's refreshed reserves strategy approved in the 2021-26 budget plans acknowledges the heightened volatility and unpredictability in the COVID-19 impacted budget risk environment within which the Council is operating both currently and over the medium term. Financial Resilience reserves are a key element of the strategy and the £37.1m balance on this reserve, as at 31st March 2021, meets the minimum recommended level as set out in the 2021-26 Annual Budget Report.
- 3.7.9 It is intended that the forthcoming annual budget strategy report to Cabinet and Council in early autumn will incorporate a more detailed review, quantification and sensitivity analysis on a range of emerging budget and other risks to help inform age 123

Council's financial planning framework and overall reserves requirement as part of the refreshed Medium Term financial Plan (MTFP). This will include a further review of any COVID-19 financial impacts anticipated to affect the Council's budget beyond 2021/22.

3.7.10The Equality Act 2010 creates the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED). The Council utilises Integrated Impact Assessments to address these duties and these form part of the annual Council Budget Setting report. This report reflects the outturn position and as such, further reference is not required at this stage.

4 Consultees and their opinions

This report has been prepared by the Service Director Finance, in consultation with the Executive Team.

5 Next Steps

Subject to member approval, capital rollover proposals and the update of the 5 year capital plan will be incorporated into in year financial monitoring in 2021/22, and reported quarterly to Cabinet from Quarter 1 onwards.

6 Cabinet portfolio holders recommendations

The portfolio holder agrees with the recommendations set out in this report.

7 Officer recommendations and reasons

Having read this report and the accompanying Appendices, Cabinet are asked to:

General Fund

- 7.1 note the revenue outturn position for 2020/21 including COVID-19 impacts;
- 7.2 note the year end position on corporate reserves and balances including COVID-19 impacts;
- 7.3 re-affirm the proposed use of pre-existing reserves and endorse the proposed use of new reserves as set out in section 1.9 in this report
- 7.4 note the regular monitoring and review of corporate reserves in 2021/22 to be reported to Cabinet as part of the Quarterly financial monitoring cycle;
- 7.5 note the use of the Council's flexible receipts strategy for the year end capitalisation of £2.3m transformation related costs in 2020/21

Collection Fund

7.6 note the year end position on the Collection Fund including COVID-19 impacts;

<u>HRA</u>

7.7 note the HRA revenue outturn and reserves position 2020/21;

<u>Capital</u>

7.8 note the Council capital outturn position for 2020/21

- 7.9 approve the £26.9m capital rollover from 2020/21 to 2021/22;
- 7.10 approve the revised capital plan for the period 2021-26 after taking into account rollover, the re-phasing of schemes and changes to grant assumptions;

Treasury Management

7.11 note the Review of Treasury Management activity for 2020/21

8 Contact Officer

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Sarah Hill, Finance Manager sarahm.hill@kirklees.gov.uk

9 Background papers and History of Decisions

Annual budget report 2021-26 to Budget Council, February 2021 Budget Update Report to Council, October 2020 CIPFA's Code of Practice on Treasury Management in the Public Services. CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities. Public Works Loan Board Website. Local Authorities Property Fund & Factsheet

10 Service Director responsible Eamonn Croston, Service Director Finance. <u>eamonn.croston@kirklees.gov.uk</u>

General Fund 2020/21 Outturn

			Annual		
Strategic Director portfolio responsibilities	Controllable Budget (Net)	Planned use of reserves	Revised Budget	Outturn	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Child Protection & Family Support	39,498	(635)	38,863	40,935	2,072
Resources, Improvements & Partnership	20,038	(192)	19,846	19,013	(833)
Learning & Early Support & Schools	21,251	7,342	28,593	30,921	2,328
Sub Total (Children & Families)	80,787	6,515	87,302	90,869	3,567
Customers and Communities	9,491	(1,568)	7,923	7,877	(46)
ASC - Older People and Physical Disabilities	19,924	(304)	19,620	21,809	2,189
ASC - Learning Disabilities and Mental Health	63,769	4	63,773	63,233	(540)
Adults Sufficiency	11,821	(158)	11,663	10,929	(734)
Sub Total (Adults & Health)	105,005	(2,026)	102,979	103,848	869
Growth & Housing	6,788	(477)	6,311	8,206	1,895
Economy & Skills	9,864	(777)	9,087	8,485	(602)
Sub Total (Growth & Regen)	16,652	(1,254)	15,398	16,691	1,293
Environment	23,113	170	23,283	35,978	12,695
Sub Total (Environment & Climate Change)	23,113	170	23,283	35,978	12,695
Strategy, Innovation & Planning	13,996	116	14,112	14,043	(69)
Public Health & People	4,028	(5,865)	(1,837)	3,001	4,838
Governance & Commissioning	10,163	(147)	10,016	10,029	13
Finance	8,460	(8,634)	(174)	1,543	1,717
Sub Total (Corporate Strategy, Commissioning & Public Health)	36,647	(14,530)	22,117	28,616	6,499
Central	40,095	(9,937)	30,158	31,000	842
Sub Total General Fund	302,299	(21,062)	281,237	307,002	25,765
COVID-19 Support Grant Offset	-	(6,531)	(6,531)	(23,630)	(17,099)
Estimated COVID-19 Income Loss Compensation	-	-	-	(8,671)	(8,671)
Revised General Fund Total	302,299	(27,593)	274,706	274,701	(5)
Collection Fund COVID-19 grants roll forwards to 21/22 – Technical Adjustment	-	(28,957)	(28,957)	(28,957)	-
Updated General Fund Total	302,299	(56,550)	245,749	245,744	(5)

Appendix 2a

COVID-19 Spend and Income Losses Summary

Strategic Director portfolio responsibilities	COVID-19 spend	COVID-19 Income Losses
	£k	£k
Child Protection and Family Support	2,464	-
Resources, Improvements and Partnership	-	-
Learning, Early Support and Schools	901	461
Sub Total (Children & Families)	3,365	461
Customers and Communities	1,929	458
ASC - Older People and Physical Disabilities	22,572	-
ASC - Learning Disabilities and Mental Health	-	298
Adults Sufficiency	-	-
Sub Total (Adults & Health)	24,501	756
Growth and Housing	921	1,815
Economy and Skills	96	494
Sub Total (Growth & Regen)	1,017	2,309
Environment	9,174	9,325
Sub Total (Environment & Climate Change)	9,174	9,325
Strategy Innovation and Planning	1,354	11
Public Health and People	5,575	48
Governance and Commissioning	381	21
Finance	3,079	1,596
Sub Total (Corporate Strategy, Commissioning & Public Health)	10,389	1,676
Central	282	648
General Fund Total	48,728	15,175

COVID-19 Spend and Funding Sources

					Funde	d by:			
Strategic Director portfolio responsibilities	Total 2020/21 COVID-19 spend	Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF)	CCG Funding for Additional Costs	Infection Control Fund	Winter Grant Scheme	Rapid Testing Fund	Workforce Capacity Fund	Other Specific Grants	No specific funding stream
	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k
Child Protection and Family Support	2,464	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,36
Resources, Improvements and Partnership	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Learning, Early Support and Schools	901	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Sub Total (Children & Families)	3,365	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,26
Customers and Communities	1,929	1,354	-	-	-	-	-	198	37
ASC - Older People and Physical Disabilities	22,572	-	8,511	8,230	-	1,093	926	45	3,76
ASC - Learning Disabilities and Mental Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adults Sufficiency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sub Total (Adults & Health)	24,501	1,354	8,511	8,230	-	1,093	926	243	4,14
Growth and Housing	921	499	-	-	-	-	-	84	33
Economy and Skills	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	
Sub Total (Growth & Regen)	1,017	499	-	-	-	-	-	180	33
Environment	9,174	6,106	-	-	-	-	-	86	2,98
Sub Total (Environment & Climate Change)	9,174	6,106	-	-	-	-	-	86	2,98
Strategy Innovation and Planning	1,354	1,287	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Public Health and People	5,575	9	-	-	-	-	-	1,116	4,45
Governance and Commissioning	381	345	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Finance	3,079	-	-	-	1,943	-	-	699	43
Sub Total (Corporate Strategy, Commissioning & Public Health)	10,389	1,641	-	-	1,943	-	-	1,815	4,99
Central	282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
General Fund Total	48,728	9,701	8,511	8,230	1,943	1,093	926	2,324	16,0

Category	Name of Funding	Description	Lead department / organisation	Kirklees Allocation £k
	Coronavirus (COVID-19): emergency un- ringfenced funding for local government (4 tranches)	Un-ringfenced funding for local authorities to use to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic.	MHCLG	35,857
COVID-19 General Funding	COVID-19 Sales Fees and Charges Income Loss Compensation	Compensation for losses in Sales, Fees and Charges income as a result of the pandemic. Local Authorities stand the first 5% of losses compared to budgeted income with the remaining losses being compensated at a rate of 75p in the £1.	MHCLG	8,671
	COVID -19 Local Tax Income Guarantee Compensation	Compensation for losses in the Collection Fund as a result of the pandemic. Local Authorities are compensated for 75% of eligible Council Tax and NNDR losses.	MHCLG	5,002
Test & Trace	Test and Trace Service Support Grant	A grant provided to local authorities in England to develop and action their plans to reduce the spread of the virus in their area.	DHSC	2,531
and COMF Funding	Surge Funding / additional Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF)	Funding to support local authorities deliver their non- pharmaceutical interventions and to support their COVID- 19 response. The funding is a non-recurring payment for the 2020–2021 financial year.	DHSC	11,058
Funding for Adult Social	Adult Social Care Infection Control Fund (ICF) (Rounds 1 and 2)	The primary purpose of this fund is to support adult social care providers, to reduce the rate of COVID-19 transmission in and between care homes and support wider workforce resilience.	DHSC	8,358
Single and for a	Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) funding for additional costs associated with COVID- 19 including hospital discharge	NHS/CCG funding to help local authorities with COVID 19- associated costs including those relating to hospital discharge and follow-on care.	NHSE	8,511
only)	Rapid Testing Fund	Funding to support additional rapid testing of staff in care homes, and to support visiting professionals and enable indoors, close contact visiting where possible.	DHSC	1,123

Category	Name of Funding	Description	Lead department / organisation	Kirklees Allocation £k
	Workforce Capacity Fund	Funding to provide additional care staff where shortages arise, support administrative tasks so experienced and skilled staff can focus on providing care, and help existing staff to take on additional hours if they wish with overtime payments or by covering childcare costs	DHSC	930
	Small Business Grant Fund & Retail, Hospitality, Leisure	The Small Business Grant Fund (SBGF) supports small and rural businesses in England with their business costs during coronavirus. The Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant Fund (RHLGF) supports businesses in the retail, hospitality and leisure sectors with their business costs during coronavirus.	MHCLG/BEIS	113,650
	Business Grant Top Up	Extension of the above scheme for lockdown 3.	MHCLG/BEIS	21,492
	LA Discretionary Grant Fund	Aimed at small or micro businesses who were not eligible for the small business grant fund or the retail, leisure and hospitality fund	MHCLG/BEIS	5,232
	Local Restrictions Support Grant - Closed	Funding paid across by Councils to local businesses. Allocations based on categories of businesses relevant to the closures imposed by Government.	MHCLG	31,019
Funding for Grants to Businesses	Local Restrictions Support Grant - Open	Offered as part of the wider set of measures to support the nation's economy and its businesses in response to Coronavirus (COVID-19) and specifically for businesses that were still open but have been severely impacted by Local COVID-19 Alert Levels 'High' (LCAL 2) and 'Very High' (LCAL 3) restrictions.	MHCLG	4,323
	Local Restrictions Support Grant - Discretionary	This grant is ringfenced for business support only, but Local Authorities can determine how much funding to provide to businesses from the funding provided, and exactly which businesses to target.	MHCLG	12,702
	Christmas Support - Pubs	Christmas Support Payment for wet-led pubs (CSP), to support through the festive period those pubs in Tier 2 and 3 areas, that predominantly serve alcohol rather than food and were required to close.	BEIS	230

Category	Name of Funding	Description	Lead department / organisation	Kirklees Allocation £k
	Clinically Extremely Vulnerable (CEV) Funding	Funding to support clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV).	MHCLG	1,315
	Compliance and Enforcement Grant	Funding for local authorities to cover compliance and enforcement activity. The funding is ringfenced for C&E activity, including COVID-19 Secure Marshals.	MHCLG	239
	Reopening High Streets Safely Fund	Funding from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) to local authorities to support the safe reopening of high streets and other commercial areas.	MCHLG	389
Other Government	Provisional Rough Sleeping emergency funding	Rough sleepers, or those at risk of rough sleeping have been supported by initial emergency funding if they need to self-isolate to prevent the spread of COVID-19. This funding has been made available to local authorities and reimburses them for the cost of providing accommodation and services to those sleeping on the streets to help them successfully self-isolate.	MHCLG	12
Funding for Local Authorities	Next Steps Accommodation Programme (NSAP)	Funding to support local authorities and their partners to ensure that the current provision that has been set up to safeguard people who were taken safely from the streets is able to continue for an appropriate length of time. The funding is for use during 2020/21 only.	MHCLG	162
	Local Authority Emergency Assistance Grant for Food and Essential Supplies	For local authorities in England to use to support people who are struggling to afford food and other essentials due to COVID-19.	DEFRA	551
	Additional Home to School Transport (£m)	Funding to create extra capacity and allow more students to use alternatives to public transport, while social distancing measures remain in place.	DfE (and DfT)	47
	Emergency Active Travel Fund (Tranche 1 only)	The emergency grant funding supports local transport authorities with producing cycling and walking facilities. Tranche 1 supports the installation of temporary projects for the COVID-19 pandemic.	DfT	257

Category	Name of Funding	Description	Lead department / organisation	Kirklees Allocation £k
	Community Champions LA Fund	Funding to Expand COVID-19 communications with at risk groups	MHCLG	495
	Self-isolation Grant funding (Administrative element only)	Test and Trace Support payment of £500 will ensure that those on low incomes are able to self-isolate without worry about their finances	DHSC	267
	Self-isolation Grant funding (other)	Test and Trace Support payment of £500 will ensure that those on low incomes are able to self-isolate without worry about their finances	DHSC	1,379
	COVID-19 Winter Grant Scheme	Funding made available in early December 2020 to support those most in need with the cost of food, energy (heating, cooking, lighting), water bills (including sewerage) and other essentials.	DWP	2,005
	Community Testing	Funding allocated to support LA testing programme	DHSC	558
	New Burdens Funding	Contribution towards costs of administering various grants/reliefs to businesses.	MHCLG/BEIS	326
	Business Improvement Districts Funding	The money will go to Business Improvement Districts (BIDs), local business partnerships that bring local authorities, developers and communities together to provide local leadership, drive regeneration and deliver projects and additional local services.	MHCLG	11
	Leisure Centre Support	Funds allocated via bidding process for those outsourced leisure services deemed most in need as a result of closures during the pandemic.	DCMS	1,175
	Hardship Funding	To support economically vulnerable people and households in their local area by providing them with a further reduction in their council tax.	MHCLG	4,957
			TOTAL	284,834

Appendix 3a

General Fund Earmarked Reserves

	Reserves at 1st	Planned Net	Planned Net	Unplanned use	DSG Deficit to	Reserves
	April 2020 Incl.	Contribution in-	Movements in-	of Reserves	Unusable	position at 31s
	Budget Report	year (COVID-19)	year (Other)	(Variance &	Reserves	March 2021
	approved			High Needs	(technical	
	transfers			Overspend)	adjustment)	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Statutory (School Reserves)						
Schools Balances	(9,967)		(3,595)	-		(13,562
DSG Deficit	14,396			10,710	(25,106)	-
Total Statutory (School Reserves)	4,429		(3,595)	10,710	(25,106)	(13,562)
Earmarked						
Financial Resilience Reserves	(37,146)		-	-		(37,146)
Rollover	(656)		52	-		(604)
Revenue Grants (various)	(9,095)	(5,604)	(4,225)	-		(18,924)
Public Health	(1,150)		(389)	-		(1,539)
Stronger Families Grant	(1,011)		(520)	-		(1,531)
Insurance	(1,900)		-	-		(1,900)
Ward Based Activity	(1,199)		(201)	-		(1,400)
Social Care Reserve	(2,195)		97	-		(2,098)
Property and Other Loans	(3,000)		-	-		(3,000)
Adverse Weather	(2,432)		2,432	-		-
Strategic Investment support	(4,229)		(725)	-		(4,954)
Waste Management	(5,684)		-	-		(5,684)
Mental Health	(1,400)		198	-		(1,202)
Inclusive Investment	(2,000)		(1,000)	-		(3,000)
School PFI	(2,184)		903	-		(1,281)
Demand Reserve	(15,706)		(3,600)	-		(19,306)
Place Partnership Theme	(2,000)		-	-		(2,000)
Treasury Smoothing			(960)	-		(960)
Transformation			(2,348)	-		(2,348)
Place Standard			(500)	-		(500)
Place Standard Other	(6,037)		(1,470)	-		(7,507)
COVID-19 Response	(11,099)	(6,531)	(2,364)	-		(19,994)
COVID-19 Business Grants Reserve		(7,953)	-	-		(7,953)
Sub Total Earmarked Reserves	(110,123)	(20,088)	(14,620)	-	-	(144,831)

General Fund Earmarked Reserves

	Reserves at 1st	Planned Net	Planned Net	Unplanned use	DSG Deficit to	Reserves
	April 2020 Incl.	Contribution in-	Movements in-	of Reserves	Unusable	position at 31st
	Budget Report	year (COVID-19)	year (Other)	(Variance &	Reserves	March 2021
	approved			High Needs	(technical	
	transfers			Overspend)	adjustment)	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Earmarked (Collection Fund Technical						
Reserves)						
Extended Business Rate Relief Compensation		(23,955)		-		(23,955)
Local Tax Income Loss Compensation		(5,002)		-		(5,002)
Sub Total Earmarked (Collection Fund)	-	(28,957)	-	-	-	(28,957)
Total Earmarked	(110,123)	(49,045)	(14,620)	-	-	(173,788)
GENERAL BALANCES	(9,998)			(5)		(10,003)
Grand Total	(115,692)	(49,045)	(18,215)	10,705	(25,106)	(197,353)
Total usable reserves (excluding schools,						
public health and collection fund)	(104,575)	(20,088)	(14,231)	10,705	(25,106)	(153,295)

Glossary of Reserves

RESERVE	DESCRIPTION
School Reserves	Statutory reserves relating to both individual schools balances/deficits carried forwards, and Dedicated Schools Grant (ring-fenced for schools related expenditure; surpluses/deficits carried forward).
Financial Resilience	Covers a range of potential costs highlighted in the Council's corporate risk register, including budget risks as set out in the sensitivity analysis within the 2021-26 Annual Budget report.
Rollover	To fund deferred spend commitments against approved rollover
Revenue Grants	Represents grants and contributions recognised in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement before expenditure has been occurred. Includes £5.6m of COVID-19 specific grants as at 31 st March 2021.
Public Health	Timing issues on Public Health grant spend commitments (Public health grant is statutorily ring-fenced)
Stronger Families	Set aside reflecting timing issues on expenditure commitments supporting a range of Stronger Families activity, funded from external grant.
Insurance	Mitigates against risk from increased liabilities and insurance claims.
Ward Based Activity	Set aside reflecting timing issues on ward based activity spend commitments
Social Care	Set aside to cover phased rollout of a range of social care expenditure commitments as agreed at Cabinet, August 2018.
Property and Other	Set aside in part against the potential risk of future loan defaults; in part to offset
Loans	potential unfunded technical accounting entries on General Fund revenue arising purely arising from the introduction of a new local government accounting code intended to strengthen balance sheet transparency.
Adverse Weather	Mitigates against budget risk arising from severe weather events in the District (replaced by base budget provision from 2021/22 onwards).
Strategic Investment & Support	To address the scale of development costs required to support the upscaling of capital investment activity and major project activity over the MTFP.
Waste Management	To support the implementation of the Council's waste management strategy, including phased release over the MTFP to manage current PFI contract transition in light of the current Council PFI Waste Contract ending in 2022/23.
Mental Health (including Domestic abuse)	To support a number of local area based mental health initiatives.
Inclusive Investment Reserve	Set aside for a range of targeted development activity that supports the Council's inclusive investment ambition.
Schools PFI Reserve	Will be utilised to cover reduced DSG budget contributions to council services in 2020/21 and 2021/22
Demand Reserve	Set aside to mitigate the impact/volatility of a range of potential demand risks on statutorily provided service activity
Place Partnership Theme	To encourage Place specific local initiatives
Treasury Smoothing	This reserve has been set aside to manage the volatility surrounding treasury
Reserve	management budgets with respect to both potential changes in interest rates and the level of delivery of the capital plan.
Transformation	Set aside for strategic transformation developments over the next 12 to 24 months.
Reserve	
Place Standard	Set aside to support the resourcing of emerging Place Standard action plans.
Reserve	A range of smaller reconvex correctled for an efficiency of the
Other Earmarked	A range of smaller reserves earmarked for specific purposes.
COVID-19 Response Reserve	Specific reserve set aside to cover the costs of the Council's COVID-19 respon Page

RESERVE	DESCRIPTION
COVID-19 Business Grants reserve	Reflects the balance of COVID-19 Business Grants received and recognised in 2020/21 before expenditure was incurred.
Extended Business Rate Relief Compensation	During 2020/21, local authorities received approximately £10bn in S31 grants to offset the reliefs given to businesses during lockdown. Under current collection fund accounting rules, the S31 grants received this year will not be discharged against the Collection Fund deficit until 2021/22. The full amount of additional s31 grants received has therefore been transferred into the extended business rates relief reserve, to be drawn down in 2021/22 against the rolled forwards collection fund deficit.
Local Tax Income Loss Compensation	Local authorities are being compensated for the loss of local tax income in 2020/21 as a result of COVID-19. The compensation amount has been transferred into the Tax Income Loss Compensation Reserve to be drawn down in future years against the rolled forwards collection fund deficit.
General Fund Balances	General reserve set at £10m to support general working capital and cashflow requirements.

Appendix 4

HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT 2020/21 - OUTTURN

		Annual			
	Revised Budget	Actuals	Variance		
	£'000	£'000	£'000		
Repairs & Maintenance	26,992	26,992	0		
Housing Management	35,152	35,716	563		
Other Expenditure	25,699	27,131	1,432		
Total Expenditure	87,843	89,838	1,996		
Rent & Other Income	(91,480)	(90,555)	925		
Revenue Contribution to Capital Funding	3,637	3,317	(320)		
Planned transfer to HRA Reserves	0	0	0		
Total	0	2,601	2,601		

HRA RESERVES

	Balance at 31 March 2020	Approved Movement in Reserves	Balance at 31 March 2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Set aside for business risks	(4,000)		(4,000)
Forecast in Year Surplus/Deficit		2,601	2,601
To support the Capital Investment Programme		2,341	2,341
Set aside to meet investment needs (as per HRA Business Plan)	(55,518)		(55,518)
Working balance	(1,500)		(1,500)
Total	(61,018)	4,942	(56,076)

Capital Plan 2020/21 Outturn Summary

Appendix 5 a)

	Revised Budget	Outturn	Variance	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
General Fund				
Aspire & Achieve	13,524	11,400	(2,124)	(16%)
Best Start	956	939	(17)	(2%)
Independent	1,713	1,128	(585)	(34%)
Sustainable Economy	64,221	47,709	(16,512)	(26%)
Well	8,733	7,499	(1,234)	(14%)
Safe & Cohesive	10	13	3	30%
Clean and Green	4,303	2,832	(1,471)	(34%)
Efficient & Effective	2,325	4,627	2,302	99%
GENERAL FUND TOTAL	95,785	76,147	(19,638)	(21%)
Housing Revenue Account				
Strategic Priorities	4,949	4,065	(884)	(18%)
Baseline	14,345	13,362	(983)	(7%)
HOUSING REVENUE TOTAL	19,294	17,427	(1,867)	(10%)
CAPITAL PLAN TOTAL	115,079	93,574	(21,505)	(19%)

Aspire & Achieve

Activity Level	Annual Budget £'000	Variance for the year £'000	Comments
Strategic Priorities			
Libraries & Public Buildings	1,097	(636)	Slippage on Birkby Library (£500k) and some on Heckmondwike library.
Baseline			
Capital Maintenance	4,233	(878)	Due to favourable settlement of final accounts and retention payments withheld on contracts. Funds are contractually committed as part of the 2020/21 Capital Maintenance programme, since monies from the construction value is held as retention on the majority of schemes. Funding is to be rolled over into the next financial year.

Independent

Activity Level	Annual Budget £'000	Variance for the year £'000	Comments
Baseline			
Day Services Support for Vulnerable Adults	1,250	(671)	Cherry Trees Scheme (£548k) almost complete but time lag on costs coming through and some retention held. Started later due to COVID-19 delays but all funds are committed. Slight delay on the In-house call systems scheme (£115k) to be completed by July 21.

Sustainable Economy

Activity Level	Annual Budget £'000	Variance for the year £'000	Comments
Strategic Priorities			
West Yorkshire plus Transport Schemes	7,004	(2,375)	Programme delivery delayed due initial suspension and then a backlog of construction works due to COVID-19. Limited staff resources delayed development of schemes, however capitalisation of staff costs, additional agency staff and new permanent Kirklees recruitment has started to address this issue. All WYTF projects have experienced significant delay to agreeing designs for consultation purposes as all public consultation was delayed until after the local elections.
Town Centre Action Plans	6,021	(2,512)	Impact of COVID-19 has led to delays in the implementation of the major schemes within the Heritage Action Zone programme. A failure to secure grant funding has impacted on Huddersfield Market progression and more time than anticipated has been taken in appointing a design team for Dewsbury Market.
Strategic Acquisition Fund	4,000	(1,017)	Funding required to commit to potential acquisitions in the next financial year.
Transforming Cities Fund	4,583	(3,052)	Late agreement by WYCA of individual projects areas and project scope changes has delayed detailed design work. Much of the capital expenditure is also tied in with external highway design consultancy, again via WYCA, for which the procurement process and design work did not start until later in the financial year. Limited staff resources delayed development of schemes. All TCF projects have experienced significant delay to agreeing designs for consultation purposes as all public consultation was delayed until after the local elections.
Baseline			
Highways	22,187	(4,128)	COVID-19 delayed programme delivery earlier in the year as all construction works were suspended and the backlog of work when the contractors able to return has further delayed delivery. Utility works delayed commencement of schemes, again they were impacted by COVID- 19 disruption. Limited staff resources delayed development of schemes, again with COVID-19 resulting additional requirements which were more resource intensive.
Corporate Landlord	4,989	(1,360)	Scheme delays due to COVID-19 and tender issues such as failed returns and legal agreement processes.
Page 140			

Well

Activity Level	Annual Budget £'000	Variance for the year £'000	Comments
Baseline			
KAL	947	(811)	Underspend Batley Sports and Tennis Centre (£373k) as well the budget held for potential new schemes (£334k). A couple of potential projects are under discussion.

Clean & Green

Activity Level	Annual Budget £'000	Variance for the year £'000	Comments
Baseline			
Climate Emergency	900	(900)	Slippage on electric vehicles. Budget committed since purchase orders have been raised, so will be rolled forward.

Efficient & Effective

Activity Level	Annual Budget £'000	Variance for the year £'000	Comments
One Off Projects			
Flexible Capital Receipts Strategy	0	2,348	Capitalisation of revenue transformation costs funded by un-ringfenced capital receipts.

Breakdown of Capital Budget Changes since Q3

Appendix 6

	£'000	£'000
QUARTER 3 CAPITAL BUDGET		125,920
Increase in Grants/Contributions		
Strategic Priorities (SP)		
Trees for Climate, Northern Forests Community Forest Trust	169	
Dewsbury Town Centres	(115)	
Huddersfield Town Centres	(212)	(158)
Baseline (BL)		
Highways, S278 monies received for the Developer Funded Schemes	600	
Highways, Environment Agency grant	78	
Learning, Devolved Formula Grant	50	
Housing Private, Fuel Poverty Grant	38	766
One Off Projects (OP)		
Housing Regeneration, capital allowances towards Cemetery Lodge	137	
Housing Regeneration, Clusters Grant towards Demolition at Wakefield Rd	12	
Housing Regeneration, Section 106 Budget	(75)	
Economic Resilience, Dewsbury THI	50	
Economic Resilience, Better Homes Warm Homes Scheme returned to the		
Fuel Poverty Fund Pot	(9)	115
Total Additions		723
Re-profiling into Later Years		
Emergency Active Travel Fund (SP)	(1,784)	
Trees for Climate (SP)	(3,098)	
Property Investment Fund - Economic Recovery Fund (SP)	(544)	
Additional Investment into Strategic Town Centres (SP)	500	
Soothill Site Development (SP)	(38)	
Huddersfield Heat Network (SP)	(171)	
Climate Emergency Clean & Green (SP)	(100)	
Air Quality (SP)	(346)	
Waste Management Plant/Infrastructure/ Environment&Strategic Waste (SP)	5	
Spenborough Sports Facility (SP)	(2,000)	
Highways (BL)	(4,511)	
Corporate Landlord (BL)	182	
Housing Private (BL)	430	
Play Strategy (BL)	(75)	
One Venues Development (OP)	(114)	
SEND Provision (OP)	100	
Total Re-profiling into later years	100	(11,564)
REVISED OUTTURN BUDGET		115,079

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS ACTUALS 2020/21

Capital Expenditure, Capital Financing Requirement and External Debt

The table below draws together the main elements of Capital Plan expenditure and financing arrangements. The table also shows the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR), which is the Council's underlying external indebtedness for a capital purpose, compared with the expected borrowing position.

	2019/20	2020)/21
	Actual	Strategy	Actual
		Estimate*	
	<u>£000s</u>	<u>£000s</u>	<u>£000s</u>
Capital Expenditure			
General Fund	59,831	147,600	76,147
HRA	21,379	33,150	17,427
Sub-total (excl. PFI)	81,210	180,750	93,574
General Fund - PFI	2,014	2,000	1,994
HRA – PFI	220	250	248
Total	83,444	183,000	95,816
Financed by -			
Borrowing	29,764	96,600	39,900
PFI	2,234	2,250	2,242
Other	51,446	84,150	53,674
Total	83,444	183,000	95,816
		_00,000	50,010
CFR as at 31 March			
General Fund excl PFI	461,600	540,700	500,100
General Fund PFI	45,800	42,500	42,500
HRA excl PFI	175,300	167,700	170,300
HRAPFI	50,500	48,100	48,100
Total CFR	733,200	799,000	761,000
	,	,	,
External debt as at 31 March			
Borrowing (excl interest accrued)	426,900	482,200	425,800
Other LT Liabilities	100,200	94,300	94,300
Total debt	527,100	576,500	520,100

*The PI estimates include an allowance for anticipated slippage of capital expenditure during the year.

The difference between the CFR and total debt reflects the amount of internal balances that are being "borrowed" to finance capital indebtedness.

Limits to Borrowing Activity

The first key control over the Council's borrowing activity is a Prudential Indicator to ensure that over the medium term, net borrowing will only be for a capital purpose. Net external borrowing should not, except in the short-term, exceed the total CFR. This allows some flexibility for limited early borrowing for future years. As can be seen from the table above, the Council kept its total debt within the CFR and this has also been the case in previous years.

A further two Prudential Indicators control overall level of borrowing. These are the Authorised Limit and the Operational Boundary. The Authorised Limit represents the limit beyond which borrowing is prohibited. It reflects the level of borrowing which, while not desired, could be afforded in the short-term, but is not sustainable. It is the expected maximum borrowing need with some headroom for unexpected movements. This is the statutory limit determined under section 3(1) of the Local Government Act 2003.

The Operational Boundary is based on the probable external debt during the course of the year. It is not a limit and actual borrowing could vary around this boundary for short times during this year.

	2019/20	2020	0/21
	Actual (max)	Limits/	Actual (max)
		Boundary	
	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	£m
Authorised limit for external debt			
Borrowing	426.9	724.7	425.8
Other Long Term Liabilities	100.2	99.3	94.3
Total	527.1	824.0	520.1
Operational boundary for external			
<u>debt</u>			
Borrowing	426.9	704.7	425.8
Other Long Term Liabilities	100.2	94.3	94.3
Total	527.1	799.0	520.1

The Council was well within its Authorised limit and Operational Boundary for the year.

There is also a limit on HRA indebtedness set by the Department for Communities and Local Government under the recent HRA self-financing reform. The limit is set at £247.6 million for the HRA CFR, excluding PFI liabilities. The actual HRA CFR excluding PFI liabilities as at 31 March 2021 is £170.3 million which is well within the limit.

Affordability Prudential Indicators

Ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream

This indicator identifies the cost of capital (borrowing costs net of investment income) against the net revenue stream. The net revenue stream for General Fund is defined as the amount to be met from un-ringfenced government grants and local taxpayers, and for HRA it refers to the total HRA income (rent, other income and grant).

	2019/20	202	0/21
	Actual Estimate Ac		Actual
Ratio of financing costs to net			
<u>revenue stream</u>			
General Fund	5.98%	5.32%	5.63%
General Fund excl PFI	3.72%	3.35%	3.42%
HRA	32.12%	30.72%	32.35%
HRA excl PFI	30.47%	29.38%	30.93%

The actual for General Fund for 2020/21 was slightly larger than estimated due to an increase in financing costs and reduction in net revenue stream. The PIs have marginally increased for HRA due to changes in depreciation charged to Council dwellings and income levels in year.

Capital Plan Expenditure Summary

	Outturn			Revised Cap	ital Plan		
Capital Plan Expenditure Summary	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Total £'000
General Fund:							
Aspire & Achieve	11,400	24,567	20,366	15,100	11,600	3,750	75,383
Best Start	939	3,369	4,100	1,750	0	0	9,219
Independent	1,128	6,133	7,980	2,161	8,863	250	25,387
Sustainable Economy	47,709	125,238	198,645	81,356	48,863	118,451	572,553
Well	7,499	13,544	4,631	3,760	2,433	1,688	26,056
Safe & Cohesive	13	172	0	0	0	0	172
Clean & Green	2,832	11,353	8,307	26,139	4,580	2,378	52,757
Efficient & Effective	4,627	4,518	2,170	1,555	1,550	2,128	11,921
General Fund Capital Plan	76,147	188,894	246,199	131,821	77,889	128,645	773,448
Housing Revenue Account:							
Independent - Strategic Priorities	4,065	15,295	14,371	14,387	18,740	19,197	81,990
Independent - Baseline	13,362	26,086	21,291	17,700	16,503	20,333	101,913
HRA Capital Plan	17,427	41,381	35,662	32,087	35,243	39,530	183,903
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	93,574	230,275	281,861	163,908	113,132	168,175	957,351

Capital Plan Funding Summary

	Outturn	Outturn Revised Capital Plan							
General Fund	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	Total		
Funding Summary	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
Direct / Earmarked Contributions to	Schemes								
Capital Grants/Contributions	29,704	72,200	116,407	71,117	21,679	101,634	383,037		
Earmarked Capital Receipts	977	4,761	8,280	4,390	8,670	390	26,491		
Service Funded Prudential	3,264	2 5 1 5	2,460	7,655	450	950	15 020		
Borrowing	5,204	3,515	2,400	7,000	450	950	15,030		
Revenue Contributions	25	250	250	250	225	0	975		
Pooled Resources									
Non-Earmarked Capital Receipts	5,542	3,100	3,352	3,500	3,500	3,500	16,952		
Corporate Prudential Borrowing	36,635	105,068	115,450	44,909	43,365	22,171	330,963		
GENERAL FUND FUNDING	76,147	188,894	246,199	131,821	77,889	128,645	773,448		

	Outturn			Revised Cap	oital Plan		
Housing Revenue Account Funding Summary	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Total £'000
Direct / Earmarked Contributions to Schemes							
Capital Grants/Contributions	209	1,847	126	126	126	126	2,351
Earmarked Capital Receipts	1,151	4,251	6,652	7,282	7,621	4,848	30,654
Reserves / Revenue Contributions	3,317	15,547	8,561	7,599	5,523	13,766	50,996
Reserves - MRR	12,750	14,836	17,757	13,814	18,474	18,843	83,724
Corporate Prudential Borrowing	0	4,900	2,566	3,266	3,499	1,947	16,178
HRA FUNDING	17,427	41,381	35,662	32,087	35,243	39,530	183,903

		Outturn			Revised (Capital Plan		
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
ASPIRE & ACHIEVE								
Strategic Priorities								
District Sufficiency – SEND (APS/SEMHD/ASD)	В	0	900	9,049	9,850	7,600	500	27,89
Brambles Primary Academy	G/B 5106	3,073	5,977	422	0	0	0	6,39
King James High School	В	518	4,668	64	0	0	0	4,73
Almondbury Community School	В	232	19	0	0	0	0	1
Netherhall Learning Campus	В	224	0	0	0	0	0	
Scissett Middle School	S106	2	208	0	0	0	0	20
Birkby Junior Expansion	G	170	30	0	0	0	0	3
Beaumont Academy	G	4	101	0	0	0	0	10
Reprovision of Special School - Lydgate	В	51	37	0	0	0	0	3
Future Needs for Primary/Secondary places	В	0	13	0	0	0	0	1
Secondary School Places Basic Need	В	0	2,000	3,000	1,000	0	0	6,00
New Pupil Places in Primary/Secondary Schools		4,274	13,053	3,486	1,000	0	0	17,53
Dewsbury Learning Quarter	В	1,164	6	0	0	0	0	
Libraries & Public Buildings	В	64	700	2,331	0	0	0	3,03
Almondbury Library	В	0	55	0	0	0	0	5
Birkby Library	В	397	361	0	0	0	0	36
Libraries & Public Buildings		461	1,116	2,331	0	0	0	3,44
Strategic Priorities Total		5,899	15,075	14,866	10,850	7,600	500	48,89

Appendix 8 k)
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		Outturn			Revised (Capital Plan		
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
Baseline								
Basic Need	G/B	329	604	500	500	500	0	2,10
Capital Maintenance	G	3,395	6,025	3,200	3,000	2,800	2,600	17,62
Capital Maintenance (Newsome High)	В	0	387	0	0	0	0	38
Devolved Formula Capital	G	869	837	800	750	700	650	3,73
Baseline Total		4,593	7,853	4,500	4,250	4,000	3,250	23,8
One Off Projects								
SEND Provision	G	823	1,400	1,000	0	0	0	2,4
SEND Provision Woodley School & College (Empire Works)	S106	0	139	0	0	0	0	1
Commissioning option appraisals to facilitate the delivery of the outcomes of the SEN High Level review of future needs	В	85	100	0	0	0	0	1
One Off Projects Total		908	1,639	1,000	0	0	0	2,6
ASPIRE & ACHIEVE TOTAL		11,400	24,567	20,366	15,100	11,600	3,750	75,3
BEST START								
Strategic Priorities								
Residential Children's Units – Magdale House	В	863	928	200	0	0	0	1,1
Specialist Accommodation / Youth Services	B/G	19	2,332	3,900	1,750	0	0	7,9
Strategic Priorities Total		882	3,260	4,100	1,750	0	0	9,1
One Off Projects								
Capitalisation	R	51	0	0	0	0	0	
Liquid Logic Portal	B*	6	109	0	0	0	0	1
One Off Projects Total		57	109	0	0	0	0	1

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Appendix 8 b)

		Outturn			Revised Ca	apital Plan		
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
BEST START (Cont'd)								
BEST START TOTAL		939	3,369	4,100	1,750	0	0	9,21
INDEPENDENT								
Strategic Priorities								
Commissioning Option Appraisals to facilitate outcomes of Specialist Accommodation Strategy	В	6	14	10	10	10	0	2
Cherry Trees	В	275	584	0	0	0	0	58
Day Services Support for Vulnerable Adults	В	304	3,706	6,887	2,151	8,853	250	21,84
Strategic Priorities Total		585	4,304	6,897	2,161	8,863	250	22,4
One Off Projects								
Adults Social Care Operation	G	3	541	250	0	0	0	7
Assistive Technology IT Consultant	G	0	75	45	0	0	0	1
Highfields	В	0	13	0	0	0	0	
Wellbeing Pods - IPC funding	G	103	0	0	0	0	0	
Carefirst System Replacement	B/R	52	1,200	788	0	0	0	1,9
Capitalisation	R	385	0	0	0	0	0	
One Off Projects Total		543	1,829	1,083	0	0	0	2,9
INDEPENDENT TOTAL		1,128	6,133	7,980	2,161	8,863	250	25,3

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			Outturn			Revised Ca	apital Plan		
GENE	ERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'000
SUST	AINABLE ECONOMY								
	Strategic Priorities								
	A62 & A644 Corridors to Cooper Bridge	G	301	646	1,522	1,000	3,300	61,519	67,987
	A629 Ainley Top to Huddersfield (Phase 5)	G	550	1,260	2,558	4,470	980	1,646	10,914
	A653 Leeds to Dewsbury Corridor (M2D2L)	G	211	1,640	4,460	5,884	0	0	11,984
	CityConnect Phase 3:								
	Cooper Bridge	G	149	1,641	3	0	0	0	1,644
	Huddersfield Town Centre	G/B	401	1,549	0	0	0	0	1,549
	Corridor Improvement Programme:								
	A62 Smart Corridor	G	463	3,690	2,250	138	0	0	6,078
	Holmfirth Town Centre Access Plan	G	263	370	1,470	1,450	154	0	3,444
	Huddersfield Southern Corridors	G/B	2,044	3,500	7,363	60	20	0	10,943
	Huddersfield Station Gateway Phase 1&2	G	66	50	1,350	50	3,900	4,475	9,825
	North Kirklees Orbital Route (NKOR)	G	22	18	46	0	0	0	64
,	West Yorkshire Integrated UTMC:								
	UTMC Urban Traffic Management	G	43	314	0	0	0	0	314
	KC1 Dews Ring Road Multi node scoot	G	34	0	0	0	0	0	0
	KC2 A644 Ravens to Dews Street works	G	46	0	0	0	0	0	0
	KC3 A652 Dews to Batley Street works	G	32	0	0	0	0	0	0
,	WYTF Land Acquisition	В	3	625	0	0	0	0	625
*	Council Underwrite (A62 to Cooper Bridge, A629 Halifax Rd, A62 Smart Corridor, Huddersfield Southern Corridor)	В	0	0	2,350	0	883	5,858	9,091
	West Yorkshire plus Transport Schemes		4,628	15,303	23,372	13,052	9,237	73,498	134,462

Outturn **Revised Capital Plan** Funding 2020/21 2021/22 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 Total **GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN** f'000 f'000 f'000 f'000 f'000 f'000 f'000 SUSTAINABLE ECONOMY **Strategic Priorities Emergency Active Travel** 233 1.961 0 0 0 0 1,961 G **Transforming Cities Fund Rail-Bus Better Connected Stations:** Huddersfield Rail Station Access 704 0 0 704 G 815 0 0 **Dewsbury Rail Station Access** 0 0 0 0 G 146 199 199 TCF Main scheme: Heckmondwike Bus Station 495 13 3.949 G 51 3,441 0 0 Dews/Cleck Sustainable Travel Corridor 750 12.877 2.049 0 0 15.676 G/B 94 30 **Dewsbury Town Centre Walking & Cycling Imps** G 33 1.165 6,771 0 0 7,966 G 10 0 **Dewsbury Bus Station** 0 7,990 0 0 7,990 Huddersfield Rail Station Access 7.191 1,397 0 G/B 12 900 0 9,488 A629 Wakefield Rd Sustainable Travel Corridor G 89 940 600 3,371 1,000 0 5,911 4,255 Huddersfield Bus Station G 24 490 4,231 0 0 8,976 Dews/Bat/Tingley Sustainable Travel Corridor 590 5,362 22 0 0 5,974 26 G Trinity Street Foot/Cycle Bridge G 0 600 5,008 0 0 0 5,608 G **SOC Development** 220 0 0 0 0 0 0 **Programme Management** G 0 0 0 0 0 0 11 72,441 Transforming Cities Fund 1.531 6.833 53.495 11.113 1.000 0

Page 151

Appendix 8 b)

		Outturn			Revised C	apital Plan		
NERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tot £'00
STAINABLE ECONOMY								
Strategic Priorities								
Aspirational Regeneration of Major Town Ce - Feasibility	ntres B	30	211	0	0	0	0	21
Regeneration of Strategic Town Centres - Huddersfield								
Huddersfield Town Centre - Shop Front Gran	its B	3	218	978	0	0	0	1,1
Huddersfield New Market (incl Levelling Up	Fund) B/G	104	906	10,006	9,052	0	0	19,9
Huddersfield Town Centre Design Framewor	k B	13	1,277	0	0	0	0	1,2
Cultural Interventions - Growing Seeds	В	84	16	0	0	0	0	
Heritage Action Zone:								
George Hotel	B/G	246	4,878	2,178	254	0	0	7,3
Estate Buildings	B/G	0	2,000	1,180	824	0	0	4,0
HAZ Complementary Initiatives	В	0	58	0	0	0	0	
Huddersfield Public Realm Works:								
New Street Public Realm Development	В	389	3,742	1,080	0	0	0	4,8
Huddersfield Town Hall Lighting	В	44	2	0	0	0	0	
Huddersfield Town Centre Cameras	В	0	74	25	25	25	0	1
Refurb of 2 New Street, Huddersfield	В	0	45	0	0	0	0	
Public Realm - Golden Route	В	0	600	400	0	0	0	1,0
Other Town Centre Maintenance Schemes	В	588	0	0	0	0	0	
Hudde	rsfield T	1,471	13,816	15,847	10,155	25	0	39,8
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Page 152

Appendix 8 b)

Funding	2020/ £'0		2021/22 £'000	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/20	
			1 000	£'000	£'000	£'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
Ŀ								
Dewsbury								
B/G	8	38	905	2,250	4,522	7,500	0	15,17
B/G		89	250	1,350	2,450	250	97	4,3
B/G	2	71	354	3,452	2,000	3,000	0	8,8
B/G/	R 2	02	789	10,020	3,992	0	0	14,8
B/G	2	52	400	1,929	40	0	0	2,3
B/G/	R 3	57	369	5,075	1,000	780	0	7,2
wsbury T	2,0	09	3,067	24,076	14,004	11,530	97	52,7
on Plans	3,5	10	17,094	39,923	24,159	11,555	97	92,8
vns and _B		0	2,652	5,453	1,895	0	0	10,0
R	3	24	1,105	5,500	3,000	0	0	9,6
R		0	70	0	0	0	0	
В		0	260	750	3,500	3,990	0	8,5
B/G	6	36	564	368	1,500	5,000	26,800	34,2
Centres	9	60	1,999	6,618	8,000	8,990	26,800	52,4
В	2,9	83	5,017	1,000	0	0	0	6,0
	B/G B/G B/G B/G/I B/G B/G/I B/G B/G Centres B/G B/G Centres	B/GB/GB/GB/GB/G2B/G/R2B/G/R2B/G/R3SewsburyTCon Plans3,5Vns andBR3R3B/G6Centres9	B/G 838 B/G 89 B/G 271 B/G 271 B/G 271 B/G 271 B/G/R 202 B/G 252 B/G/R 357 B/G/R 357 ewsbury T Dn Plans 3,510 on Plans 0 R 324 R 324 R 0 B/G 636 Centres 960	B/G 838 905 B/G 89 250 B/G 271 354 B/G 271 354 B/G 271 354 B/G 202 789 B/G 252 400 B/G/R 357 369 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 on Plans 3,510 17,094 on Plans 3,510 17,094 wns and B 0 2,652 R 324 1,105 R 0 70 B 0 260 B/G 636 564 Centres 960 1,999	B/G8389052,250B/G892501,350B/G2713543,452B/G/R20278910,020B/G2524001,929B/G/R3573695,075ewsburyT2,0093,06724,076on Plans3,51017,09439,923on Plans3,51017,09439,923on Plans3,51017,09439,923on Plans02,6525,453on Plans02,6525,453on Plans02,6525,500R3241,1055,500R0700B0260750B/G636564368Centres9601,9996,618	B/G 838 905 2,250 4,522 B/G 89 250 1,350 2,450 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 B/G 252 789 10,020 3,992 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 B/G 357 369 5,075 1,000 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 on Plans 3,510 17,094 39,923 24,159 vns and B 0 2,652 5,453 1,895 R 324 1,105 5,500 3,000 R 0 70 0 0 B 0 260 750 </td <td>B/G 838 905 2,250 4,522 7,500 B/G 89 250 1,350 2,450 250 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 B/G 202 789 10,020 3,992 0 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 0 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 0 B/G/R 357 369 5,075 1,000 780 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 11,530 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 11,555 on Plans 3,510 17,094 39,923 24,159 11,555 vns and B 0 2,652 5,453 1,895 0 R 324 1,105 5,500 3,000 0 0</td> <td>B/G 838 905 2,250 4,522 7,500 0 B/G 89 250 1,350 2,450 250 97 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 0 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 0 B/G/R 202 789 10,020 3,992 0 0 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 0 0 0 B/G/R 357 369 5,075 1,000 780 0 0 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 11,530 97 on Plans 3,510 17,094 39,923 24,159 11,555 97 wns and B 0 2,652 5,453 1,895 0 0 0 R 324 1,105 5,500 3,000 0 0 0 0 0</td>	B/G 838 905 2,250 4,522 7,500 B/G 89 250 1,350 2,450 250 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 B/G 202 789 10,020 3,992 0 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 0 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 0 B/G/R 357 369 5,075 1,000 780 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 11,530 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 11,555 on Plans 3,510 17,094 39,923 24,159 11,555 vns and B 0 2,652 5,453 1,895 0 R 324 1,105 5,500 3,000 0 0	B/G 838 905 2,250 4,522 7,500 0 B/G 89 250 1,350 2,450 250 97 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 0 B/G 271 354 3,452 2,000 3,000 0 B/G/R 202 789 10,020 3,992 0 0 B/G 252 400 1,929 40 0 0 0 B/G/R 357 369 5,075 1,000 780 0 0 ewsbury T 2,009 3,067 24,076 14,004 11,530 97 on Plans 3,510 17,094 39,923 24,159 11,555 97 wns and B 0 2,652 5,453 1,895 0 0 0 R 324 1,105 5,500 3,000 0 0 0 0 0

Page 153

		Outturn				Revised	Capital Plai	1	
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021 £	./22 000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
SUSTAINABLE ECONOMY									
Strategic Priorities									
103 New Street	B**	4,180	5,	018	0	0	0	0	5,01
Economic Recovery Fund	B/B* */R	25	7,	825	16,497	4,250	225	0	28,7
Property Investment Fund	1	4,205	12,	843	16,497	4,250	225	0	33,8
Dewsbury Riverside	B/G	521	6,	204	15,975	0	0	0	22,1
Site Development + Homes England (Accelerated Construction Programme)	G	44	4,	454	59	48	0	0	4,5
Public Realm Improvements	В	291		172	0	0	0	0	1
Strategic Priorities Total		18,906	74,	532	162,392	62,517	31,007	100,395	430,8
Baseline									
Housing Private	G/R	3,166	3,	643	6,297	3,584	3,584	3,584	20,6
Highways									
Maintenance									
Principal Roads	G	2,928	5,	320	1,692	2,068	2,068	2,068	13,2
Roads Connecting Communities	G	868	2,	309	1,096	926	926	926	6,1
Local Community Roads	B/G	4,987		580	5,178	1,742	1,742	1,742	17,9
Structures	G	1,123		423	1,685	1,037	1,037	1,037	6,2
Unadopted Roads	В	0		100	50	50	50	50	3
Streetlighting	B*	2,735		075	0	0	0	0	2,0
Locality Based U Roads Improvements	В	2,651		621	6,728	0	0	0	12,3
Highways Maintenance Sub-Total		15,292	24,	428	16,429	5,823	5,823	5,823	58,3

Appendix	(8 b)
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		Outturn			Revised Ca	pital Plan		
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
SUSTAINABLE ECONOMY								
Baseline								
Integrated Transport								
Integrated Public Transport	G	33	725	168	168	168	168	1,39
Network Management	B/G	673	370	100	100	100	100	77
Cycling and Walking	B/S278 /G	15	238	120	120	120	120	71
Safer Roads	B/G	720	2,473	1,011	1,011	1,011	1,011	6,5 1
Flood Management and Drainage Improvements	B/G	716	755	680	450	450	450	2,78
Developer Funded Schemes	S278	610	422	0	0	0	0	42
Highways Integrated Transport Sub-Total		2,767	4,983	2,079	1,849	1,849	1,849	12,6
Highways Total		18,059	29,411	18,508	7,672	7,672	7,672	70,9
Corporate Landlord Asset Investment	В	3,630	10,729	5,300	2,133	2,800	2,800	23,7
Corporate Landlord Compliance	В	222	1,665	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,6
Corporate Landlord		3,852	12,394	6,300	3,133	3,800	3,800	29,4
Corporate Landlord Suitability Programme	В	0	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,0
Sustainability of Huddersfield Town Hall - Conditions	В	0	150	1,500	1,750	100	0	3,5
Corporate Landlord Asset Strategy Review		0	1,150	2,500	2,750	1,100	1,000	8,5
Bereavement	В	457	618	100	100	100	450	1,3
Vehicle Replacement Programme	В	2,728	1,355	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	6,3
School Catering	В	186	343	200	200	200	200	1,14
Baseline Total		28,448	48,914	35,155	18,689	17,706	17,956	138,4

		Outturn			Revised C	apital Plan		
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
SUSTAINABLE ECONOMY								
One-Off Projects								
Housing (Regeneration)	G/R	139	44	0	0	0	0	4
Economic Resilience	G	66	59	0	0	0	0	5
Strategic Asset Utilisation	В	25	250	895	0	0	0	1,14
Leeds City Region Revolving Fund	В	0	1,211	0	0	0	0	1,21
School Catering - Compliance Essential Works	B*	125	187	150	150	150	100	73
Ward Based Activity	В	0	41	53	0	0	0	9
One-Off Projects Total		355	1,792	1,098	150	150	100	3,29
SUSTAINABLE ECONOMY TOTAL		47,709	125,238	198,645	81,356	48,863	118,451	572,55
WELL								
Strategic Priorities								
Spenborough Valley Leisure Centre	B/B*	6,841	7,726	361	0	0	0	8,08
* Spenborough Valley Leisure Centre	В	0	2,000	175	0	0	0	2,17
Huddersfield Leisure Centre	В	323	156	0	0	0	0	1
Dewsbury Sports Centre Priorities	В	62	236	300	1,150	200	0	1,88
Strategic Priorities Total		7,226	10,118	836	1,150	200	0	12,30
Baseline								
Kirklees Active Leisure	B/B*	136	1,006	1,790	400	200	300	3,69
Play Strategy	B/G/ S106	137	 2,420	2,005	2,210	2,033	1,388	10,0
Baseline Total		273	3,426	3,795	2,610	2,233	1,688	13,7
WELL TOTAL		7,499	13,544	4,631	3,760	2,433	1,688	26,0

			Outturn	Revised Capital Plan					
GEN	NERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	To £'0
SAF	E AND COHESIVE								
	Strategic Priorities								
	Youth Offending Team	В	13	172	0	0	0	0	1
	Strategic Priorities Total		13	172	0	0	0	0	1
	SAFE AND COHESIVE TOTAL		13	172	0	0	0	0	1
CLEA	AN AND GREEN								
	Strategic Priorities								
	Depot Works	В	137	392	25	0	0	0	4
	Garden Waste Containers and Vehicles	B/G	1,241	986	3,009	0	0	0	3,9
	Waste Management Plant/ Infrastructure	B/B*/ G	0	5,174	5,173	12,173	4,480	0	27,0
	Climate Emergency - Green Travel	В	0	2,000	0	0	0	0	2,0
	Air Quality	В	6	345	0	0	0	0	
	Huddersfield Heat Network	G/B	26	436	0	13,866	0	794	15,0
	Trees for Climate Programme	G	1,003	1,617	0	0	0	1,484	3,:
	Strategic Priorities Total		2,413	10,950	8,207	26,039	4,480	2,278	51,9
	Baseline								
	Environment & Strategic Waste	В	216	100	100	100	100	100	5
	Baseline Total		216	100	100	100	100	100	5
	One Off Projects								
	Electric Vehicle Charge Points	G	203	303	0	0	0	0	3
	One Off Projects Total		203	303	0	0	0	0	3
	CLEAN AND GREEN TOTAL		2,832	11,353	8,307	26,139	4,580	2,378	52,7

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		Outturn			Revised Ca	apital Plar	1	
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE								
Baseline								
Information Technology	В	900	900	900	900	900	900	4,50
One Venue Development	В	155	427	300	100	100	200	1,12
Sustainability of Major Town Halls - Service Development	B*	399	561	520	105	100	550	1,83
Baseline Total		1,454	1,888	1,720	1,105	1,100	1,650	7,4
One Off Projects								
Transformation Capitalisation	В	2,348	2,000	0	0	0	0	2,0
Information Technology (Digital)	В	22	450	450	450	450	478	2,2
Information Technology	В	771	73	0	0	0	0	
Internal Renovation works	В	32	107	0	0	0	0	1
One Off Projects Total		3,173	2,630	450	450	450	478	4,4
EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE TOTAL		4,627	4,518	2,170	1,555	1,550	2,128	11,9
GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PLAN TOTAL		76,147	188,894	246,199	131,821	77,889	128,645	773,4

FUNDING KEY:

B = Borrowing

B* = Service funded Borrowing

B** = Borrowing for provision of loans for development projects, covered by repayments

G = Grant

R = Capital receipts

*= Addition

Appendix 8 b)

	Outturn Revised Capital Plan					n			
HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT CAPITAL PLAN	Funding	2020/21 £'000		2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Tota £'00
INDEPENDENT									
Strategic Priorities									
Housing Growth	H/R	2,896		3,082	2,880	2,880	3,240	8,322	20,40
New Build Phase 1 - Ashbrow Extra Care	H/G	503		3,003	3,041	707	0	0	6,75
Remodelling / High Rise	Н	0		275	750	1,000	5,000	4,975	12,00
IT System (Universal Housing Replacement)	Н	147		853	0	0	0	0	85
Council House Building	B/R/ H	519		8,082	7,700	9,800	10,500	5,900	41,9
Strategic Priorities Total		4,065		15,295	14,371	14,387	18,740	19,197	81,99
Baseline									
Housing Capital Plan	Н	10,259		10,041	10,960	10,606	10,606	11,647	53,8
Estate Improvements (Neighbourhood Investment)	Н	449		551	700	800	900	3,897	6,8
Compliance	Н	596		8,832	5,505	2,505	1,244	1,000	19,0
Fuel poverty	H/ G	110		3,155	826	825	825	825	6,4
Adaptations	Н	1,948		3,507	3,300	2,964	2,928	2,964	15,6
Baseline Total		13,362		26,086	21,291	17,700	16,503	20,333	101,9
HRA CAPITAL PLAN TOTAL		17,427		41,381	35,662	32,087	35,243	39,530	183,90

FUNDING KEY:

H = HRA revenue contribution/major repairs reserve

R = Capital receipts

G = Grant

B = Borrowing

Appendix 9

KIRKLEES COUNCIL _- FLEXIBLE USE OF CAPITAL RECEIPTS STRATEGY

- 1. Government guidance allows the capitalisation of certain types of qualifying revenue expenditure in-year, funded from the flexible use of 'in-year' generated capital receipts. It covers in-year capital receipts generated in-year, from 2016-17 to 2021-22 inclusive.
- 2. In-year generated capital receipts includes General Fund receipts from the sale of General Fund land and buildings. It also includes 'right to buy' (RTB) receipts from the sale of Council houses. These are remaining receipts that are also available to the Council, after taking account of the Council's other obligations in relation to RTB receipts generated in-year.
- 3. It is proposed that consideration be given to applying 'in-year' capital receipts generated, to fund the following qualifying capitalised revenue expenditure, in line with original DCLG guidance issued in March 2016, as follows :
- *i)* funding the cost of service reconfiguration, restructuring or rationalisation (staff or non-staff), where this leads to ongoing efficiency savings or service transformation;
- *ii)* driving a digital approach to the delivery of more efficient public services and how the public interacts with constituent authorities where possible;
- 4. The time period relating to the above qualifying expenditure covers 2018-19 and the following 3 years. The original DCLG guidance covered the 2016-19 period, but this was subsequently extended by a further 3 years, to 2021-22, following the Autumn Statement announcement on November 17, 2017.
- 5. The extent to which capital receipts will actually be applied in-year will take into account the following factors :
 - i) the amount of capital receipts actually generated in-year;
 - ii) the amount of qualifying capitalisable revenue expenditure in-year;
 - iii) the affordability of borrowing to fund the capital plan in-year, where current funding assumptions include use of in-year capital receipts to part fund the Councils annual General Fund capital plan
- 6. The proposals set out in 3. above are 'in principle' and allow officers the 'flexibility' to consider a range of funding options in-year that meet the intended objectives set out in the Council's budget strategy update.
- 7. It is intended that officers will update members as part of the annual budget report to full Council each February, and finalised proposals for the flexible use of capital receipts to be incorporated into an annual early closedown review report for Cabinet consideration early April.

JULY 2021

Risk No	Risk – Description of the risk	Management actions already in place to mitigate the risk	Control Opptnty	Trend	Risk Matrix Symbol
	Community Impacts & Risks	Delivering service that customers and citizens need			
A1	Covid 19 coronavirus has continuing implications on the Kirklees community, and the Council. There are additional risks and impacts on the council (and community) in the short and medium term, which relate to community, operational and financial matters	 This position requires regular reconsideration as the position can change quickly, and there remains a substantial number of areas of uncertainty. Mitigations need to relate to Infection control and management- as a council activity (see also risk 6) Management of financial consequences including seeking to spend national grants effectively, and mitigation against the risk of fraud Social and economic consequences (including appropriate council interventions therein) Recognition of long covid and other consequent diseases 	Μ	5 x4=20	
A2	The council does not adequately safeguard children and vulnerable adults, and those subject to elder abuse, because of increased complexity, referral volumes and a lack of service capacity to respond to the assessed need.	 Disclosure & Barring Service (DBS) checking, staff training, supervision, protection policies kept up to date and communicated. Effective management of social work (and related services); rapid response to any issues identified and from any Safeguarding Practice Reviews (Children), Safeguarding adults reviews and Domestic Homicide Reviews Active management of cases with media interest Review of current practices following the child sexual exploitation in other authorities and the emerging requirements. Ensure that workloads are balanced to resources. Staff and skill development to minimise dependence on key individuals. Use of agency staff and or contractors when necessary Ideal manager training Development of market sufficiency strategy; consider approaches to support the development of the available service offer both locally and regionally. 	Η	+	

		 Ensure competence of the Safeguarding Boards and that they are adequately resourced to challenge and improve outcomes Adults Safeguarding Board has own specific risk register Effective listening to messages about threats from other parts of the council and partner agencies Proactive recognition of Members role as "corporate parent" Childrens Improvement Board to assist governance and quality improvement Additional work to ensure that corporate safeguarding activities include appropriate control arrangements. Ensure effective record keeping Ensure routine internal quality assessment Training to ensure that there is a proportionate reaction, Recognise that referrals may have been suppressed as a result of lockdown and other coronavirus related concerns <i>Responsible for this risk – R Parry and M Meggs</i> 		4x5=20	
A3	Legacy issues of historical childcare management practices, and particularly, the heightened national attention to Child Sexual Exploitation and historical abuse cases leads to reputational issues, and resource demands to address consequential matters.	 Additional resources and expertise allocated to new and historical Child Sex Exploitation (CSE) and other legacy work, as required. Risk matrix and risk management approach implemented with the police and partners. Understand relationship with the Prevent strategy, and issues linked to counter terrorism Take steps per risk 7 to seek to avoid ongoing issues Ensure effective record keeping <i>Responsible for this risk –M Meggs</i> 	LM	4 x4=16	
A4 Page	Failure to address matters of violent extremism and related safer stronger community factors, including criminal exploitation, create significant community tension, (and with the potential of safeguarding consequences for vulnerable individuals).	 Prevent Partnership Action Plan. Community cohesion work programme Local intelligence sharing and networks. Status as a Prevent Priority Area provides funding for a Prevent Coordinator Post and enables the development of bids for additional funding. Counter terrorism local profile. Awareness that campaigns such as black lives matter may give cause to action and reaction. 	Μ	4 x5=20	

A5	Significant environmental events such as severe weather impact on the Council's ability to continue to deliver services.	 Global events can create ongoing potential issues and tensions, (national risk status raised recently) which the council needs awareness and mitigations strategies West Yorkshire Violence Reduction Unit will assist <i>Responsible for this risk – R Parry and M Meggs (& J Greenfield)</i> Effective business continuity and emergency planning (including mutual aid) investment in flood management, gritting deployment plans. Winter maintenance budgets are supported by a bad weather contingency. Operational plans and response plans designed to minimise impacts (e.g. gully cleansing for those areas which are prone to flooding.) Emergency Planning risks for current year reflect risks of (e.g.) staff sickness for both services such as gritting and meeting home care commitments <i>Responsible for this risk – C Parr</i> 	M	As a long- term environme ntal trend 4x5=20	
A6	Reconsidered individual and community priorities Understanding the financial and other on-going impact on partner agencies, including the voluntary sectors – such as by funding shortfall, or a redirection of their own resources- in way that reduces their ability to support communities, with an impact on the council.	 Understand the impacts Consider what types of support the council might provide Engagement in resilience discussions with NHS partners Secure funding as appropriate (e.g consider extension of pooled funds Understanding potential impacts on demand for council services Strengthen partnership arrangements to ascertain whether other funding or cost reduction solutions can be introduced. Assess dependency on voluntary organising, and impacts that coronavirus has on their sustainability, and consider actions. Determine which of these are really adverse 	H	4x4=16	
	The finances of the Council	Keeping the Council solvent			
A7 I	A failure to achieve the Councils savings plan impacts more generally on the councils finances with the necessity for unintended savings (from elsewhere) to ensure financial stability	 Significant impacts on incomes and cost pressures on certain service areas Established governance arrangements are in place to achieve planned outcomes at Cabinet and officer level Escalation processes are in place and working effectively. Alignment of service, transformation and financial monitoring. Tracker developed which allows all change plans to be in view and monitored on a monthly basis 	МН	+	

		Monthly (and quarterly) financial reporting <i>Responsible for this risk - E Croston & ET</i>		4x5=20	
A8	The council has significant financial risks related to # Volumes (in excess of budget) of; • Complex Adult Care services • Childrens Care Services • Educational high needs # Coronavirus additional costs # Coronavirus income impacts on commercial rents and other fees and charges. # HRA Rent collection. (UC roll-out) # Waste disposal and waste strategy	 Responsible for this risk - E Croston & ET Monitor short term loss of income Monitor additional costs (& be sure they are all captured) Recognise in budget plans Scenario plan for reduced level of demand, post current crisis (e.g. changed customer tastes and priorities) Scenario plan for recurrences of coronavirus or similar Scenario plan for default by debtors- council tax and rents (individual citizens), business rates and commercial rents (businesses), sundry debtors (both) Consider impacts from rent deferrals Seek to recover additional costs where budgets held by other parties or partners Significant service pressures recognised as part of resource allocation Responsibility for budgetary control aligned to Strategic and Service Directors. Examine alternative strategies or amend policies where possible to mitigate growth in demand or reduce costs Utilise supplementary resources to cushion impact of cuts and invest to save. Continue to lobby, through appropriate mechanisms, for additional resources Proactive monitoring as Universal Credit is introduced <i>Responsible for this risk - E Croston & ET</i> 	M	5 x5=25	
A9	Above inflation cost increases, impact on the ability of providers to deliver activities of the specified quality, and or impacting on the prices charged and impacting on the budgets of the Council.	 Monitor quality and performance of contracts. Be aware of underlying issues through effective communication with service providers and suppliers about likely impact on prices Renegotiate or retender contracts as appropriate. Ensure that budgets anticipate likely cost impacts Seek additional funding as a consequence of government-imposed costs <i>Responsible for this risk - E Croston & all strategic directors</i> 	LM	 ★ ★ 5x4=20 	
A10	Making inappropriate choices in relation to lending or and borrowing decisions, leads to financial losses.	Effective due diligence prior to granting loans and careful monitoring of investment decisions.	МН		

A11	Exposure to uninsured losses or significant unforeseen costs, leads to the necessity for unintended savings to balance the councils finances. Insurance market unwilling to cover certain riskssuch a clad	•	Effective challenge to treasury management proposals by both officers and members (Corporate Governance & Audit Committee) taking account of external advice Responsible for this risk - E Croston Ensure adequacy of financial revenue reserves to protect the council financial exposure and managed effectively not to impact on the council essential services. Consider risks and most cost-effective appropriate approach to responding to these (internal or external insurance provision). Awareness of risk activity that is not insured or uninsurable. Responsible for this risk - E Croston & J Muscroft	H	2x5=10 4x4=16	
A12	buildings. The future national budget position and allocation of funding to local authorities causes a loss of resources or increased and under- funded obligations (e.g. in relation to social care), with impact on the strategic plans, Although the government has provided resource to meet coronavirus consequence, but it is unclear the extent to which this will continue- and for how long. In the longer- term risks remain (and may be higher as the need to address recent high level of national debt, and inflation/ interest, and other spending areas deemed of greater priority).	•	Monitor government proposals and legislation, and their impact on council and partner services. Continue to lobby, through appropriate mechanisms, for additional resources e.g. Local Government Association (LGA) Be aware of underlying issues through effective communication with citizens, partners, service providers and suppliers about likely impact on resources Ensure that budgets anticipate likely impacts Ensure adequacy of financial revenue reserves to protect the council financial exposure and managed effectively not to impact on the council essential services.	L	5 x5=25	
JA13	Governance The councils arrangements to effectively determine and implement policies, and	•	Operating legally and ethically Open policy development Open decision making, including full consultation	Н		

	operational practices, are inadequate, leading to the potential for failure Resource Utilisation	 Effective challenge (between officers, officers and members, and between member) Proper recording of all decisions Carefully following all rules and requirements, particularly those related to Financial Procedures Rules and Contract Procedure Rules Doing basis well- strong training and effective assurance Clarity of management responsibility and understanding Responsible for this risk – chief executive and all strategic directors Operating successfully and effectively 			
A14	 Council supplier and market relationships, including contractor failure leads to; loss of service, poor quality service an inability to attract new suppliers (affecting competition, and to replace any incumbent contractors who have failed) complexities and difficulties in making arrangements in respect of significant and long running major outsource contracts, and their extension and renewal. 	 Avoid, where possible, over dependence on single suppliers More thorough financial assessment when a potential supplier failure could have a wide impact on the council's operations but take a more open approach where risks are few or have only limited impact. Recognise that supplier failure is always a potential risk; those firms that derive large proportions of their business from the public sector are a particular risk. Need to balance between only using suppliers who are financially sound but may be expensive and enabling lower cost or new entrants to the supplier market. Consideration of social value, local markets and funds recirculating within the borough Understanding supply chains and how this might impact on the availability of goods and services Be realistic about expectation about what the market can deliver, taking into account matter such as national living wage, recruitment and retention issues etc. Develop and publish in place market position statement and undertake regular dialogue with market. Effective consultation with suppliers about proposals to deal with significant major external changes Early consultation with existing suppliers about arrangements to be followed at the end of existing contractual arrangements 	MH	\$	

		 Realign budgets to reflect real costs Commission effectively Ensuring adequate cash flow for smaller contractors 			
		Responsible for this risk – J Muscroft			
A15	Management of information from loss or inappropriate destruction or retention and the risk of failure to comply with the Council's obligations in relation to Data Protection, Freedom of Information legislation and the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) leading to reputational damage, rectification costs and fines.	 Thorough, understandable information security policies and practices that are clearly communicated to workforce and councillors Effective management of data, retention and recording. Raised awareness and staff and councillor training Compliance with IT security policy. Compliance with retention schedules. Compliance with information governance policy. Business continuity procedures. Recognition of increased risk from homeworking may increase risks or change their perspective (e.g. destruction of paper records), and whether there is a need for additional security, training or other matters. 	H (INFO)	1 4x5=20	
	Cyber related threats affecting data integrity and system functionality.	 Comply with new legislation around staff access to sensitive data. Council has a Senior Information Risk Owner ("SIRO") officer and a Data Protection Officer (DPO) who are supported by an Information Governance Board Development of action plan to respond to GDPR requirements and resourcing requirements as appropriate Increased awareness of officers and members as to their obligations Proactive management of cyber issues, including additional web controls Responsible for this risk – J Muscroft 	M (CYBER)	1	
A16	Health and safety measures are inadequate leading to harm to employees or customers and possible litigious action from them personally and/or the Health and Safety Executive.(and the potential of prosecution and corporate /personal liability)(and in particular issues of fire safety,)	 Ensuring appropriate H&S responses re Coronavirus (appropriately balancing statutory obligations, desirable positions and commerciality/business risk) New Fire Safety Policy approved and being implemented with improved monitoring of fire risk Prioritised programme of remedial works to buildings to tackle fire safety and other issues Review work practices to address H&S risks Monitor safety equipment 	Η	+	

		 Improved employee training as to their responsibilities, as employees and (where appropriate) as supervisors. Improved employee work practices Approval of additional resources to improve corporate monitoring regime. <i>Responsible for this risk – R Spencer Henshall</i> 		3x5=15	
A17	Exposure to increased liabilities arising from property ownership and management, including dangerous structures and asbestos, cladding and fire controls with reputational and financial implications.	 Active site management Routine servicing and cleansing regimes (including coronavirus compliance in both operational and managed tenanted commercial property) Work practices to address risks from noxious substances Property disposal strategy linked to service and budget strategy Review of fire risks Establishment of Housing Building Safety Assurance Board Develop management actions, categorised over the short to medium term and resource accordingly. Prioritisation of funding to support reduction of backlog maintenance Clarity on roles and responsibilities particularly where property management is outsourced 	Η	4 x4=16	
A18	 The risk of retaining a sustainable, diverse, workforce, including aging and age profile encouraging people to enter hard to recruit roles (which often have low pay, or challenging hours or tasks) encouraging entrants to professional roles where pay is often below market levels. and ensuring that the workforce is broadly content, without whom the council is unable to deliver its service 	 Effective Workforce Planning (including recruitment and retention issues) Modernise Human Resources policies and processes Increased accessibility to online training managers/ employees. Selective use of interim managers and others to ensure continuity of progress regarding complex issues Ensure robust change processes including Equality Impact Assessments (EIA's) and consultation. Understanding difficult to recruit areas Understand market pay challenges Promote the advantages of LG employment Engage and encourage younger people through targeted apprenticeships, training, and career development (and recognising that young peoples skills, knowledge, and expectations may be impacted by coronavirus) Ensuring awareness to ensure employees safety and health (including stress) Consider issues about a workforce reflective of the community, inclusion, diversity and coronavirus issues 	Η	1 4x4=16	

	obligations.	Responsible for this risk – R Spencer Henshall			
E18	Compliance with the councils own climate change commitments, and or statutory climate change obligations fails to achieve objectives and ambitions, and or	 Reconsideration of priorities and potential achievability within timescales Monitoring of achievements/effective project planning and costing Awareness of local consequences such as ensuring appropriate levels of energy efficiency in residential and commercial property, and the financial consequences 	M	1	2.
	causes unanticipated costs or operational consequences	• Being climate aware in design- such as ensuring temperature appropriate road surfacing products, heating and ventilation in new and refurbished property		4x4=16	
		 Lobbying for financial and other government support in relation to the costs of meeting obligations 			
		WYCA related projects will require assessment of carbon impacts <i>Responsible for this risk – C Parr</i>			

All risks shown on this corporate matrix are considered to have a potentially high probability, or impact, which may be in the short or medium horizon TREND ARROWS

Worsening		CONTROL OPPORTUNITIES		
		H This risk is substantially in the control of the council		
Broadly unchanged		M This risk has features that are controllable, although there are external influences		
		L This risk is largely uncontrollable by the council		
Improving	↓			

Appendix 11



Name of meeting: Corporate Governance and Audit Committee

Date: 23 July 2021

 Title of report:
 Annual Report on Treasury Management 2020-21

Purpose of report

Financial Procedure Rules (Section 9.5) require that the Council receives an annual report on Treasury Management activities for the previous financial year. The report to this committee reviews borrowing and investment performance before it gets considered by Cabinet and Council.

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Not applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's</u> <u>Forward Plan (key decisions and private</u> <u>reports)?</u>	Yes
The Decision - Is it eligible for "call in" by Scrutiny?	Yes
Date signed off by Service Director & name	Eamonn Croston 13 July 2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance, IT and Transactional Services?	As above
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Governance and Commissioning Support?	Julie Muscroft 13 July 2021
Cabinet member portfolio	Cllr Paul Davies

Electoral wards affected: Not applicable

Ward councillors consulted: Not applicable

Public or private: Public

GDPR: This report contains no information that falls within the scope of General Data Protection Regulations

1. <u>Summary</u>

- 1.1 The Council's treasury management operation for the year has followed the strategy approved by Council on 12 February 2020. Investments averaged £63.6 million and were largely deposited in instant access accounts earning an average interest rate of 0.13%.
- 1.2 Total external borrowing at 31st March 2021 decreased by £1.1 million to £425.8 million (£426.9 million as at 31st March 2020). The main highlight is that the Council has taken out a new £10 million Government long loan from the Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) in March 2021 (see paragraph 2.6.2 for more detail). Temporary borrowing increased for the year by £0.6 million to £41.5 million (£40.9 million 31st March 2020). The majority of borrowing is on fixed rate terms and the average long-term borrowing rate for 2020-21 was 4.46%. Short-term borrowing rates averaged 0.20%.
- 1.3 In 2017-18 the Council approved a revision to its Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) policy, which relates to the amount of revenue resources set aside each year to provide for its outstanding debt repayments over the longer term. This was done by updating its approach to Supported Borrowing from 2007-08 onwards, moving from a 4% reducing balance to an annuity basis in its repayment of debt.
- 1.4 In updating the approach the Council effectively over-provided in previous years the re-payment of debt to the sum of £91.1 million. Within the Treasury Management Strategy 2018-19 the Council set out its approach to unwind this over-provision at £9.1 million each year over the next 10 years, starting from 2017-18 onwards.
- 1.5 Following approval within the 2018-19 Treasury Management Strategy there was a further increase in the un-winding in the General Fund MRP for 2020-21. The maximum amount of un-wind in any one year cannot be more than the overall annual MRP calculation, as otherwise the Council would end up in a negative MRP position, which is not allowable under accounting rules. The calculation estimated for the Treasury Management Strategy was £13.5 million. The actual MRP calculation for 2020-21 was £14.3 and hence the maximum unwind allowable. However in 2020-21 the unwind increased by only a further £0.2 million to £13.7 million.
- 1.6 Treasury management costs incurred in the year include £9.0 million on net interest payments. The Council complied with its treasury management prudential indicators in the year.

2. Information required to take a decision

2.1 Background

- 2.1.1 The Council has adopted the CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice and operates its treasury management service in compliance with this Code and various statutory requirements. These require that the prime objective of the activity is to secure the effective management of risk, and that borrowing is undertaken on a prudent, affordable and sustainable basis.
- 2.1.2 Council Financial Procedure Rules require that the Council receives an annual report on Treasury Management activities for the year. Cabinet is responsible for the implementation and monitoring of the treasury management policies. Corporate Governance and Audit Committee undertake a scrutiny role with regard to treasury management.
- 2.1.3 In reviewing 2020-21 performance, reference will be made to the Treasury Management Strategy Report approved by Budget Council on 12 February 2020.

2.2 Borrowing and Investment Strategy 2020-21

- 2.2.1 The Council's overall Treasury Management Strategy prioritises security, liquidity and risk management which was adhered to in 2020-21. The Council aims to invest externally, balances of £30 million, largely for the purpose of managing day-to-day cash flow requirements, with any remaining balances invested "internally", offsetting borrowing requirements. The investment strategy is designed to minimise risk, investments being made primarily in instant access accounts or short-term deposits, with the major British owned banks and building societies, Money Market Funds, Local Authorities and Central Government.
- 2.2.2 Covid-19 had a significant impact on treasury management during the year. Due to the cyclical nature of local government cashflows and the uncertainty around the implications for future cashflows, various Central Government mitigations were implemented to ease sectoral concerns about short-term access to funds and market liquidity. For the Council, this position was eased with the receipt in advance of several tranches of Central Government funding for 2020-21.
- 2.2.3 Lower official interest rates have lowered the cost of short-term, temporary loans and investment returns from cash assets that can be used in lieu of borrowing. The Council pursued its strategy of keeping borrowing and investments below their underlying levels, sometimes known as internal borrowing, in order to reduce risk and keep interest costs low.

2.3 The Economy and Interest Rates_

Below paragraphs 2.3.1-2.3.7 are a commentary from our external treasury management advisors, Arlingclose.

- 2.3.1 The coronavirus pandemic dominated 2020-21, leading to almost the entire planet being in some form of lockdown during the year. The start of the financial year saw many central banks cutting interest rates as lockdowns caused economic activity to grind to a halt. Some good news came in December 2020 as two Covid-19 vaccines were given approval by the UK Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA). The UK vaccine rollout started in earnest; over 31 million people had received their first dose by 31st March 2021.
- 2.3.2 A Brexit trade deal was agreed with only days to spare before the 11pm 31st December 2020 deadline having been agreed with the European Union on Christmas Eve.
- 2.3.3 The Bank of England (BoE) held the Bank Rate at 0.1% throughout the year but extended its Quantitative Easing programme by £150 billion to £895 billion at its November 2020 meeting. In its March 2021 interest rate announcement, the BoE noted that while GDP would remain low in the near-term due to Covid-19 lockdown restrictions, the easing of these measures means growth is expected to recover strongly later in the year. Inflation is forecast to increase in the near-term and while the economic outlook has improved there are downside risks to the forecast, including from unemployment which is still predicted to rise when the furlough scheme is eventually withdrawn. Despite the furlough scheme, unemployment still rose. Labour market data showed that in the three months to January 2021 the unemployment rate was 5.0%, in contrast to 3.9% recorded for the same period 12 months ago. Wages rose 4.8% for total pay in nominal terms (4.2% for regular pay) and was up 3.9% in real terms (3.4% for regular pay). Unemployment is still expected to increase once the various government job support schemes come to an end.
- 2.3.4 Inflation has remained low over the 12 month period. Latest figures showed the annual headline rate of UK Consumer Price Inflation (CPI) fell to 0.4% year on year in February, below expectations (0.8%) and still well below the Bank of England's 2% target.
- 2.3.5 After contracting sharply in Quarter 2 (Apr-Jun) 2020 by 19.8% quarter on quarter, growth in

Quarter 3 and Quarter 4 bounced back by 15.5% and 1.3% respectively. The easing of some lockdown measures in the last quarter of the calendar year enabled construction output to continue, albeit at a much slower pace than the 41.7% rise in the prior quarter. When released, figures for Quarter 1 (Jan-Mar) 2021 are expected to show a decline given the national lockdown.

- 2.3.6 Ultra-low interest rates prevailed throughout most of the period, with yields generally falling between April and December 2020. From early in 2021 the improved economic outlook due to the new various stimulus packages (particularly in the US), together with the approval and successful rollout of vaccines, caused government bonds to sell off sharply on the back of expected higher inflation and increased uncertainty, pushing yields higher more quickly than had been anticipated.
- 2.3.7 Credit rating developments include Moody's downgrading the UK sovereign rating to Aa3 with a stable outlook which then impacted a number of other UK institutions, banks and local government. The vaccine approval and subsequent rollout programme are both credit positive for the financial services sector in general, but there remains much uncertainty around the extent of the losses banks and building societies will suffer due to the economic slowdown which has resulted due to pandemic-related lockdowns and restrictions. The institutions and durations on the Authority's counterparty list recommended by treasury management advisors Arlingclose remain under constant review, but at the end of the period no changes had been made to the names on the list or the recommended maximum duration of 35 days.

2.4 Investment Activity

- 2.4.1 The Council's treasury management investments totalled £37.1 million as at 31 March 2021 (£52.0 million 31 March 2020). The Council invested an average balance of £63.6 million externally during the year (£32.7 million 2019-20). Interest income of £0.071 million was generated through these investments (£0.204 million 2019-20) and £0.366 million dividend income from the CCLA Property Fund (£0.183 million 2019-20). Appendix 1 shows where investments were held at the beginning of April 2020, the end of September 2020 and the end of March 2021, by counterparty, by sector and by country. The Council's average lending rate for the year was 0.13% (0.73% 2019-20).
- 2.4.2 The high cash levels during the year were a result of the Council receiving central government funding to support small and medium businesses during the coronavirus pandemic through grant schemes. A total of £113 million was received in April 2020 and further significant amounts throughout the year. The Council also received financial support to fund the additional spend and lost income in response to the national emergency.
- 2.4.2 The majority of investments were placed in liquid instruments such as instant access bank deposit accounts, DMO (Debt Management Office) and Money Market Funds (MMFs). MMFs offer greater diversification of counterparties, thus lowering risk as well as instant access. Continued downward pressure on short-dated cash rates brought net returns on MMFs close to zero. Fund management companies have temporarily lowered or waived fees to avoid negative net returns. Deposit rates with the Debt Management Account Deposit Facility (DMADF) have continued to fall and are now also largely around zero.
- 2.4.3 The Council still has £10 million invested in the CCLA Property Fund as part of the 2019-20 Treasury Management Strategy (see paragraph 2.11.5).

2.5 Borrowing Update

2.5.1 In November 2020 the PWLB published its response to the consultation on 'Future Lending Terms'. From 26th November the margin on PWLB loans above gilt yields was reduced from 1.8% to 0.8% providing that the borrowing authority can confirm that it is not planning to purchase 'investment assets primarily for yield' in the current or next two financial years. Authorities that are purchasing _ or intending to purchase investment assets primarily for yield will not be able to access the PWLB except to refinance existing loans or externalise internal borrowing. As part of the borrowing process authorities will now be required to submit more detailed capital expenditure plans with confirmation of the purpose of capital expenditure from the Section 151 Officer. The PWLB can now also restrict local authorities from borrowing in unusual or large amounts.

- 2.5.2 The acceptable use of PWLB borrowing includes service delivery, housing, regeneration, preventative action, re-financing and treasury management. Misuse of PWLB borrowing could result in the PWLB requesting that Authority unwinds problematic transactions, suspending access to the PWLB and repayment of loans with penalties. The Council is not planning to purchase any investment assets primarily for yield within the next three years and so is able to take advantage of the reduction in the PWLB borrowing rate.
- 2.5.3 Competitive market alternatives may be available for authorities with or without access to the PWLB. However, the financial strength of the individual authority and borrowing purpose will be scrutinised by commercial lenders.
- 2.5.4 PWLB funding margins have lurched quite substantially and there remains a strong argument for diversifying funding sources, particularly if rates can be achieved on alternatives which are below gilt yields + 0.80%. The Authority will evaluate and consider these lower cost solutions and opportunities with its advisor Arlingclose.
- 2.5.5 In the March 2021 budget the Chancellor confirmed that a UK Infrastructure Bank will be set up with £4bn in lending earmarked for local authorities from the summer of 2021. Loans will be available at gilt yield plus 0.60%, 0.20% lower than the PWLB certainty rate. A bidding process to access these loans is likely with a preference to projects likely to help the government meet its Net Zero emissions target. However other "high value and complex economic infrastructure projects" may also be considered.

2.6 Borrowing Requirement and Debt Management

- 2.6.1 In terms of borrowing, long-term loans maturing greater than one year totalled £375.8 million and short-term loans maturing within 12 months (excluding interest accrued) totalled £50.0 million (£373.7 million and £53.2 million 31 March 2020), an overall decrease of £1.1 million. Appendix 2 details repayments of long-term loans during the year and short-term loans outstanding as at 31 March 2021.
- 2.6.2 The Council has an increasing Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) due to the capital programme and an estimated borrowing requirement as determined by the Liability Benchmark which also takes into account usable reserves and working capital. The Council's chief objective when borrowing has been to strike an appropriately low risk balance between securing low interest costs and achieving cost certainty over the period for which funds are required. Having considered the appropriate duration and structure of the borrowing need based on realistic projections, it was decided to take a combination of short-term borrowing and longer-term repayment loans. The Authority borrowed £10 million of new long-term borrowing from the PWLB in March 2021. This is the first loan from the PWLB to fund capital expenditure since 2007 and is a 20 year Equal Instalment of Principal (EIP) loan at a rate of 1.64%. An EIP pays back principal over the life of the loan, and the interest associated with the loan goes down as the principal outstanding reduces.
- 2.6.3 Fixed rate loans account for 83.63% of total long-term debt (see also Appendix 5) giving the Council stability in its interest costs. The maturity profile for all long-term loans is shown in Appendix 3 and shows that no more than 8.64% of all debt is due to be repaid in any one year. This is good practice as it reduces the Council's exposure to a substantial borrowing requirement in any one particular

future year, when interest rates might be at a relatively high level.

- 2.6.4 The primary source of the Council's borrowing is from the Governments PWLB representing 70.64% of total external borrowing.
- 2.6.5 The Council continues to hold £61.5 million of LOBO (Lender's Option Borrower's Option) loans which represents 16.01% of total external borrowing. LOBO loans are where the lender has the option to propose an increase in the interest rate at set dates, following which the Authority has the option to either accept the new rate or to repay the loan at no additional cost. No banks exercised their option to propose an increase in the interest rates during the year.
- 2.6.6 The table below sets out the actual external borrowing requirement against estimated requirements;

	2019-20 £m	2020-21 £m	2020-21 £m
	actual	forecast	actual
General Fund CFR - Non PFI	461.6	504.4	500.1
PFI	45.8	42.5	42.5
HRA CFR - Non PFI	175.3	171.6	170.3
PFI	50.5	48.1	48.1
Total CFR	733.2	766.6	761.0
Less: PFI debt liabilities	96.3	90.6	90.6
Borrowing CFR	636.9	676.0	670.4
Other deferred liabilities	3.9	3.7	3.7
Internal borrowing	206.1	206.2	240.9
External borrowing:			
PWLB Loans	273.3	263.3	271.5
LOBOs	61.6	60.0	61.5
Loan Stock (Fixed Rate)	7.0	7.0	7.0
Other Loans (Fixed Rate)	44.1	43.6	44.3
Temporary borrowing	40.9	92.2	41.5
Total External borrowing	426.9	466.1	425.8
Total Funding	636.9	676.0	670.4
Investments	52.0	30.0	37.1

- 2.6.7 In terms of debt rescheduling, the premium charge for early repayment of PWLB debt remained relatively expensive for the loans in the Council's portfolio and therefore unattractive for debt rescheduling activity in 2020-21.
- 2.6.8 The average long term borrowing rate for 2020-21 for the Council's long-term loans outstanding was 4.46% (4.67% 2019-20).

2.7 Trends in treasury management activity

2.7.1 Appendix 4 shows the Council's borrowing and investment trends over the last 6 years. The trend has been to re-pay long term debt at maturity and where required borrow over the short term to take advantage of short term rates. Going forward the need to borrow long term will be reviewed using the liability benchmark as mentioned above.

2.8 Risk and Compliance Issues_

- 2.8.1 The Council reports that all treasury management activities undertaken during the year complied fully with the CIPFA Code of Practice and the Council's approved Treasury Management Strategy, including the prudential indicators. Details can be found in Appendix 5. Indicators relating to affordability and prudence are highlighted in this appendix.
- 2.8.2 When the Council has received unexpected monies late in the day, officers have no alternative but to put the monies into the Barclays Business Reserve Account overnight. The account is maintained so that usually, daily balances are under £0.1 million. The maximum daily amount deposited in this account overnight as a result of unexpected late payments was £1.8 million. Whilst this is not an ideal situation, the Council is still within investment limits as per the Treasury Management Strategy which is set at £10 million per counterparty.
- 2.8.3 In line with Council Treasury Management Strategy, the Council has not placed any direct investments in companies as defined by the Carbon Underground 200.
- 2.8.4 The Council is aware of the risks of passive management of the treasury portfolio and, with the support of the Council's consultants (Arlingclose), has proactively managed the debt and investments over the year.
- 2.8.5 The CIPFA Code of Practice requires that treasury management performance be subject to regular member scrutiny. The Corporate Governance and Audit Committee performs this role and members have received reports on strategy, half yearly monitoring and now the outturn for the year 2020-21. Training was provided to Members on the 20 January 2021.

Looking ahead – Treasury Management developments in 2021-22

2.9 Re-financing/re-payment of current Long Term Borrowing

- 2.9.1 As outlined within the Council approved Treasury Management Strategy 2021-22, the Council will continue to look to repay existing long term debt when the opportunity arises where it becomes beneficial for the Council to do so.
- 2.9.2 In light of a number of lenders currently reviewing their holding of LOBO loans, there may be further opportunities to convert or re-finance existing LOBOs. With LOBO loans the Lender has the option to exercise their right to change the interest rate at which point the borrower can then choose to accept the new interest rate or choose to re-pay at no additional cost. Should any opportunities arise in the future then these would be investigated and reported back to members.

2.9.3 It is intended that Council officers liaise with the Council's external Treasury Management advisors, Arlingclose, to review lender options, and proceed if they are considered to be in the longer-term best interests of the Council.

2.10 Loan Funding Sources

- 2.10.1 The Council may be presented with additional sources of long-term funding at certain points in time, beyond those currently listed in the Council's current Treasury Management Strategy. These may be at preferential rates of interest and therefore the Service Director Finance (Section 151 Officer) will look to maximise the use of source funds when it is preferential to do so.
- 2.10.2 One such opportunity is with SALIX Finance Ltd. SALIX Finance Ltd provides interest free Government funding to the public sector to improve their energy efficiency, reduce carbon emissions and lower energy bills. The Council to date has taken the opportunity to secure £6.8 million interest free loans to part fund the £13.4 million approved street lighting replacement scheme in the Council's approved capital plan.

2.11 Investment Opportunities

- 2.11.1 The Service Director Finance, supports the approach that the borrowing and investment strategy for 2021-22 continues to place emphasis on the security of the Council's balances.
- 2.11.2 The Council is invested in the Local Authorities Pooled Investment Fund (LAPF). The Local Authorities Property Fund was established in 1972 and is managed by CCLA Fund Managers. As at March 2021 there are assets under management of £1,203 million. The Fund aims to provide investors with a high level of income and long-term capital appreciation, and it is an actively managed, diversified portfolio of UK commercial property. It principally invests in UK assets, but may invest in other assets.
- 2.11.3 The fund returned a gross dividend yield of 4.3% in 2020-21 (4.4% 2019-20), which compares with average 0.13% on other short-term investments (see paragraph 2.4.1 above). Net income of £0.366 million was received by the Council in 2020-21 (£0.183 million in 2019-20 which reflects a part-year effect as the £10 million was invested in two £5 million tranches in May 2019 and February 2020).
- 2.11.4 During the initial phase of the pandemic in March 2020, the sharp falls in corporate bond and equity markets had a negative impact on the value of the Council's pooled fund holdings and was reflected in the 31st March 2020 fund valuations with the fund registering negative capital returns over a 12-month period. Since March 2020 there here has been improvement in market sentiment, although the recovery in the UK markets has lagged those of US and European markets. The value of the fund at 31st March 2021 has remained at a similar level.
- 2.11.5 Similar to many other property funds, dealing (i.e. buying or selling units) in the CCLA LAPF was suspended by the fund in March 2020 and lifted in September. There was also a change to redemption terms for the CCLA LAPF; from September 2020 investors are required to give at least 90 calendar days' notice for redemptions.

- 2.11.6 Unrealised cumulative capital losses of £1.0m will not have an impact on the General Fund as the Council is utilising a Government dispensation for LAPF financial investment capital losses/gains at each year end to be notionally adjusted for within the Council's annual accounts, rather than it being a charge to the General Fund. It should be noted, that the current dispensation ends in 2023-24.
- 2.11.7 The investment in the fund is part of a longer-term investment strategy to mitigate against any short-term market volatility or risk. As this fund has no defined maturity date its performance and continued suitability in meeting the Authority's investment objectives is regularly reviewed. Strategic fund investments are made in the knowledge that capital values will move both up and down on months, quarters and even years; but with the confidence that over a three to five-year period total returns will exceed cash interest rates.

2.12 New Borrowing

2.12.1 As mentioned previously the Council has an increasing CFR due to the capital programme. The Council's current approach is to continue to borrow short term, however the Council will look to fund the capital plan with a combination of short and long-term borrowing. Having considered the appropriate duration and structure of the borrowing need based on realistic projections, and with ongoing consultation with Arlingclose.

3. Implications for the Council

- 3.1 Working with People no impact
- **3.2 Working with Partners** no impact
- **3.3 Place Based Working** no impact
- **3.4 Climate Change and Air Quality** no impact
- 3.4 Improving outcomes for children no impact
- **3.5** Other (e.g. Legal/Financial or Human Resources) Any changes in assumed borrowing and investment requirements, balances and interest rates will be reflected in revenue budget monitoring reports during the year.

4. Consultees and their opinions

None.

5. Next steps and timelines

5.1 Comments and feedback from CGAC will be incorporated into this report which will be subsequently considered at Cabinet in July and Council in September 2021 as part of the overall financial outturn and rollover report 2020-21.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

- 6.1 CGAC are asked to note the treasury management performance in 2020-21 as set out in this report, prior to its submission to Cabinet and Council;
- 7. Cabinet portfolio holder's recommendations To follow

8. Contact officer

James Anderson	Head of Accountancy
Rachel Firth	Finance Manager

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions

CIPFA's and Accountancy's Code of Practice on Treasury Management in the Public Services. CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities. Public Works Loan Board Website. Treasury Management 19-20 Strategy Report approved by Council on 13 February 2019. COVID-19 - Impact upon Council Finances Report approved by Cabinet on 21 May 2020.

10. Service Director responsible

Eamonn Croston

01484 221000

Kirklees Council Inv	vestments 2020/21				T						
		Credit		1 April 20			30 September			31 March 2	
Counterparty		Rating Mar 2021*	£m	Interest Rate	Type of Investment	£m	Interest Rate	Type of Investment	£m	Interest Rate	Type of Investment
Specified Investments		2021		Nate	investment		nate	investment		Nate	investment
Santander	Bank	F1/A+	0.0	0.85%	35 Day Notice	8.0	0.47%	35 Day Notice	5.0	0.30%	35 Day Notice
Barclays	Bank	F1/A+	0.0	0.01%	Instant Access	0.0	0.01%	Instant Access	0.6	0.01%	Instant Acces
Aberdeen Standard	MMF**	AAAmmf	10.0	0.48%	Instant Access	9.5	0.08%	Instant Access	8.6	0.01%	Instant Acces
Aviva	MMF**	Aaa-mf	6.6	0.45%	Instant Access	10.0	0.06%	Instant Access	7.0	0.01%	Instant Acces
Deutsche	MMF**	AAAmmf	2.9	0.41%	Instant Access	9.4	0.06%	Instant Access	5.9	0.01%	Instant Acces
Goldman Sachs	MMF**	AAAmmf	7.5	0.28%	Instant Access	5.0	0.01%	Instant Access	0.0	0.00%	Instant Acces
Thurrock Council	Local Authority		10.0	2.50%	Local Authority	0.0	N/A	Local Authority	0.0	N/A	Local Authori
Surrey County Council	Local Authority		5.0	1.25%	Local Authority	0.0	N/A	Local Authority	0.0	N/A	Local Authori
CCLA	Property Fund		10.0	N/A	Property Fund	10.0	N/A	Property Fund	10.0	N/A	Property Fun
			52.0			51.9			37.1		
Sector Analysis			£m	%age		£m	%age		£m	%age	
Bank			0.0	0%		8.0	16%		5.6	15%	
MMF**			27.0	52%		33.9	65%		21.5	58%	
Local Authorities/Cent Govt			15.0	29%		0.0	0%		0.0	0%	
Property Fund			10.0	19%		10.0	19%		10.0	27%	
			52.0	100%		51.9	100%		37.1	100%	
Country analysis			£m	%age		£m	%age		£m	%age	
UK			25.0	48%		18.0	35%		15.6	42%	
MMF**			27.0	52%		33.9	65%		21.5	58%	
			52.0	100%		51.9	100%		37.1	100%	

*Fitch short/long term ratings, except Aviva MMF (highest Moody rating). See next page for key. ** MMF – Money Market Fund. These funds are domiciled in Ireland for tax reasons, but the funds are made up of numerous diverse investments with highly rated banks and other institutions. The credit risk is therefore spread over numerous countries, including the UK. The exception to this is the Aviva Government Liquidity Fund which invests directly in UK government securities and in short-term deposits secured on those securities.

Key – Fitch's credit ratings:

		Long	Short
Investment	Extremely Strong	AAA	
Grade		AA+	
	Very Strong	AA	F1+
		AA-	
		A+	
	Strong	А	F1
		A-	
		BBB+	F2
	Adequate	BBB	
		BBB-	F3
Speculative		BB+	
Grade	Speculative	BB	
		BB-	
		B+	В
	Very Speculative	В	
		В-	
		CCC+	
		CCC	
	Vulnerable	CCC-	С
		CC	
		С	
	Defaulting	D	D

Appendix 2

Long-term loans repaid and short-term loans outstanding 31 March 2021

	Amount £000s	Rate %	Date repaid
Repayments on maturity			
PWLB (474647)	4,613	8.50	10 Aug 20
PWLB (475155)	6,458	8.625	15 Feb 21
Repayments on annuity loans			
PWLB (496956)	369	4.58	29 Sep 20
PWLB (496956)	377	4.58	29 Mar 21
Total	11,817		

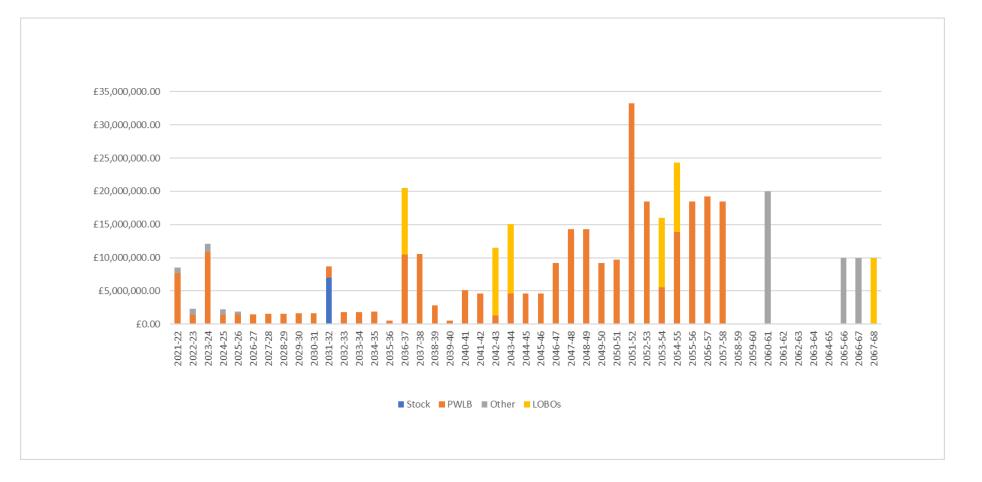
Long-term loans repaid during 2020-21

Short-term loans outstanding 31 March 2021

	Amount £000s	Rate %	Length (days)
Temporary borrowing from the Money Market			
West Yorkshire Combined Authority	5,000	0.10	182
London Borough of Islington	5,000	0.10	141
London Borough of Islington	5,000	0.10	120
London Borough of Islington	5,000	0.10	114
Wealden District Council	5,000	0.10	115
Northern Ireland Housing Executive	5,000	0.10	123
North of Tyne Combined Authority	5,000	0.07	90
Crawley Borough Council	5,000	0.08	112
Local lenders/Trust Funds	1,476		
Total Temporary borrowing	41,476		
Long-term loans due to mature in the	8,549		
next twelve months			
Total	50,025		

Kirklees Council Loan Maturity Profile (All Debt)

Appendix 3



Appendix 4

Kirklees Council - Borrowing and Investment Trends

At 31 March	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Investments	37.1m	52.0m	39.1m	36.1m	31.3m	38.3m
ST Borrowing (excl interest accrued)	50.0m	53.2m	11.8m	20.8m	37.7m	16.0m
LT Borrowing	375.8m	373.7m	384.1m	392.4m	400.5m	408.4m
Total Borrowing	425.8m	426.9m	395.9m	413.2m	438.2m	424.4m
Deferred liabilities (non PFI)	3.6m	3.7m	3.9m	4.1m	4.1m	4.3m
Net debt position	392.3m	378.6m	360.7m	381.2m	411.0m	390.4m
Capital Financing Requirement (excl PFI)						
General Fund	500.1	461.6m	436.6m	420.3m	412.8m	411.3m
HRA	170.3	175.3m	175.3m	182.8m	186.2m	192.4m
Total CFR	670.4	636.9m	611.9m	603.1m	599.0m	603.7m
Balances "internally invested"	240.9m	206.1m	212.1m	185.8m	156.7m	175.0m
Ave Kirklees' investment rate for financial year	0.1%	0.7%	0.7%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%
Ave Base rate (Bank of England)	0.1%	0.7%	0.7%	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%
Ave LT Borrowing rate (1)	2.3%	2.4%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	3.2%

(1) Based on average PWLB rate throughout the year on a 25 to 30 year loan (less 0.2% PWLB certainty rate) repayable on maturity

APPENDIX 5

Treasury Management Prudential Indicators

Interest Rate Exposures

While fixed rate borrowing can contribute significantly to reducing the uncertainty surrounding future interest rate scenarios, the pursuit of optimum performance justifies retaining a degree of flexibility through the use of variable interest rates on at least part of the treasury management portfolio. The Prudential Code requires the setting of upper limits for both variable rate and fixed interest rate exposure:

	Limit Set	Actual
	2020-21	2020-21
Interest at fixed rates as a percentage of net interest payments	60% - 100%	84%
Interest at variable rates as a percentage of net interest payments	0% - 40%	16%

The interest payments were within the limits set.

Maturity Structure of Borrowing

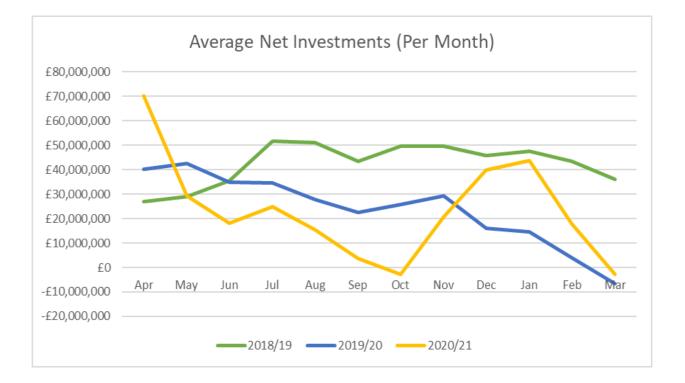
This indicator is designed to prevent the Council having large concentrations of fixed rate debt needing to be replaced at times of uncertainty over interest rates.

Amount of projected borrowing that is fixed rate		Actual Levels
maturing in each period as a percentage of total	Limit Set	2020-21
projected borrowing that is fixed rate	2020-21	
Under 12 months	0% - 20%	3%
12 months to 2 years	0% - 20%	1%
2 years to 5 years	0% - 60%	5%
5 years to 10 years	0% - 80%	2%
More than 10 years	20% - 100%	89%

The limits on the proportion of fixed rate debt were adhered to.

<u>Total principal sums invested for periods longer than 364 days</u> The Council has not invested any sums longer than 364 days.

APPENDIX 6





Name of meeting: Council

Date: 8th September 2021

Title of report: Committee System Proposal

Purpose of report: Corporate Governance and Audit to determine next steps on the governance model proposed

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Νο
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's</u> Forward Plan (key decisions and private reports)?	Νο
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	Νο
Date signed off by <u>Strategic Director</u> & name	Rachel Spencer Henshall – 31.8.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance?	Not applicable
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning?	Julie Muscroft – 31.8.21
Cabinet member portfolio	Cllr Paul Davies

Electoral wards affected: All

Ward councillors consulted: No

Public or private: Public

Has GDPR been considered? No GDPR implications

1. Summary

Council is asked to recommend Corporate Governance and Audit committee determine the next steps of the proposal for a committee system arrangement that Council has requested the authority undertake. The committee has a clearly defined and important role in ensuring the adequacy of the Corporate Governance arrangements and monitoring and reviewing the operation of the Council's constitution and so it is felt it is appropriate that it has oversight of the significant work required.

The report highlights some of the key issues the committee will need to address.

2. Information required to take a decision

A motion was received at Annual Council on 19th May 2021 which requested, Corporate Governance and Audit committee consider a report that would enable the council to make an "in principle" decision to move from the strong leader and cabinet system to a committee system. The motion is attached at **Appendix A.**

Exploring and considering different avenues of governance is an extremely large piece of work in a complex area and it was not possible to complete over the summer period. Officers have been doing work in the background to understand the planning and research that is required including consideration of the Local Government Association guidance, as well as considering the approach other local authorities have undertaken.

As such it was felt it was appropriate to bring this back to Council as there can only be an evaluation of the respective merits of differing models of governance arrangements, once there has been a thorough assessment of:

• the key attributes of an effective governance structure (which will inform the committee's final recommendations as to which governance model would best meet such key attributes); and

• the factors driving the proposal for change.

Once there is a full understanding of these matters a governance system be designed and evaluated. In addition, this approach can help identify areas that would not be addressed by a change of governance system and enable other action to be taken by the Council.

The Local Government Association guidance has helpfully set out key issues that will require further exploration when rethinking governance and these are set out below:

- Planning: what is the purpose of the work, how will you ensure the views of all interested parties are heard and how will you meet the democratic expectations of local residents?
- Assessment: how do you involve all members in policy development and integrate the public voice? What decisions are delegated to offices and how do you improve forward planning?
- Design: develop some principles for what an improved system might look like: member/officer relations, information sharing, councillors' role in performance/financial management.
- Consider how you will get there. What changes in culture and structure will be necessary? What are the structural options available?
- Weigh up a formal change. Is there a clear rationale for a governance change?

There will be a significant amount of work required when rethinking governance models. Members have a key and central role in leading this process and being actively involved and taking an agile approach in managing, exploring and examining the key issues set out above by the Local Government Association.

It is proposed Corporate, Governance and Audit committee (CGA) will have responsibility for overseeing this important and complex area of work in relation to the motion and setting out a timetable to progress the proposal at a future CGA meeting.

3. Implications for the Council

3.1 Working with People

The Council's capacity to work effectively and to deliver all aspects of its corporate outcomes is underpinned by ensuring that it takes informed and transparent decisions with openness and accountability. The Council's choice of governance arrangements is fundamental to this. The decision-making structure of the Council should provide a framework of transparent accountability to users, stakeholders, and the wider community.

3.2 Working with Partners

No implications

3.3 Place Based Working

No implications

3.4 Climate Change and Air Quality

No implications

3.5 Improving outcomes for children

No implications

3.6 Other (e.g. Legal/Financial or Human Resources) Consultees and their opinions

There are likely to be resource implications to the review due to the scope of reviewing governance models, complexity and timeframe involved. It may be necessary to instruct external support such as an expert advisor or additional legal support. The committee may recommend actions that have a financial implication, including an impact on the Members' Allowances Scheme, and these should be contained within the committee's findings.

A review of governance arrangements will need to ensure that the recommendations are in accordance with the Localism Act 2011 and other relevant legislation, particularly the Local Government Acts and the timeframes included therein.

Next steps and timelines

Subject to approval the Corporate, Governance and Audit Committee will have responsibility to decide next steps and set out the timetable for the work required.

4. Officer recommendations and reasons

That Corporate Governance and Audit committee determine the next steps in accordance with the Local Governance Association's key issues as set out at paragraph 2.

5. Cabinet Portfolio Holder's recommendations

Not applicable

6. Contact officer

Samantha Lawton, Head of Governance

7. Background Papers and History of Decisions

Not applicable

8. Service Director responsible

Julie Muscroft, Legal, Governance and Commissioning

Joint Party Motion to Annual Council – 19 May 2021

Under Council Procedure rules 15 and 14(3) we ask the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee to consider a report that would enable the council to make a decision on whether to move from the strong leader and cabinet system to a committee system.

The report needs to contain sufficient detail and be completed within appropriate timescales to meet the requirements in Local Government Act 2000, so that the Council can make the decision to return to a Committee System from the Council's AGM in May 2022. It should contain options for what a new committee system should look like and the risks and benefits of each model as well as the timescale and steps for making such a change.

In any event the report should be completed so that it can be debated at the Council meeting on the 8th September 2021.

The intent of the request to return to a committee system is to: increase councillor participation in council decisions; increase the transparency of decision making and improve the quality of decisions made in Kirklees.

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